### Introduction to Java "Happens-Before" Relationships



Douglas C. Schmidt

<u>d.schmidt@vanderbilt.edu</u>

www.dre.vanderbilt.edu/~schmidt

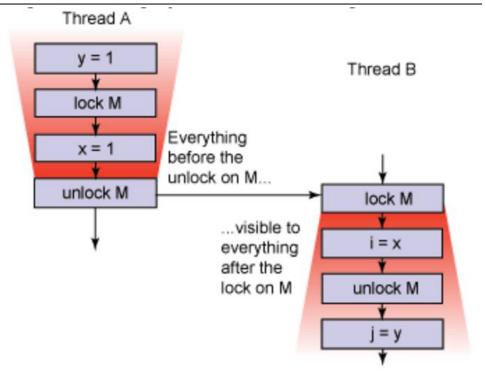
Institute for Software Integrated Systems Vanderbilt University Nashville, Tennessee, USA



#### Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

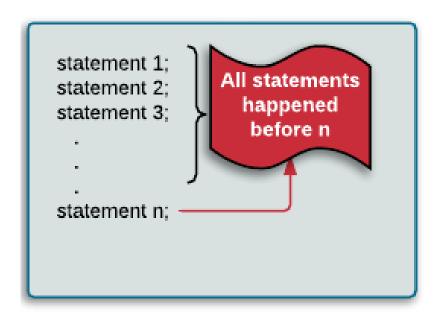
 Understand what "happens-before" relationships mean in Java





Grokking these relationships is essential to mastering concurrent programming

 Each action in a single thread "happensbefore" every action in that thread that occurs later in the program order





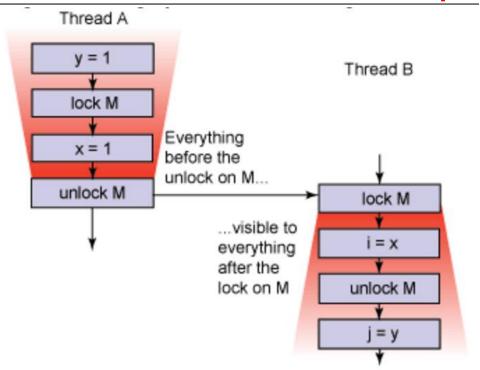
See earlier lesson on "Java Volatile Variables"

• In a multi-threaded program, however, actions in different threads can occur in different orders, which can cause problems without proper synchronization



See <a href="mailto:en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thread\_safety">en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thread\_safety</a>

 A "happens-before" relationship is a guarantee by a computing system that if one action "happens before" another action, the results must reflect that ordering



See en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Happened-before

 A "happens-before" relationship is a guarantee by a computing system that if one action "happens before" another action, the results must reflect that ordering



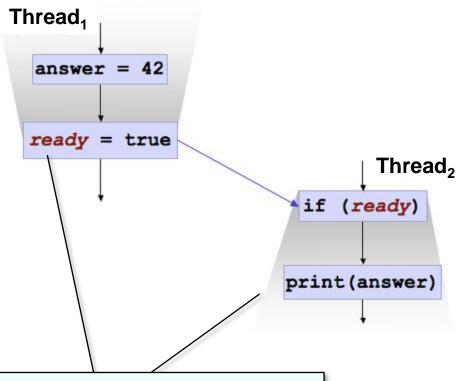
There's a need for programs to properly "signal" the order in which certain actions need to occur

- A "happens-before" relationship is a guarantee by a computing system that if one action "happens before" another action, the results must reflect that ordering
  - Even if those actions actually execute out of order to optimize program flow & performance



See <a href="mailto:en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Memory\_ordering">en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Memory\_ordering</a> & <a href="mailto:en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Out-of-order\_execution">en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Out-of-order\_execution</a>

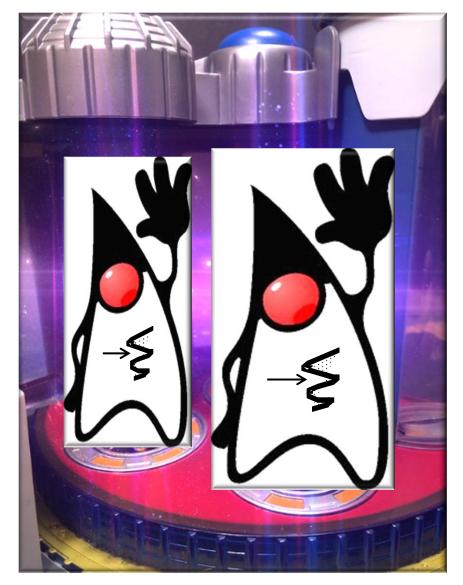
 A "happens-before" relationship in Java is a guarantee by the execution environment that an action performed by one thread is visible to another action in a different thread



With proper use of synchronization Thread<sub>1</sub> will complete its writes to answer & ready before Thread<sub>2</sub> starts its reads of ready & answer

See <a href="https://www.logicbig.com/tutorials/core-java-tutorial/java-multi-threading/happens-before.html">www.logicbig.com/tutorials/core-java-tutorial/java-multi-threading/happens-before.html</a>

- A "happens-before" relationship in Java is a guarantee by the execution environment that an action performed by one thread is visible to another action in a different thread
  - Java atomic operations, variables,
     & classes enforce "happens-before" relationships on single entities

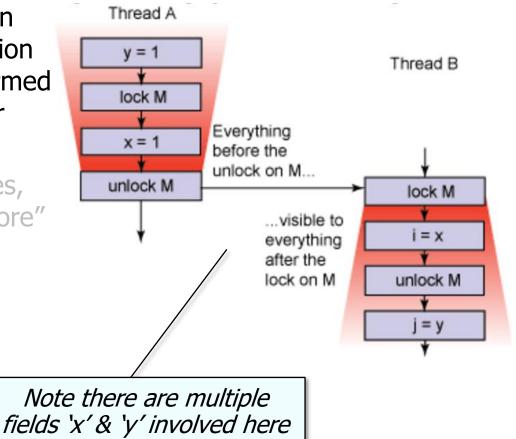


See earlier lessons on "Atomic Operations, Variables, & Classes"

 A "happens-before" relationship in Java is a guarantee by the execution environment that an action performed e.g., writes & reads of volatile by one thread is visible to another fields bypass local caches & action in a different thread go directly to main memory Java atomic operations, variables, & classes enforce "happens-before" relationships on single entities Thread A Thread B statement x; Shared statement y; volatile statement writeVariable: statement readVariable; variable Write volatile variable happened before read statements

See earlier lesson on "Java Volatile Variables"

- A "happens-before" relationship in Java is a guarantee by the execution environment that an action performed by one thread is visible to another action in a different thread
  - Java atomic operations, variables,
     & classes enforce "happens-before" relationships on single entities
  - Our focus here is on "happensbefore" relationships involving objects with multiple fields



- A "happens-before" relationship in Java is a guarantee by the execution environment that an action performed by one thread is visible to another action in a different thread
  - Java atomic operations, variables,
     & classes enforce "happens-before" relationships on single entities
  - Our focus here is on "happensbefore" relationships involving objects with multiple fields



These relationships often require more elaborate synchronization mechanisms

# End of Introduction to Java "Happens-Before" Relationships