# Java ConditionObject: Structure & Functionality



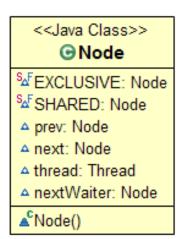
#### Douglas C. Schmidt <u>d.schmidt@vanderbilt.edu</u> www.dre.vanderbilt.edu/~schmidt

Institute for Software Integrated Systems Vanderbilt University Nashville, Tennessee, USA



## Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Understand what condition variables are
- Note a human known use of condition variables
- Know what pattern they implement
- Recognize common use cases where condition variables are applied
- Recognize the structure & functionality of Java ConditionObject



# <<Java Class>> ConditionObject ConditionObject InstWaiter: Node InstWaiter: Node InstWaiter: Node ConditionObject() ConditionObject() ConditionObject() ConditionObject() ConditionObject() Sawait():void Sawait(long,TimeUnit):boolean Signal():void Cosignal(Node):void CosignalAll():void CosignalAll():void CosignalAll(Node):void CosignalAll(Node)

< <java class="">&gt;</java>
G AbstractQueuedSynchronizer
□ state: int
head: Node
tail: Node
√setState(int):void
AbstractQueuedSynchronizer()
<pre> FcompareAndSetState(int,int):boolean </pre>
♦ tryAcquire(int):boolean
♦ tryRelease(int):boolean
♦ tryAcquireShared(int):int
♦ tryReleaseShared(int):boolean
<ul> <li>isHeldExclusively():boolean</li> </ul>
acquire(int):void
acquireInterruptibly(int):void
FtryAcquireNanos(int,long):boolean
Frelease(int):boolean
✓acquireShared(int):void
acquireSharedInterruptibly(int):void
FtryAcquireSharedNanos(int,long):boolean
FreleaseShared(int):boolean

 ConditionObject provides the condition variable abstraction

#### public class ConditionObject

implements Condition,

java.io.Serializable {

#### Class AbstractQueuedSynchronizer.ConditionObject

java.lang.Object

java.util.concurrent.locks.AbstractQueuedSynchronizer.ConditionObject

All Implemented Interfaces:

Serializable, Condition

Enclosing class:

AbstractQueuedSynchronizer

public class AbstractQueuedSynchronizer.ConditionObject extends Object implements Condition, Serializable

Condition implementation for a AbstractQueuedSynchronizer serving as the basis of a Lock implementation.

Method documentation for this class describes mechanics, not behavioral specifications from the point of view of Lock and Condition users. Exported versions of this class will in general need to be accompanied by documentation describing condition semantics that rely on those of the associated AbstractQueuedSynchronizer.

See <u>docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/concurrent/</u> <u>locks/AbstractQueuedSynchronizer.ConditionObject.html</u>

- ConditionObject provides the condition variable abstraction
   public class ConditionObject implements Condition, java.io.Serializable {
  - Implements Condition interface

#### Interface Condition

All Known Implementing Classes:

 $Abstract {\tt QueuedLongSynchronizer.ConditionObject, Abstract {\tt QueuedSynchronizer.ConditionObject}$ 

