

Key Methods in the Java Recursive Action & RecursiveTask Subclasses

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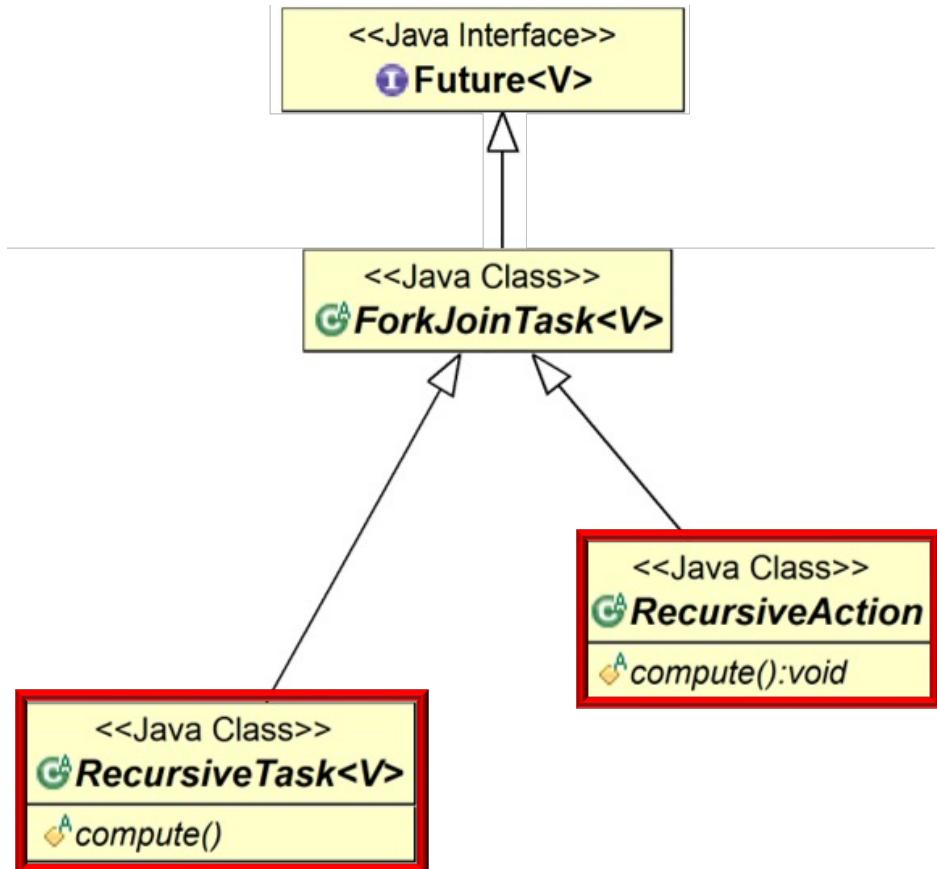
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Integrated Systems**

