

Overview of Parallel Programming in Java

Douglas C. Schmidt

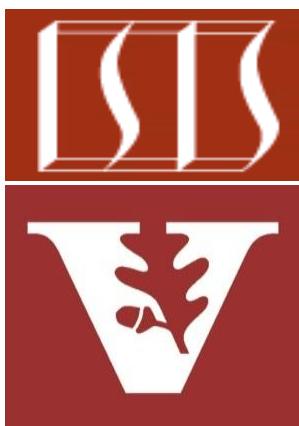
d.schmidt@vanderbilt.edu

www.dre.vanderbilt.edu/~schmidt

Professor of Computer Science

Institute for Software
Integrated Systems

Vanderbilt University
Nashville, Tennessee, USA



Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

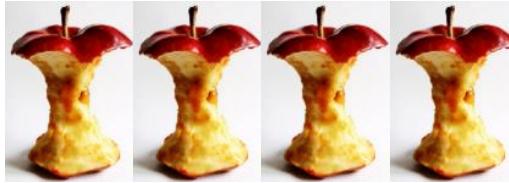
- Understand the meaning of key parallel programming concepts
- Know when to apply parallelism
- Recognize the parallel programming frameworks supported by Java



See www.dre.vanderbilt.edu/~schmidt/frameworks.html

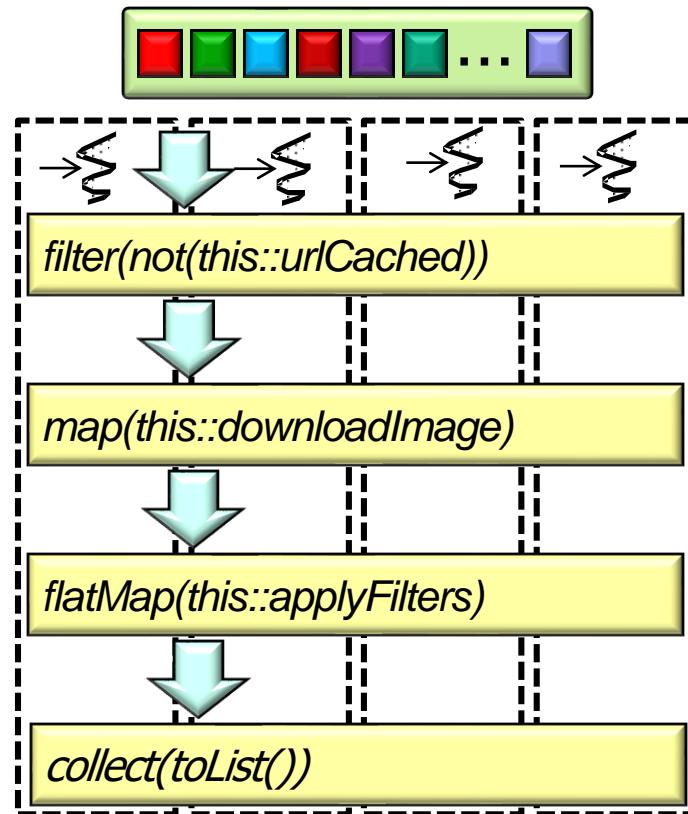
Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Recognize the parallelism frameworks supported by Java, e.g.
 - **Fork-join pools**