#### public interface Condition

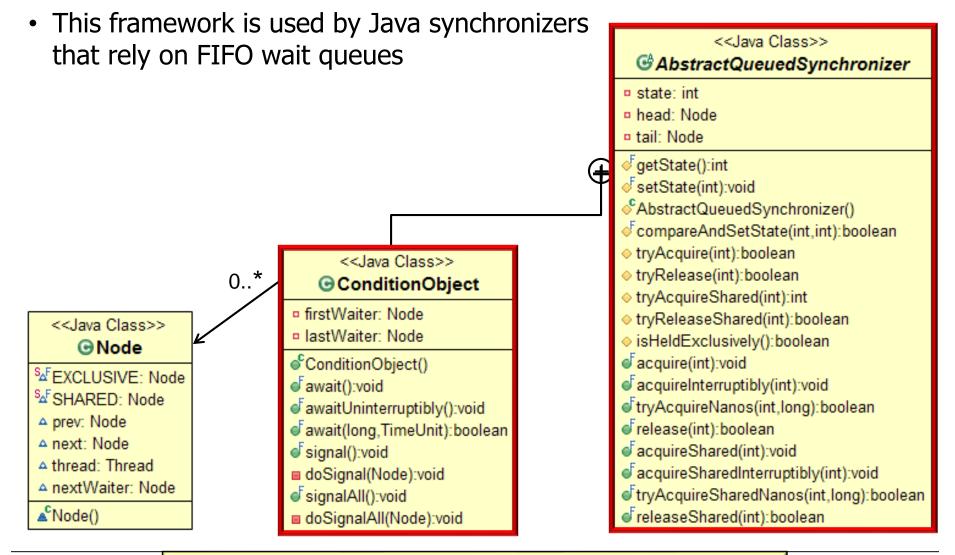
Condition factors out the Object monitor methods (wait, notify and notifyAll) into distinct objects to give the effect of having multiple wait-sets per object, by combining them with the use of arbitrary Lock implementations. Where a Lock replaces the use of synchronized methods and statements, a Condition replaces the use of the Object monitor methods.

Conditions (also known as *condition queues* or *condition variables*) provide a means for one thread to suspend execution (to "wait") until notified by another thread that some state condition may now be true. Because access to this shared state information occurs in different threads, it must be protected, so a lock of some form is associated with the condition. The key property that waiting for a condition provides is that it *atomically* releases the associated lock and suspends the current thread, just like Object.wait.

A Condition instance is intrinsically bound to a lock. To obtain a Condition instance for a particular Lock instance use its newCondition () method.

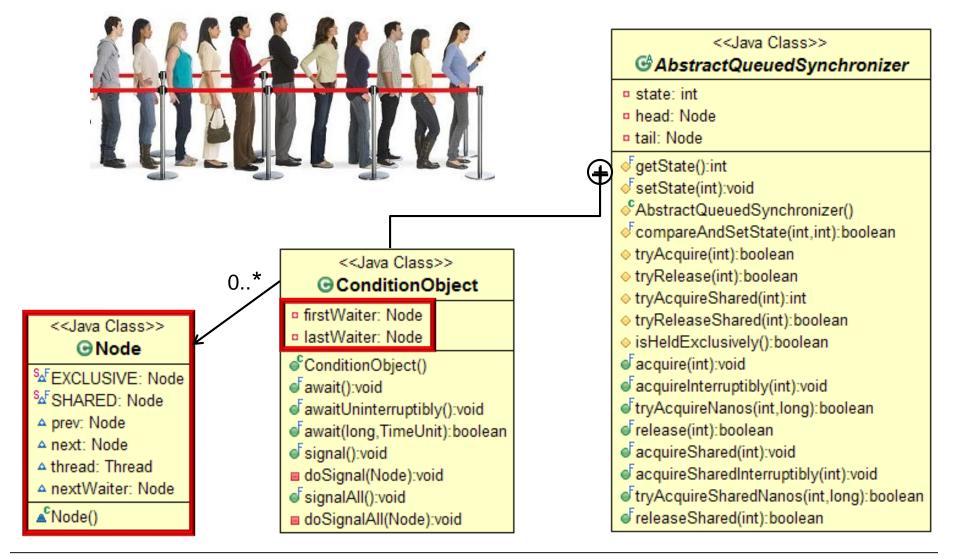
See <a href="https://docs/api/java/util/concurrent/locks/Condition.html">docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/concurrent/locks/Condition.html</a>