**Vanderbilt University
Nashville, Tennessee, USA**



Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

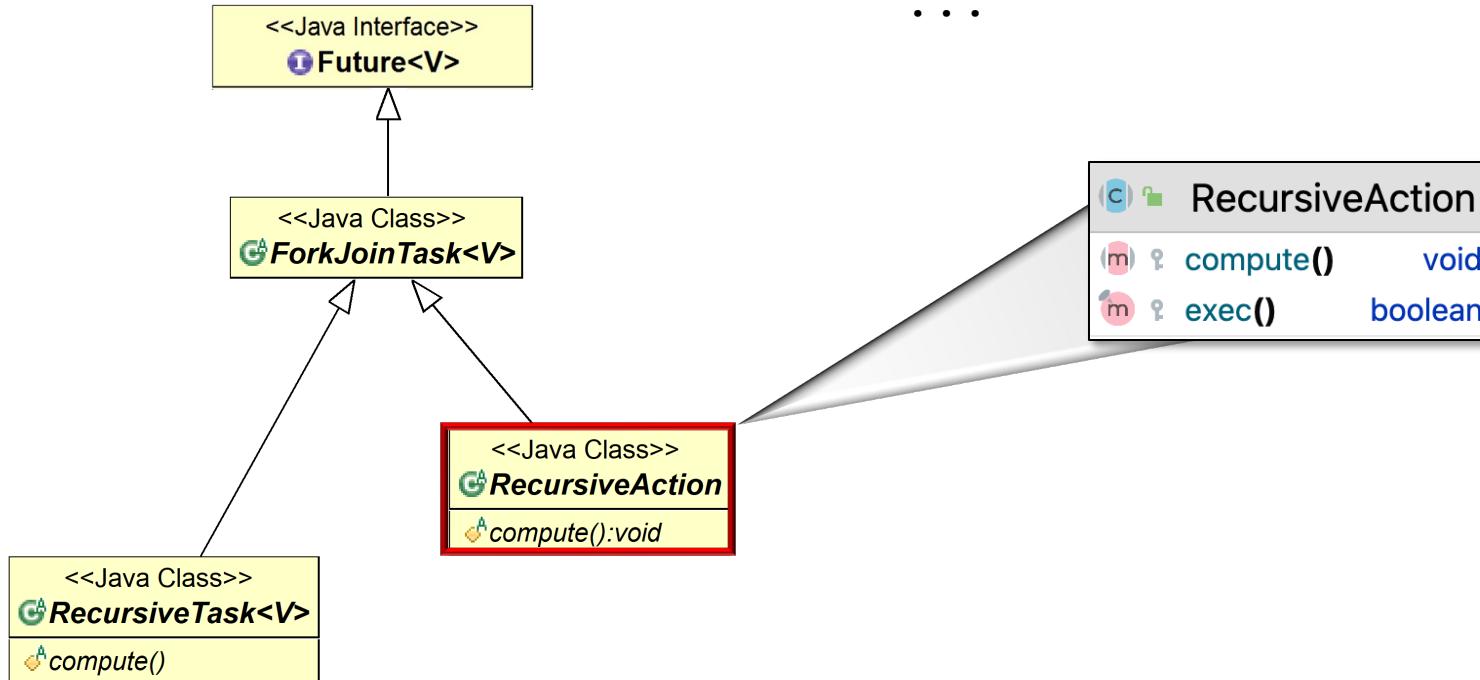
- Recognize the key methods in the ForkJoinPool class
- Recognize the key methods in the ForkJoinTask class
- Recognize the key methods in the RecursiveAction & RecursiveTask classes



Key Methods in the Java RecursiveAction

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- RecursiveAction extends ForkJoinTask & does not return a result



Key Methods in Java RecursiveAction

- `RecursiveAction` extends `ForkJoinTask` & does not return a result
 - Subclasses override `compute()` to perform task's main computation

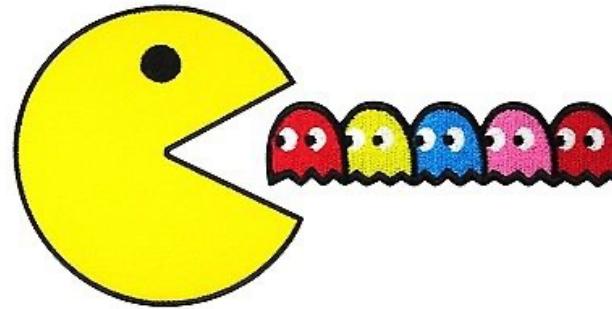
```
abstract class RecursiveAction  
extends ForkJoinTask<Void> {  
protected abstract Void  
    compute();  
...}
```



Key Methods in Java RecursiveAction

- `RecursiveAction` extends `ForkJoinTask` & does not return a result
 - Subclasses override `compute()` to perform task's main computation
 - If data size is below a certain threshold perform work directly