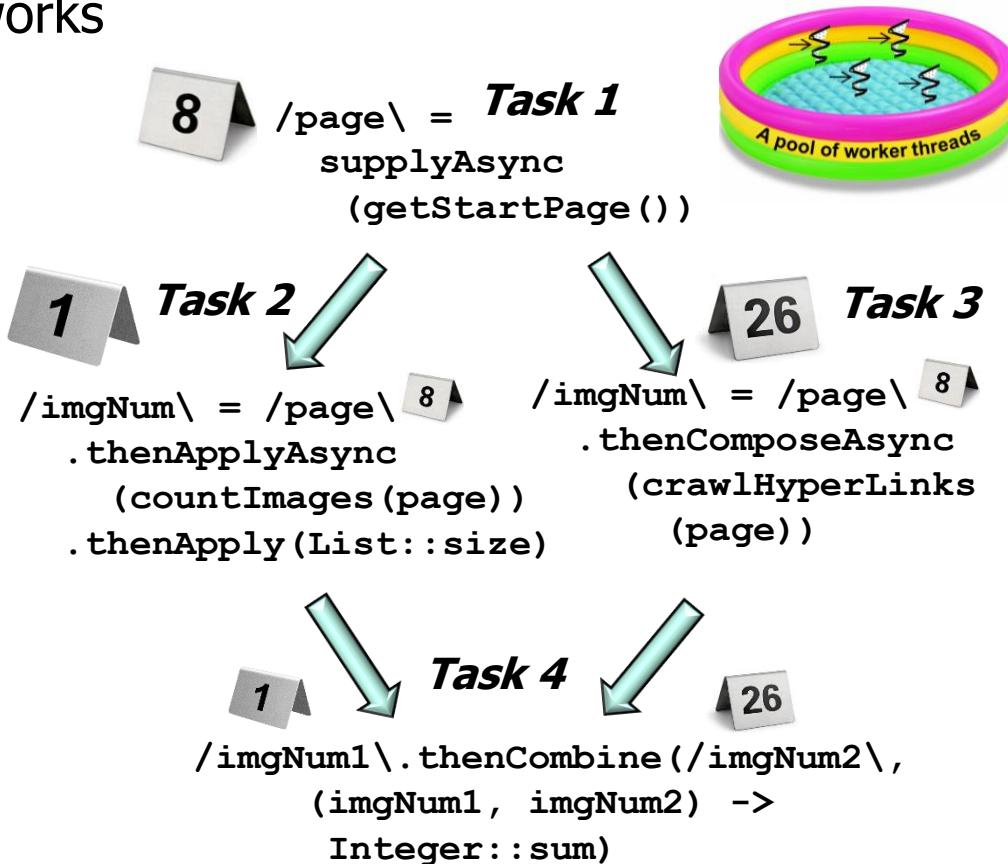
Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Recognize the parallelism frameworks supported by Java, e.g.
 - Fork-join pools
 - **Parallel streams**



Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Recognize the parallelism frameworks supported by Java, e.g.
 - Fork-join pools
 - Parallel streams
 - **Completable futures**

