Java StampedLock: Example Application



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Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Understand the structure, functionality of the Java StampedLock class
- Know the key methods in Java StampedLock
- Recognize how to apply Java StampedLock in practice

```
class Point { ...
  void moveIfAtOrigin(double newX, double newY) {
    long stamp = sl.readLock();
    try
      while (x == 0.0 \&\& y == 0.0) {
        long ws = sl.tryConvertToWriteLock(stamp);
        if (ws != 0L) {
          stamp = ws;
          x = newX; y = newY;
          break;
        } else {
          sl.unlockRead(stamp);
          stamp = sl.writeLock();
```

```
class Point {
  private double x;
  private double y;

  private final StampedLock sl =
    new StampedLock();
    ...
```

```
class Point {
    private double x;
    private double y;

private final StampedLock sl =
    new StampedLock();
...
```

```
class Point {
             This method atomically moves
             a point to a new location
  void move(double deltaX,
             double deltaY) {
    long stamp = sl.writeLock();
      try {
        x += deltaX;
        y += deltaY;
      } finally {
        sl.unlockWrite(stamp);
```



```
class Point {
  void move(double deltaX,
             double deltaY) {
    long stamp = sl.writeLock();
      try {
                             Acquire a write lock
        x += deltaX;
        y += deltaY;
      } finally {
        sl.unlockWrite(stamp);
```

```
class Point {
  void move(double deltaX,
            double deltaY) {
    long stamp = sl.writeLock();
      try {
        x += deltaX;
                       Modify the state
        y += deltaY;
      } finally {
        sl.unlockWrite(stamp);
```

```
class Point {
  void move(double deltaX,
             double deltaY) {
    long stamp = sl.writeLock();
      try {
        x += deltaX;
        y += deltaY;
      } finally {
        sl.unlockWrite(stamp);
                    Release the write lock
```

```
class Point {
                      A read-only method
  double distanceFromOrigin() {
    long stamp = sl.tryOptimisticRead();
    double currX = x, currY = y;
    if (!sl.validate(stamp)) {
                                                Half-
        stamp = sl.readLock();
                                                Full
        try {
          currX = x; currY = y;
        } finally
        { sl.unlockRead(stamp); }
     return Math.sqrt (currX * currX + currY * currY);
```

```
class Point {
                                       Attempt to get an
                                       "observation" stamp
  double distanceFromOrigin()
    long stamp = sl.tryOptimisticRead();
    double currX = x, currY = y;
    if (!sl.validate(stamp)) {
        stamp = sl.readLock();
        try {
          currX = x; currY = y;
        } finally
        { sl.unlockRead(stamp); }
     return Math.sqrt (currX * currX + currY * currY);
```

Performing a optimistic read with a StampedLock

```
class Point {
  double distanceFromOrigin() {
    long stamp = sl.tryOptimisticRead();
    double currX = x, currY = y;
    if (!sl.validate(stamp)) {
                                    _ "Optimistically" read
        stamp = sl.readLock();
                                     state into local variables
        try {
          currX = x; currY = y;
        } finally
        { sl.unlockRead(stamp); }
     return Math.sqrt (currX * currX + currY * currY);
```

Code using optimistic reading mode typically copies the values of fields & holds them in local variables for use after they are validated

```
class Point {
  double distanceFromOrigin() {
    long stamp = sl.tryOptimisticRead();
    double currX = x, currY = y;
    if (!sl.validate(stamp)) {
        stamp = sl.readLock();
                                   Check if another thread acquired
        try {
                                   the lock for writing after earlier
           currX = x; currY = y;
                                   call to tryOptimisticRead()
         } finally
         { sl.unlockRead(stamp); }
     return Math.sqrt (currX * currX + currY * currY);
```

```
class Point {
  double distanceFromOrigin() {
    long stamp = sl.tryOptimisticRead();
    double currX = x, currY = y;
    if (!sl.validate(stamp)) {
                                      If write lock occurred then
        stamp = sl.readLock();  acquire a read lock (blocking)
                                      as long as the write lock is
        try {
                                      held by another thread)
           currX = x; currY = y;
         } finally
         { sl.unlockRead(stamp); }
     return Math.sqrt (currX * currX + currY * currY);
```

```
class Point {
  double distanceFromOrigin() {
    long stamp = sl.tryOptimisticRead();
    double currX = x, currY = y;
    if (!sl.validate(stamp)) {
        stamp = sl.readLock();
        try {
           currX = x; currY = y;
Make copies of x & y
via "possimistic"
                                        via "pessimistic" reads
         } finally
         { sl.unlockRead(stamp); }
     return Math.sqrt (currX * currX + currY * currY);
```

```
class Point {
  double distanceFromOrigin() {
    long stamp = sl.tryOptimisticRead();
    double currX = x, currY = y;
    if (!sl.validate(stamp)) {
        stamp = sl.readLock();
        try {
          currX = x; currY = y;
                                  Release read lock
        } finally
        { sl.unlockRead(stamp); }
     return Math.sqrt (currX * currX + currY * currY);
```

```
class Point {
  double distanceFromOrigin() {
    long stamp = sl.tryOptimisticRead();
    double currX = x, currY = y;
    if (!sl.validate(stamp)) {
        stamp = sl.readLock();
        try {
          currX = x; currY = y;
        } finally
        { sl.unlockRead(stamp); }
     No lock to release if validate() succeeded
     return Math.sqrt (currX * currX + currY * currY);
```

```
class Point {
  double distanceFromOrigin() {
    long stamp = sl.tryOptimisticRead();
    double currX = x, currY = y;
    if (!sl.validate(stamp)) {
        stamp = sl.readLock();
        try {
          currX = x; currY = y;
        } finally
                                          Do computation with
        { sl.unlockRead(stamp); }
                                         the copied values
     return Math.sqrt (currX * currX + currY * currY);
```

```
class Point {
                     Move a point only if it's current at the origin
  void moveIfAtOrigin(double newX, double newY) {
    long stamp = sl.readLock();
    try {
      while (x == 0.0 \&\& y == 0.0) {
        long ws = sl.tryConvertToWriteLock(stamp);
        if (ws != 0L) {
          stamp = ws;
          x = newX; y = newY;
          break;
        } else {
          sl.unlockRead(stamp);
          stamp = sl.writeLock();
```

```
class Point {
  void moveIfAtOrigin(double newX, double newY) {
    long stamp = sl.readLock();  Acquire a read lock
    try
      while (x == 0.0 \&\& y == 0.0) {
        long ws = sl.tryConvertToWriteLock(stamp);
        if (ws != 0L) {
          stamp = ws;
          x = newX; y = newY;
          break;
        } else {
          sl.unlockRead(stamp);
          stamp = sl.writeLock();
```