• ConditionObject is nested within the AbstractQueuedSynchronizer class



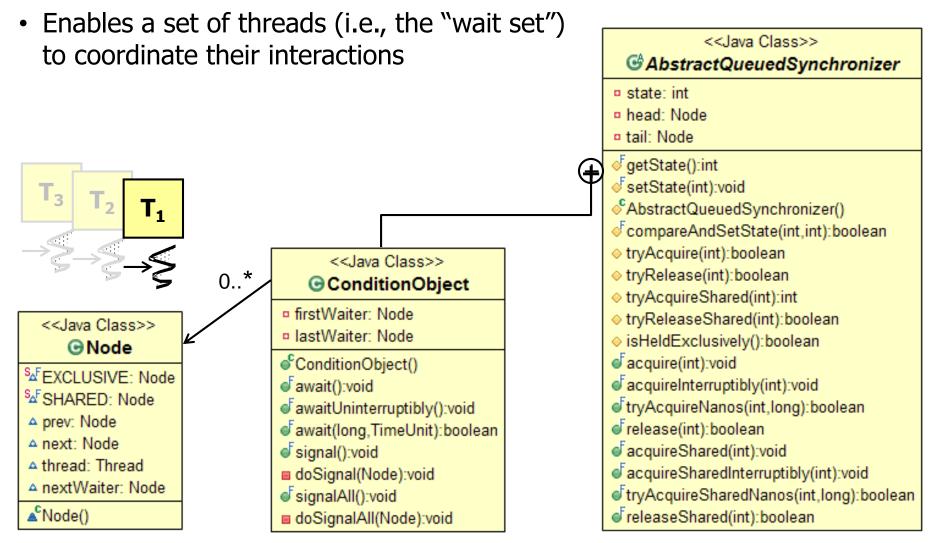
See <u>docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/</u> <u>concurrent/locks/AbstractQueuedSynchronizer.html</u>

A ConditionObject provides a "wait queue" of nodes

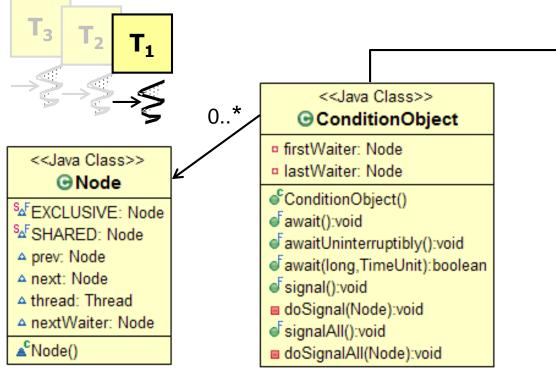


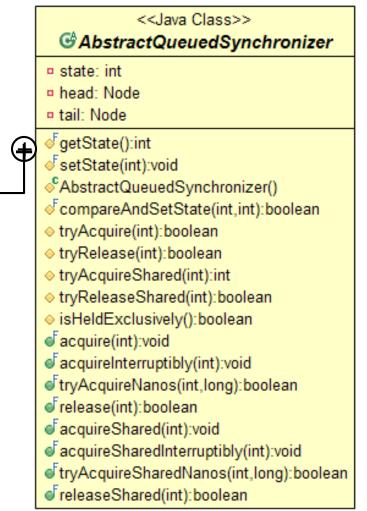
See gee.cs.oswego.edu/dl/papers/aqs.pdf

A ConditionObject provides a "wait queue" of nodes

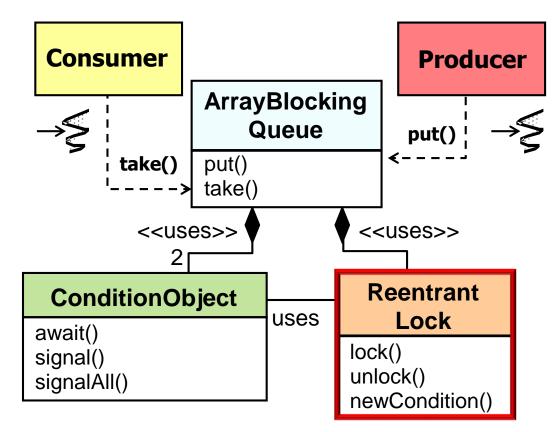


- A ConditionObject provides a "wait queue" of nodes
  - Enables a set of threads (i.e., the "wait set") to coordinate their interactions
    - e.g., by selecting the order & conditions under which they run