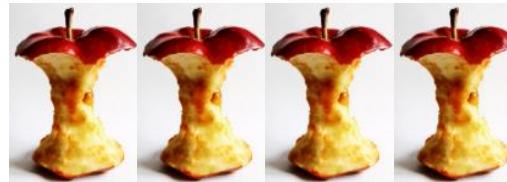


Completable futures also provide a reactive asynchrony programming model

Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

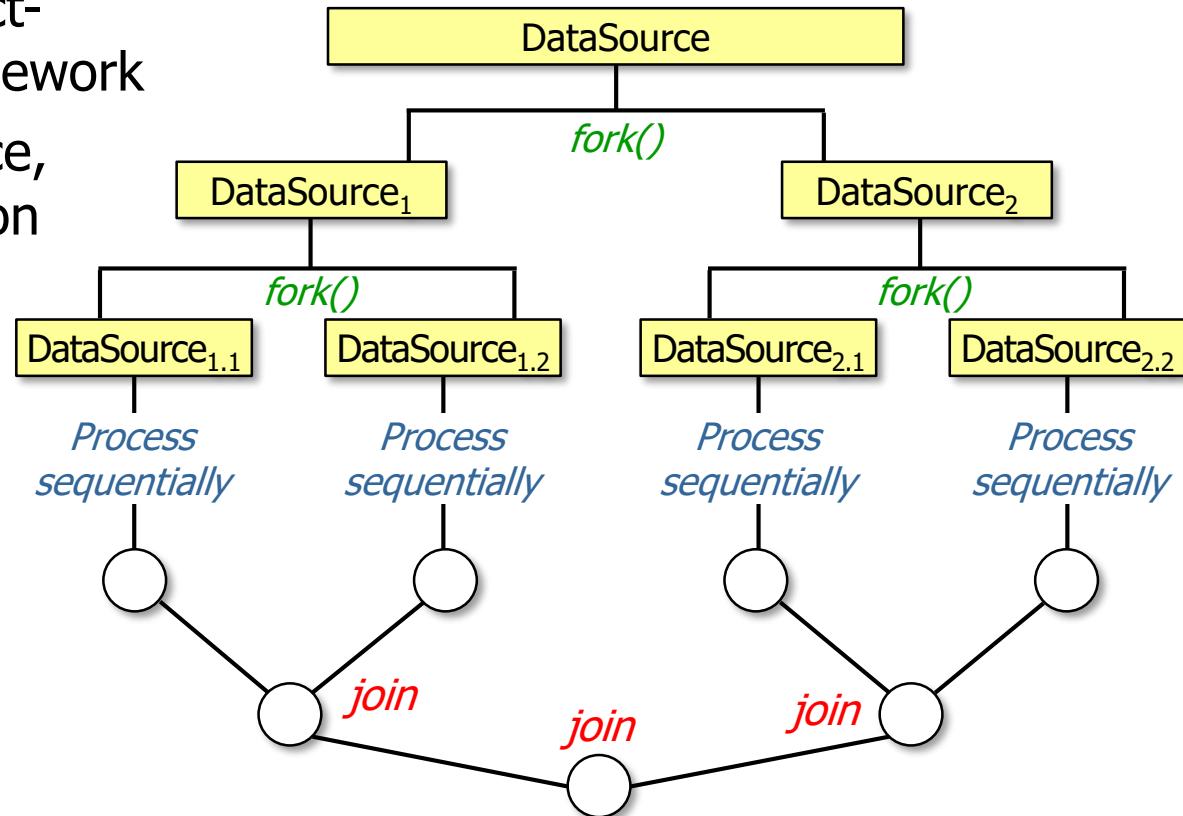
- Java 7 introduced the object-oriented fork-join pool framework



See www.infoq.com/interviews/doug-lea-fork-join

Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

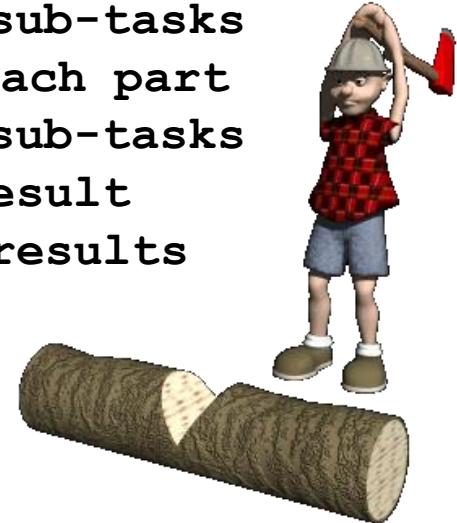
- Java 7 introduced the object-oriented fork-join pool framework
 - Provides high performance, fine-grained task execution for data parallelism



Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

- Java 7 introduced the object-oriented fork-join pool framework
 - Provides high performance, fine-grained task execution for data parallelism
 - Supports parallel programming by solving problems via “divide & conquer”

```
Result solve(Problem problem) {  
    if (problem is small)  
        directly solve problem  
    else {  
        a. split problem into  
            independent parts  
        b. fork new sub-tasks  
            to solve each part  
        c. join all sub-tasks  
        d. compose result  
            from sub-results  
    }  
}
```