Performing a conditional write with a StampedLock

```
class Point {
  void moveIfAtOrigin(double newX, double newY) {
    long stamp = sl.readLock();
                                          Check whether x &
    try
      while (x == 0.0 \&\& y == 0.0)
        long ws = sl.tryConvertToWriteLock(stamp);
        if (ws != 0L) {
          stamp = ws;
          x = newX; y = newY;
          break;
        } else {
          sl.unlockRead(stamp);
          stamp = sl.writeLock();
```

This loop only executes at most twice!

Performing a conditional write with a StampedLock

```
class Point {
  void moveIfAtOrigin(double newX, double newY) {
    long stamp = sl.readLock();
                                            Try to upgrade
    try
                                            to a write lock
      while (x == 0.0 \&\& y == 0.0) {
                                            w/out blocking
        long ws = sl.tryConvertToWriteLock(stamp);
        if (ws != 0L) {
          stamp = ws;
          x = newX; y = newY;
          break;
        } else {
          sl.unlockRead(stamp);
          stamp = sl.writeLock();
```

tryConvertToWriteLock() atomically releases the read lock & acquires the write lock if there are no other readers

```
class Point {
 void moveIfAtOrigin(double newX, double newY) {
   long stamp = sl.readLock();
   try
     while (x == 0.0 \&\& y == 0.0) {
       long ws = sl.tryConvertToWriteLock(stamp);
      stamp = ws;
        x = newX; y = newY;
        break;
       } else {
        sl.unlockRead(stamp);
        stamp = sl.writeLock();
```

```
class Point {
  void moveIfAtOrigin(double newX, double newY) {
    long stamp = sl.readLock();
    try
      while (x == 0.0 \&\& y == 0.0) {
        long ws = sl.tryConvertToWriteLock(stamp);
        if (ws != 0L) {
           stamp = ws;
          x = newX; y = newY; Update stamp & modify Point's state
          break;
         } else {
           sl.unlockRead(stamp);
           stamp = sl.writeLock();
```

```
class Point {
  void moveIfAtOrigin(double newX, double newY) {
    long stamp = sl.readLock();
    try
      while (x == 0.0 \&\& y == 0.0) {
        long ws = sl.tryConvertToWriteLock(stamp);
        if (ws != 0L) {
          stamp = ws;
          x = newX; y = newY;
          break; Exit the loop
        } else {
          sl.unlockRead(stamp);
          stamp = sl.writeLock();
```

```
class Point {
  void moveIfAtOrigin(double newX, double newY) {
    long stamp = sl.readLock();
    try
      while (x == 0.0 \&\& y == 0.0) {
        long ws = sl.tryConvertToWriteLock(stamp);
        if (ws != 0L) {
           stamp = ws;
                                  Upgrade failed, so release the
           x = newX; y = newY;
                                  read lock & block until the write
          break;
                                  lock acquired exclusively
         } else {
           sl.unlockRead(stamp);
           stamp = sl.writeLock();
```

```
class Point {
  void moveIfAtOrigin(double newX, double newY) {
    long stamp = sl.readLock();
    try
      while (x == 0.0 \&\& y == 0.0) {}
        long ws = sl.tryConvertToWritelock(stamp);
        if (ws != 0L) {
                                Must retest loop condition since x &
           stamp = ws;
                              y field values may change between
          x = newX; y = newY; unlockRead() & writeLock()!
          break;
        } else {
           sl.unlockRead(stamp);
           stamp = sl.writeLock();
```

```
class Point {
  void moveIfAtOrigin(double newX, double newY) {
    long stamp = sl.readLock();
    try
      while (x == 0.0 \&\& y == 0.0) {
        long ws = sl.tryConvertToWriteLock(stamp);
        if (ws != 0L) {
                                     This conversion will always
           stamp = ws;
                                     succeed since stamp is now
          x = newX; y = newY;
                                     a write lock
          break;
        } else {
           sl.unlockRead(stamp);
           stamp = sl.writeLock();
```

```
class Point {
  void moveIfAtOrigin(double newX, double newY) {
    long stamp = sl.readLock();
    try {
      while (x == 0.0 \&\& y == 0.0) {
          stamp = ws;
          stamp = sl.writeLock();
    } finally { sl.unlock(stamp); }
                            Release the
                            appropriate lock
```

End of Java Stamped Lock: Example Application