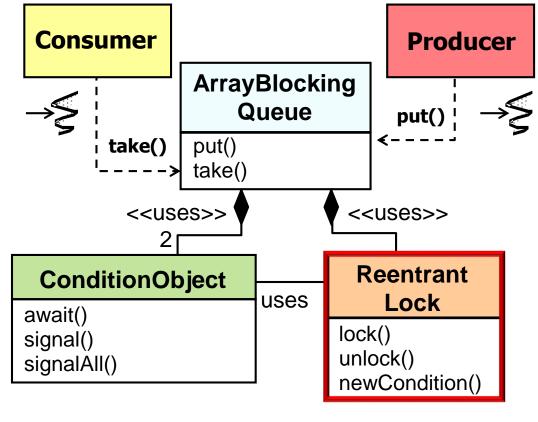
• A ConditionObject is *always* used with a lock



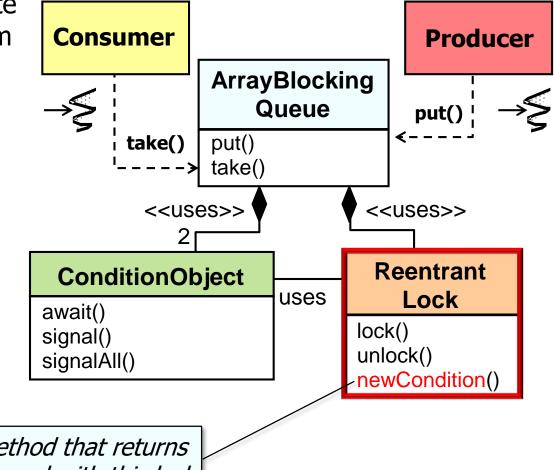
See earlier part on "Java ReentrantLock"

- A ConditionObject is *always* used with a lock
  - This lock protects shared state in a condition expression from concurrent manipulation





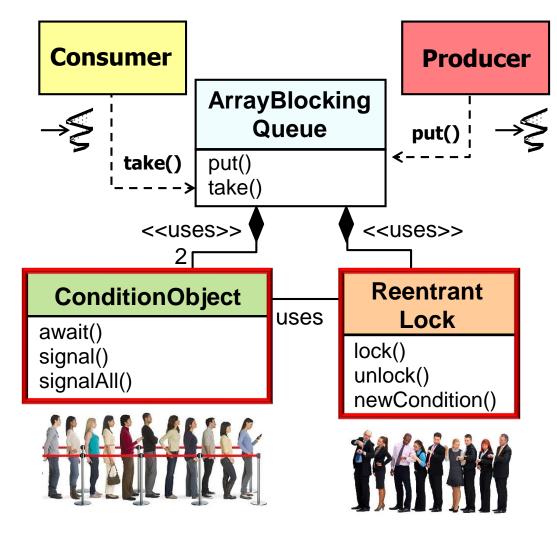
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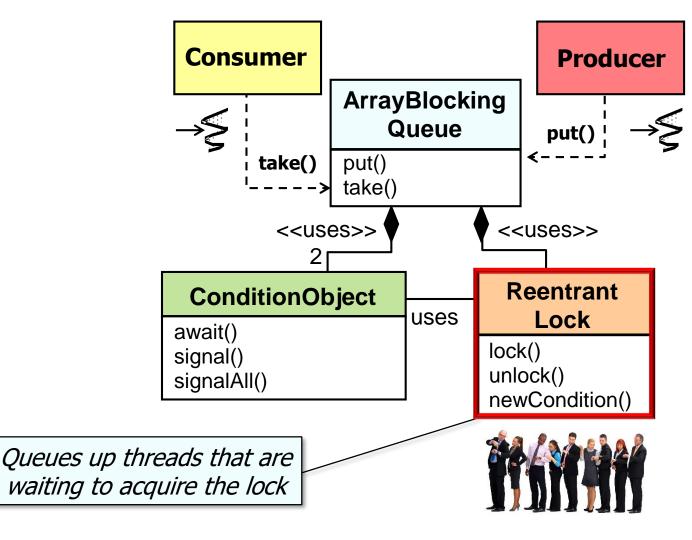
newCondition() is a factory method that returns a ConditionObject that can be used with this lock