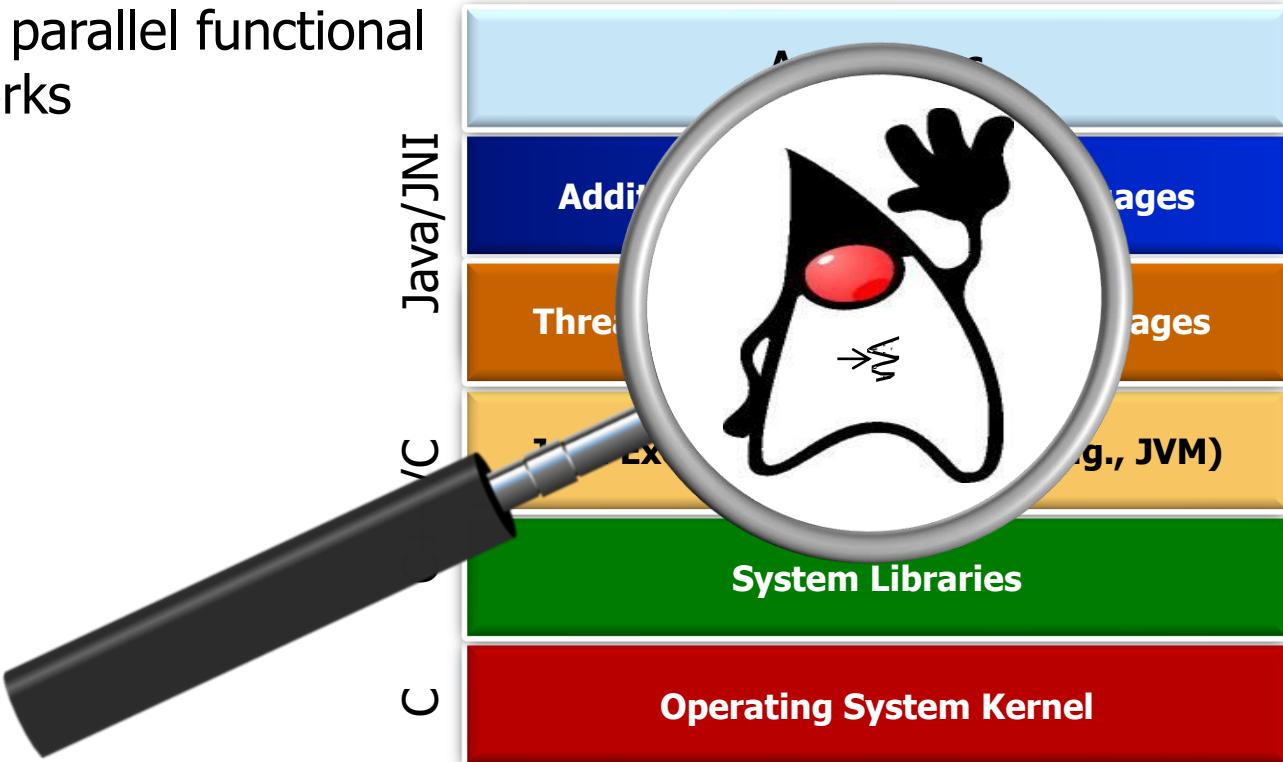
Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

- Java 7 introduced the object-oriented fork-join pool framework
 - Provides high performance, fine-grained task execution for data parallelism
 - Supports parallel programming by solving problems via “divide & conquer”
 - Employs *work-stealing* to optimize multi-core processor performance



Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

- Java 8 added two new parallel functional programming frameworks

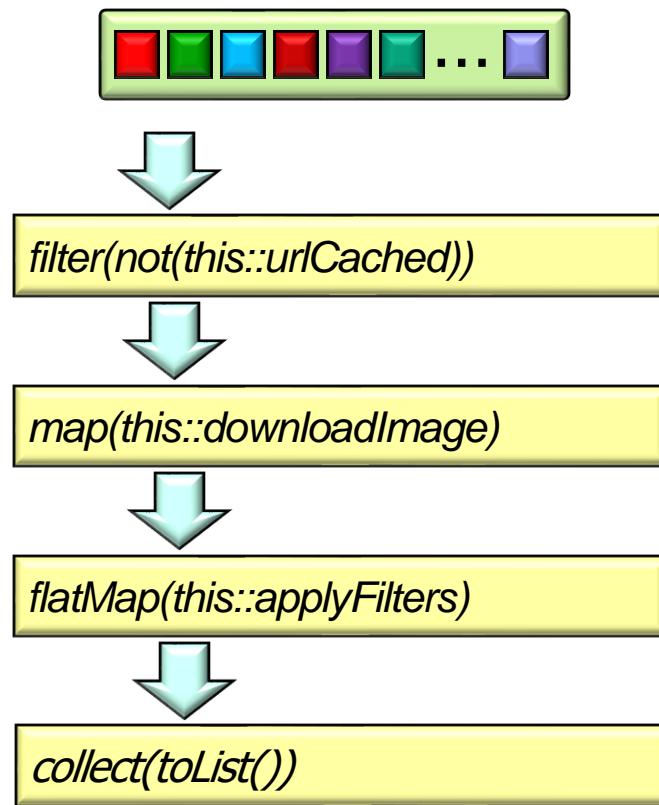


See www.ibm.com/developerworks/library/j-jvmc2

Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

- Java 8 added two new parallel functional programming frameworks

1. Parallel streams



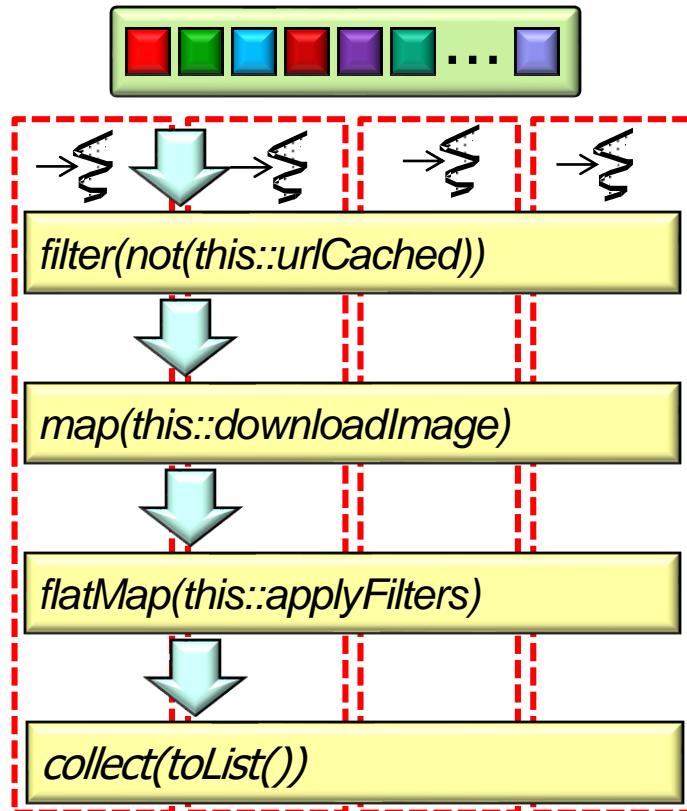
See docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/collections/stream/parallelism.html

Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

- Java 8 added two new parallel functional programming frameworks

1. Parallel streams

- Partitions a stream into multiple substreams that run independently & combine into a “reduced” result