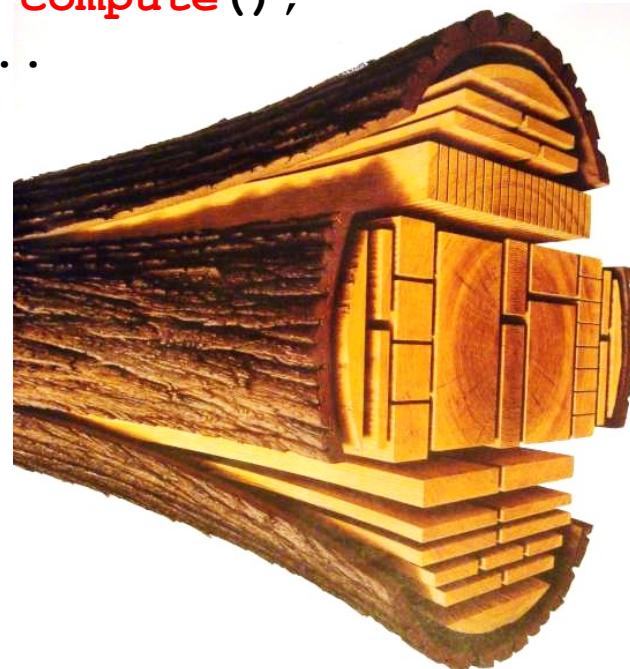
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abstract class RecursiveAction  
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}
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 - If data size is large, split work into smaller sub-tasks that are `fork()`'d to run in parallel

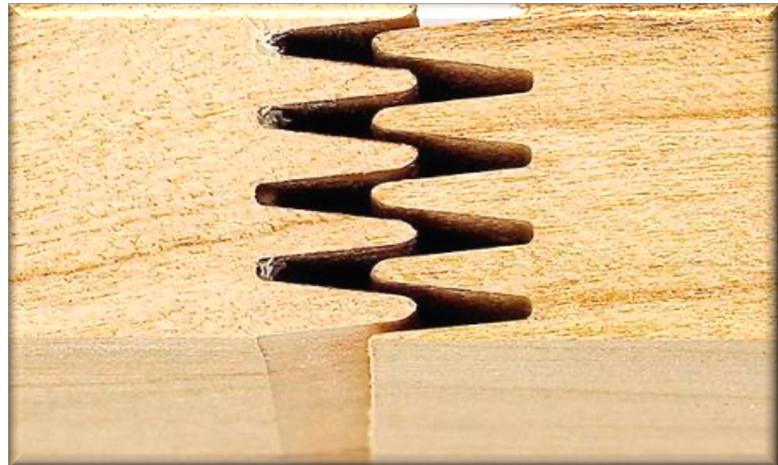
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Key Methods in Java RecursiveAction

- `RecursiveAction` extends `ForkJoinTask` & does not return a result
 - Subclasses override `compute()` to perform task's main computation
 - If data size is below a certain threshold perform work directly
 - If data size is large, split work into smaller sub-tasks that are `fork()`'d to run in parallel
 - These smaller sub-tasks are `join()`'d, but a result is not returned directly
 - e.g., results may be stored in a collection, such as a `List`, or an array

```
abstract class RecursiveAction  
extends ForkJoinTask<Void> {  
protected abstract Void  
    compute();  
...  
}
```



Key Methods in Java RecursiveAction

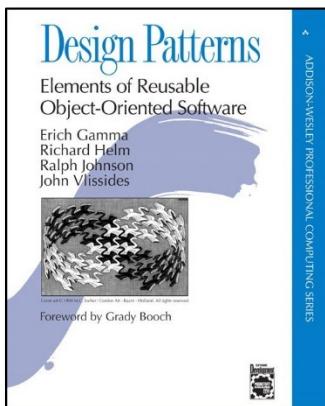
- `RecursiveAction` extends `ForkJoinTask` & does not return a result
 - Subclasses override `compute()` to perform task's main computation
 - The fork-join framework calls `exec()` to execute the task

```
abstract class RecursiveAction  
    extends ForkJoinTask<Void> {  
    protected abstract Void  
        compute();  
  
    protected final boolean exec()  
        compute();  
        return true;  
    }  
    ...
```

exec() is an abstract method in ForkJoinTask that's overridden in RecursiveAction