> See <u>docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/</u> <u>concurrent/locks/ReentrantLock.html#newCondition</u>

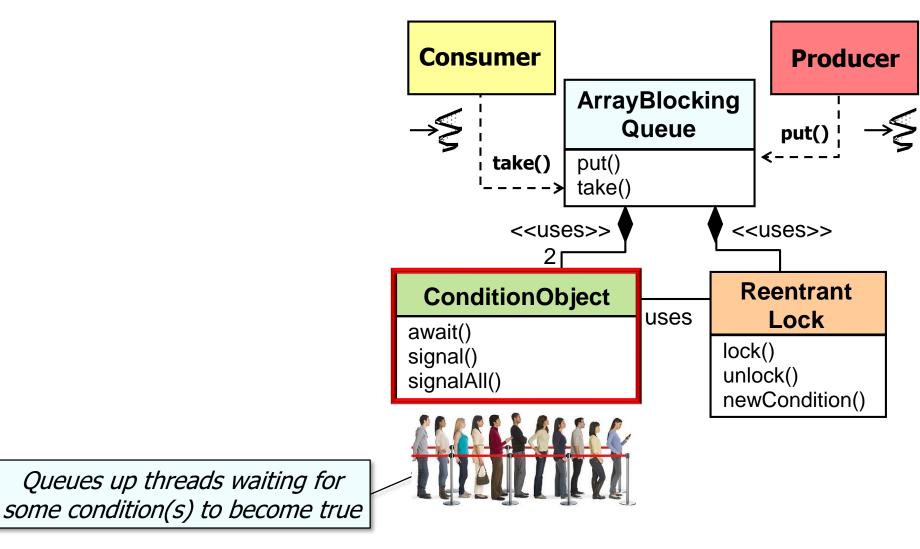
Both ReentrantLock & ConditionObject have internal queues



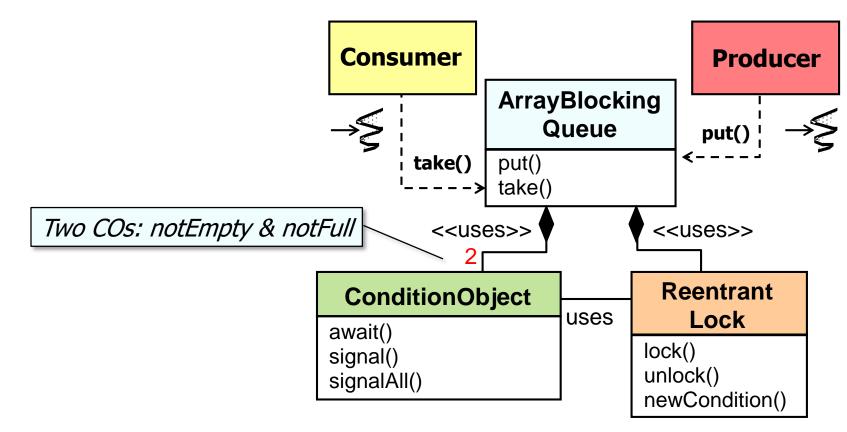
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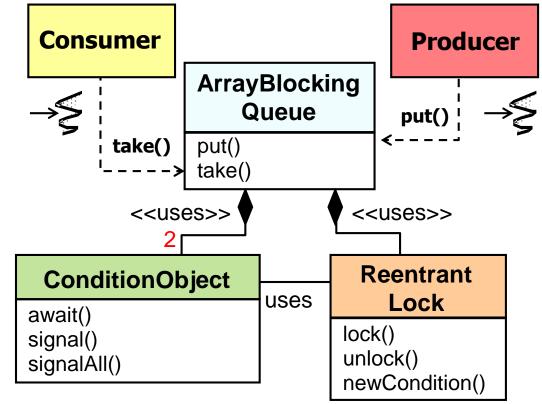
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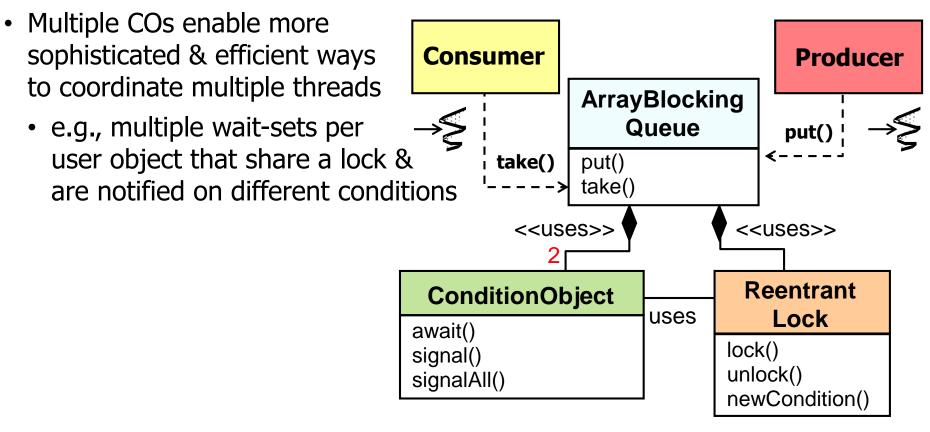
• User-defined Java objects can have multiple ConditionObjects (COs)