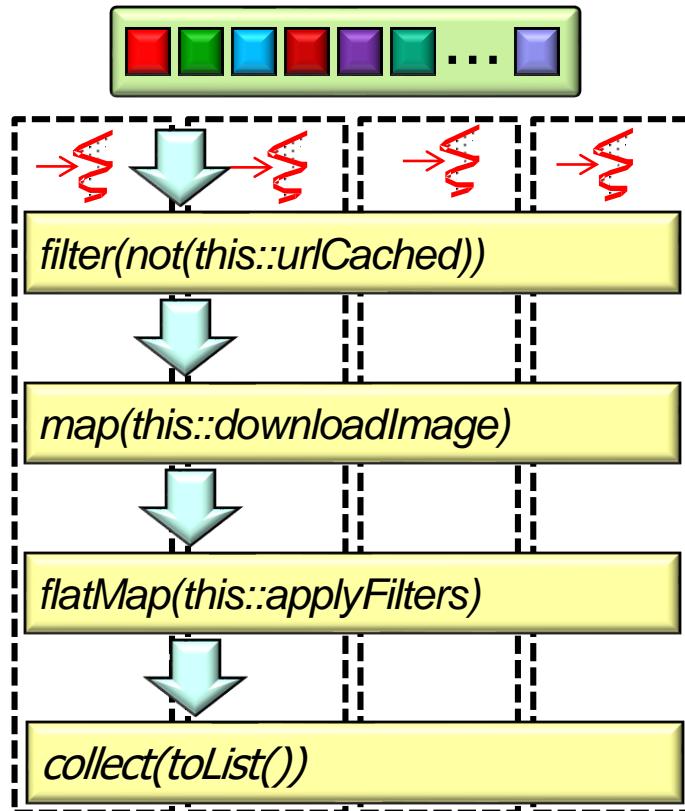


Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

- Java 8 added two new parallel functional programming frameworks

1. Parallel streams

- Partitions a stream into multiple substreams that run independently & combine into a “reduced” result
- Chunks of data in the substreams can be mapped to multiple threads (& cores)

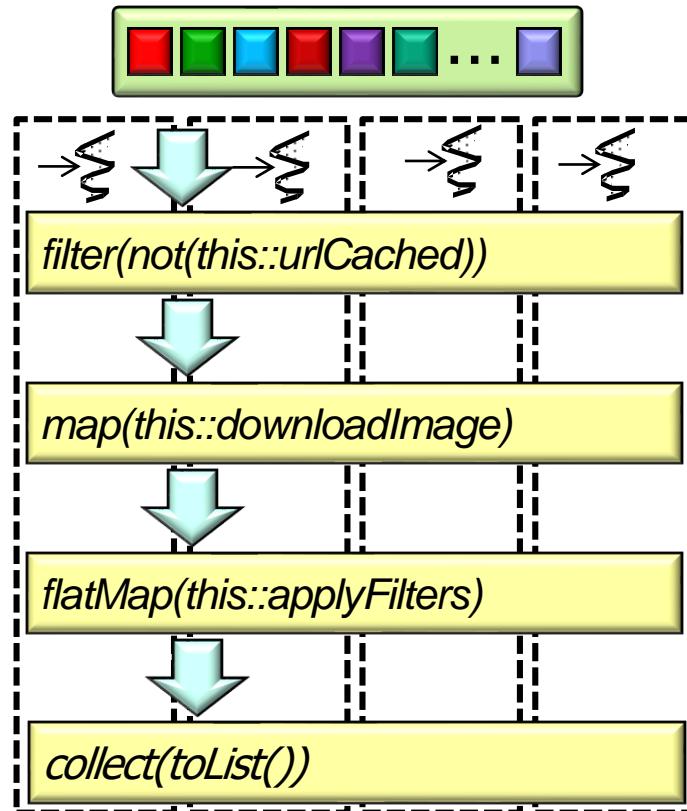


Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

- Java 8 added two new parallel functional programming frameworks

1. Parallel streams

- Partitions a stream into multiple substreams that run independently & combine into a “reduced” result
- Chunks of data in the substreams can be mapped to multiple threads (& cores)
- Leverages the common fork-join pool