Key Methods in Java RecursiveAction

- `RecursiveAction` extends `ForkJoinTask` & does not return a result
 - Subclasses override `compute()` to perform task's main computation
 - The fork-join framework calls `exec()` to execute the task



```
abstract class RecursiveAction  
    extends ForkJoinTask<Void> {  
    protected abstract Void  
        compute();  
  
    protected final boolean exec() {  
        compute();  
        return true;  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

exec() is a template method & compute() is a hook method

See en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Template_method_pattern

Key Methods in Java RecursiveAction

- `RecursiveAction` extends `ForkJoinTask` & does not return a result
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```
abstract class RecursiveAction  
    extends ForkJoinTask<Void> {  
    protected abstract Void  
        compute();  
  
    protected final boolean exec() {  
        compute();  
        return true;  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

The result of `compute()` is not stored for subsequent access

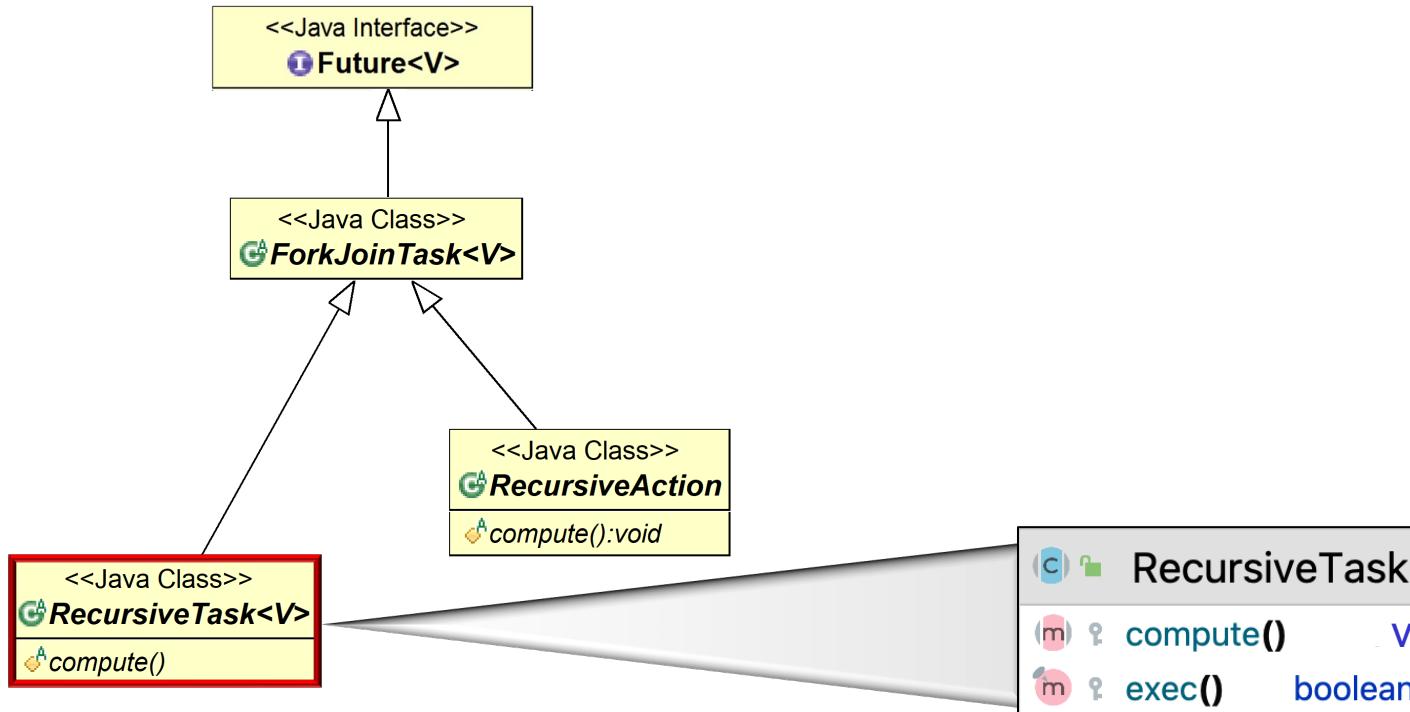
Key Methods in the Java RecursiveTask

Key Methods in Java RecursiveTask

- RecursiveTask extends ForkJoinTask to return a result

