## Java CyclicBarrier: Key Methods



Douglas C. Schmidt

<u>d.schmidt@vanderbilt.edu</u>

www.dre.vanderbilt.edu/~schmidt

Institute for Software Integrated Systems Vanderbilt University Nashville, Tennessee, USA



#### Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Understand the structure & functionality of Java CyclicBarrier
- Recognize the key methods in the Java CyclicBarrier

<<Java Class>>

- **G** CyclicBarrier

- getParties():int
- await():int
- await(long,TimeUnit):int
- isBroken():boolean
- reset():void

# Key Methods in Java CyclicBarrier

- CyclicBarrier has a very simple API
  - i.e., only a handful of methods are commonly used



- await():int
- await(long,TimeUnit):int
- isBroken():boolean
- reset():void

 Constructor initializes the object to "trip" when the given # of parties wait on it

```
public class CyclicBarrier {
    ...
  public CyclicBarrier
        (int parties) {
    }
  public CyclicBarrier
        (int parties,
        Runnable barrierAction) {
    ...
  }
```

 Constructor initializes the object to "trip" when the given # of parties wait on it

"Parties" == "Threads"



```
public class CyclicBarrier {
    ...
  public CyclicBarrier
        (int parties) {
    }
  public CyclicBarrier
        (int parties,
        Runnable barrierAction) {
    ...
}
...
```

CyclicBarrier requires a fixed # of threads that is identical to the # of parties..

- Constructor initializes the object to "trip" when the given # of parties wait on it
  - Optionally given a barrier action to execute when barrier's tripped

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- Constructor initializes the object to "trip" when the given # of parties wait on it
  - Optionally given a barrier action to execute when barrier's tripped
    - Performed by the last thread entering the barrier

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public class CyclicBarrier {
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      (int parties) {
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```

Parties are suspended when barrier action is run to avoid race conditions

- Constructor initializes the object to "trip" when the given # of parties wait on it
  - Optionally given a barrier action to execute when barrier's tripped
    - Performed by the last thread entering the barrier
    - Useful for updating any mutable shared state before any parties continue with their processing

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public class CyclicBarrier {
  public CyclicBarrier
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- Constructor initializes the object to "trip" when the given # of parties wait on it
  - Optionally given a barrier action to execute when barrier's tripped
    - Performed by the last thread entering the barrier
    - Useful for updating any mutable shared state before any parties continue with their processing
    - The barrier's count is automatically reset to initial # of parties after the barrier is tripped



 Key methods block until all parties wait on the barrier & then reset it automatically after it's tripped

Threads calling await() decide whether to continue to the next cycle or not

- Key methods block until all parties wait on the barrier & then reset it automatically after it's tripped
  - Block until all parties arrive & barrier resets
    - Unless the thread is interrupted

```
public class CyclicBarrier {
    ...
   public int await() { ... }
   ...
```



- Key methods block until all parties wait on the barrier & then reset it automatically after it's tripped
  - Block until all parties arrive & barrier resets
    - Unless the thread is interrupted

```
public class CyclicBarrier {
    ...
   public int await() { ... }
    ...
```

```
Returns arrival index of the thread at the barrier:
if (barrier.await() == 0) {
   // log completion of this iteration
}
```

- Key methods block until all parties wait on the barrier & then reset it automatically after it's tripped
  - Block until all parties arrive & barrier resets
    - Unless the thread is interrupted
    - Unless the timeout elapses

- Key methods block until all parties wait on the barrier & then reset it automatically after it's tripped
  - Block until all parties arrive & barrier resets



There is no "non-interruptible" version of await()

 It's possible to manually reset a cyclic barrier to its initial state

```
public class CyclicBarrier {
    ...
   public void reset() { ... }
   ...
```

If any parties are waiting at the barrier, they will return via a BrokenBarrierException rather than the "normal" return



See docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/concurrent/BrokenBarrierException.html

## End of Java CyclicBarrier: Key Methods