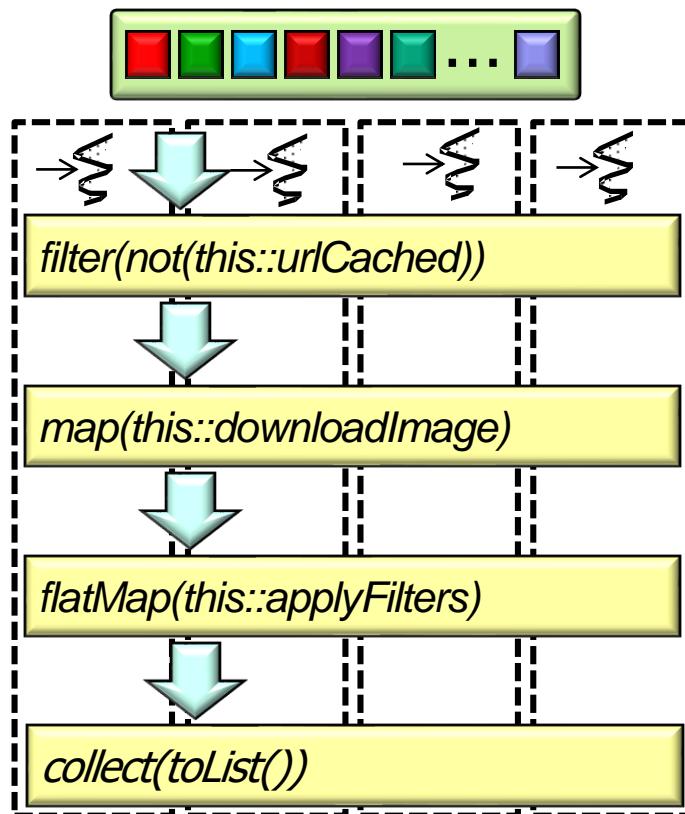
See dzone.com/articles/common-fork-join-pool-and-streams

Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

- Java 8 added two new parallel functional programming frameworks

1. Parallel streams

- Partitions a stream into multiple substreams that run independently & combine into a “reduced” result
- Chunks of data in the substreams can be mapped to multiple threads (& cores)
- Leverages the common fork-join pool