```
abstract class RecursiveTask<V>
    extends ForkJoinTask<V> {
```

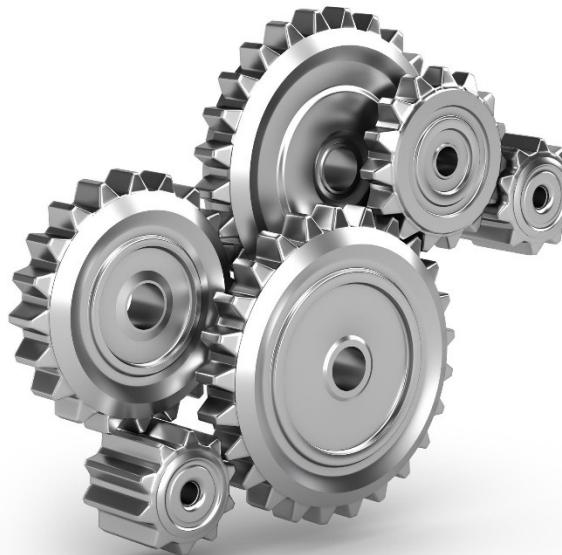
...



Key Methods in Java RecursiveTask

- `RecursiveTask` extends `ForkJoinTask` to return a result
 - Subclasses override `compute()` to perform task's main computation

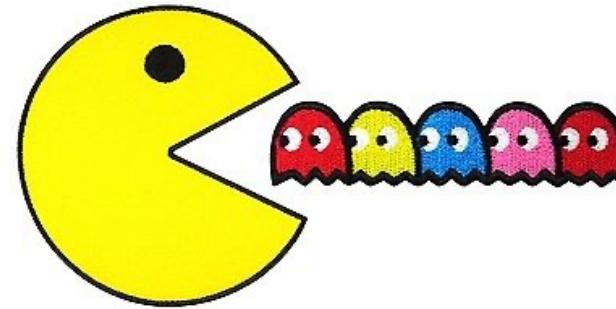
```
abstract class RecursiveTask<V>
    extends ForkJoinTask<V> {
    protected abstract V
        compute();
    ...
}
```



Key Methods in Java RecursiveTask

- RecursiveTask extends ForkJoinTask to return a result
 - Subclasses override compute() to perform task's main computation
 - If data size is below a certain threshold perform work directly

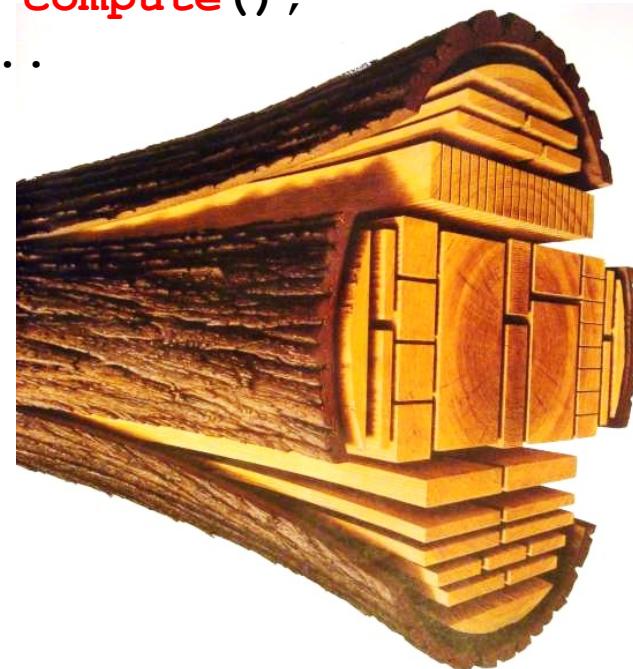
```
abstract class RecursiveTask<V>
    extends ForkJoinTask<V> {
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Key Methods in Java RecursiveTask