- User-defined Java objects can have multiple ConditionObjects (COs)
  - Multiple COs enable more sophisticated & efficient ways to coordinate multiple threads

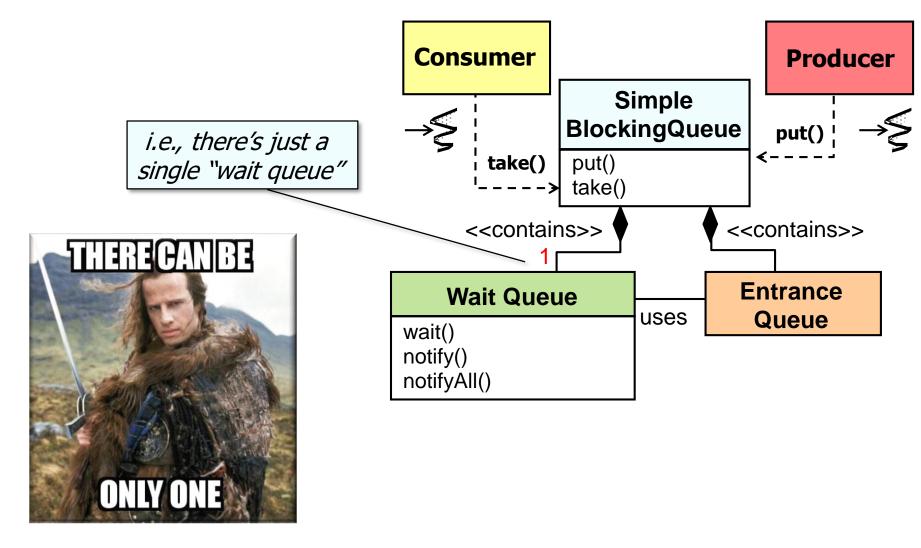


User-defined Java objects can have multiple ConditionObjects (COs)