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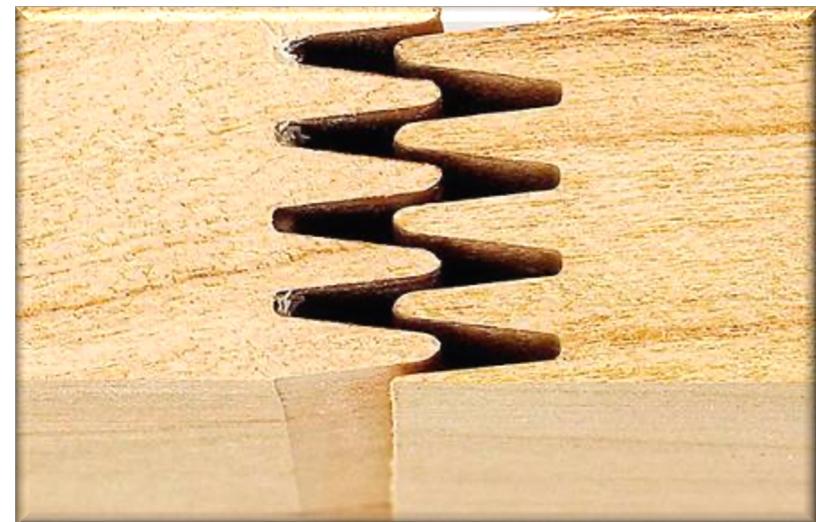
```
abstract class RecursiveTask<V>
    extends ForkJoinTask<V> {
    protected abstract V
        compute();
    ...
}
```



Key Methods in Java RecursiveTask

- `RecursiveTask` extends `ForkJoinTask` to return a result
 - Subclasses override `compute()` to perform task's main computation
 - If data size is below a certain threshold perform work directly
 - If data size is large, split work into smaller sub-tasks that are `fork()`'d to run in parallel
 - Results of these smaller sub-tasks are `join()`'d into a merged result

```
abstract class RecursiveTask<V>
    extends ForkJoinTask<V> {
    protected abstract V
        compute();
    ...
}
```



Key Methods in Java RecursiveTask

- `RecursiveTask` extends `ForkJoinTask` to return a result
 - Subclasses override `compute()` to perform task's main computation
 - The fork-join framework calls `exec()` to execute the task

```
abstract class RecursiveTask<V>
    extends ForkJoinTask<V> {
    protected abstract V
        compute();

    V result;

    protected final boolean exec() {
        result = compute();
        return true;
    }

    ...
}
```

exec() is an abstract (template) method in ForkJoinTask that's overridden in RecursiveTask

Key Methods in Java RecursiveTask

- `RecursiveTask` extends `ForkJoinTask` to return a result
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 - The fork-join framework calls `exec()` to execute the task

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abstract class RecursiveTask<V>
    extends ForkJoinTask<V> {
    protected abstract V
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    V result;

    protected final boolean exec() {
        result = compute();
        return true;
    }
    ...
}
```

The result of `compute()` is stored for subsequent access

End of Key Methods in the Java RecursiveAction & RecursiveTask Subclasses