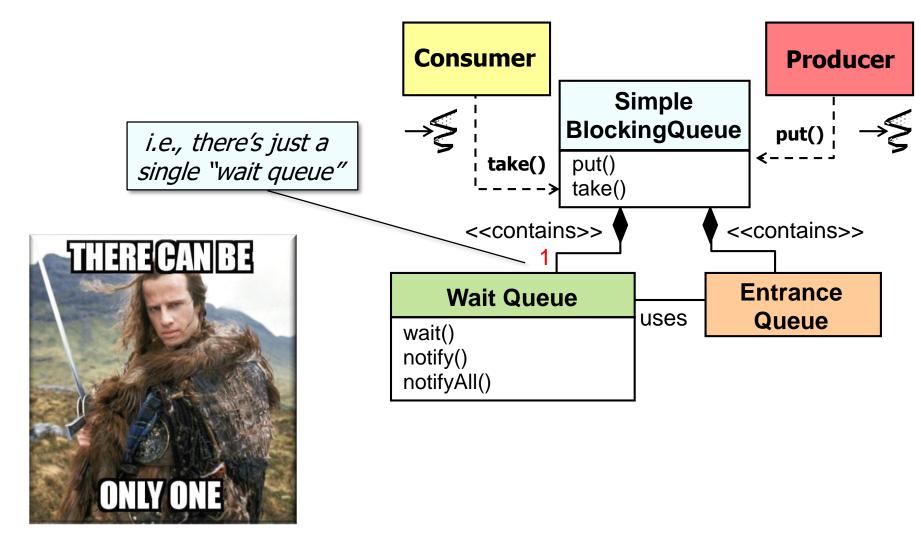
See <u>stackoverflow.com/questions/18490636/condition-</u> give-the-effect-of-having-multiple-wait-sets-per-object

In contrast, Java's built-in monitor objects only support one monitor condition



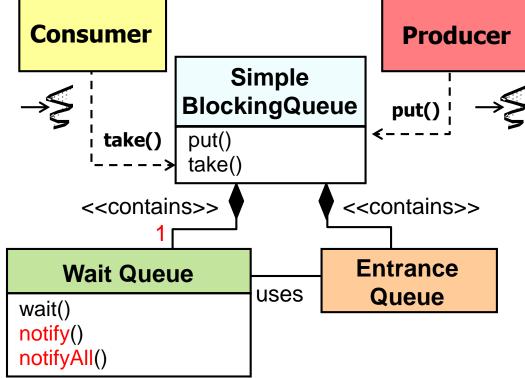
See github.com/douglascraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/SimpleBlockingQueue

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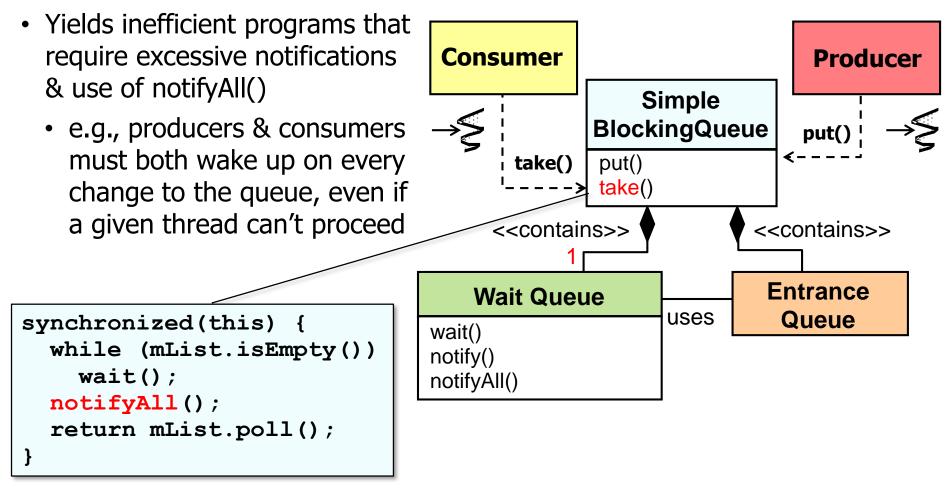
See upcoming lesson on "Java Built-in Monitor Objects"

- In contrast, Java's built-in monitor objects only support one monitor condition
  - Yields inefficient programs that require excessive notifications & use of notifyAll()



See <a href="https://www.dre.vanderbilt.edu/~schmidt/C++2Java.html#concurrency">www.dre.vanderbilt.edu/~schmidt/C++2Java.html#concurrency</a>

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## End of Java ConditionObject: Structure & Functionality