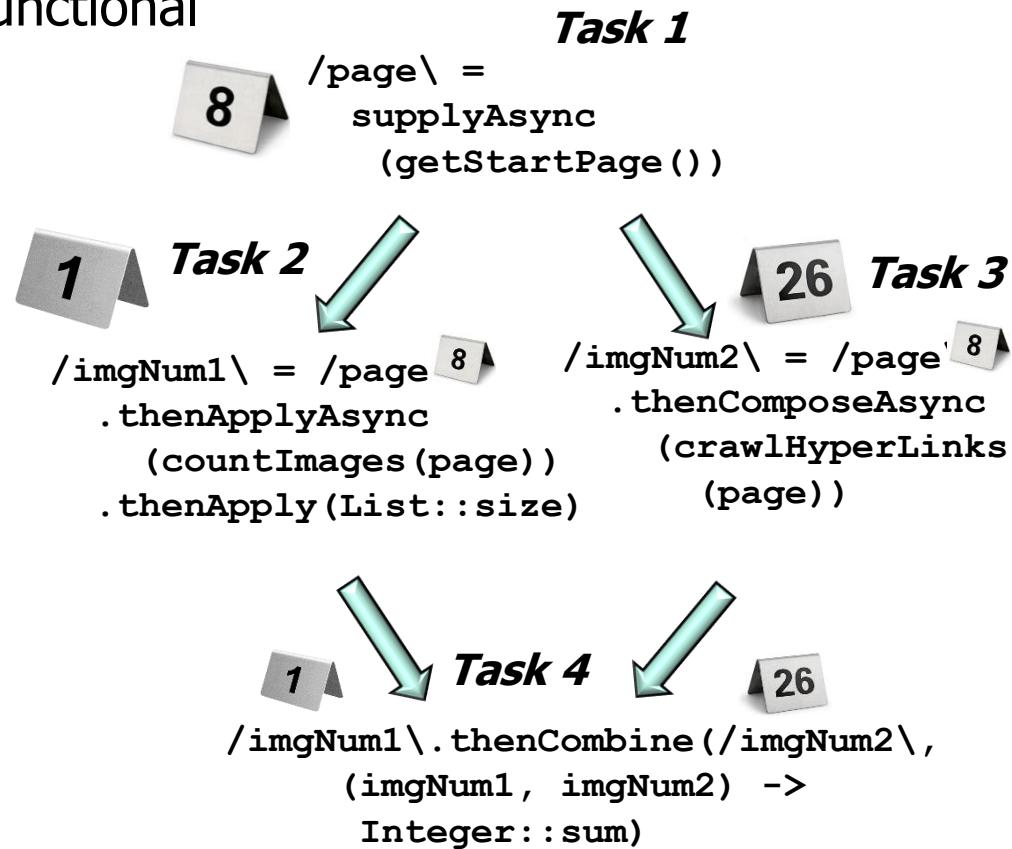


Parallel streams provides fine-grained data parallelism functional programming

Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

- Java 8 added two new parallel functional programming frameworks

1. Parallel streams
2. CompletableFuture



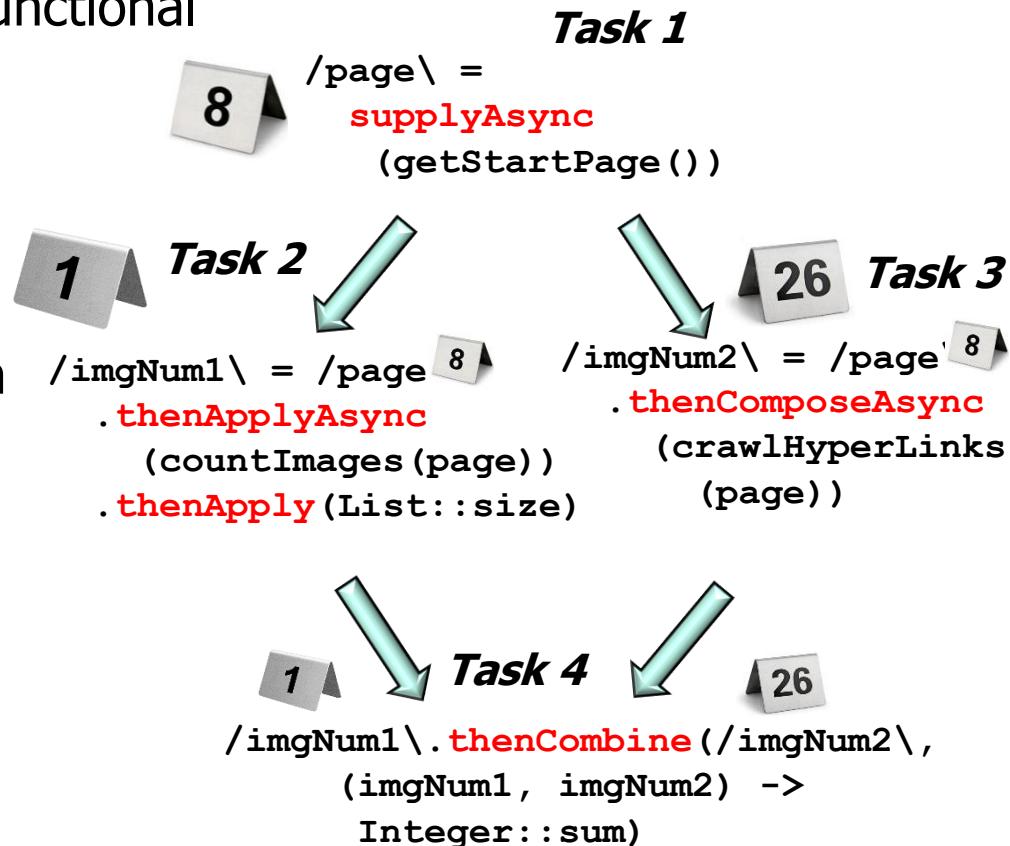
Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

- Java 8 added two new parallel functional programming frameworks

1. Parallel streams

2. Completable futures

- Supports dependent actions that trigger upon completion of async operations



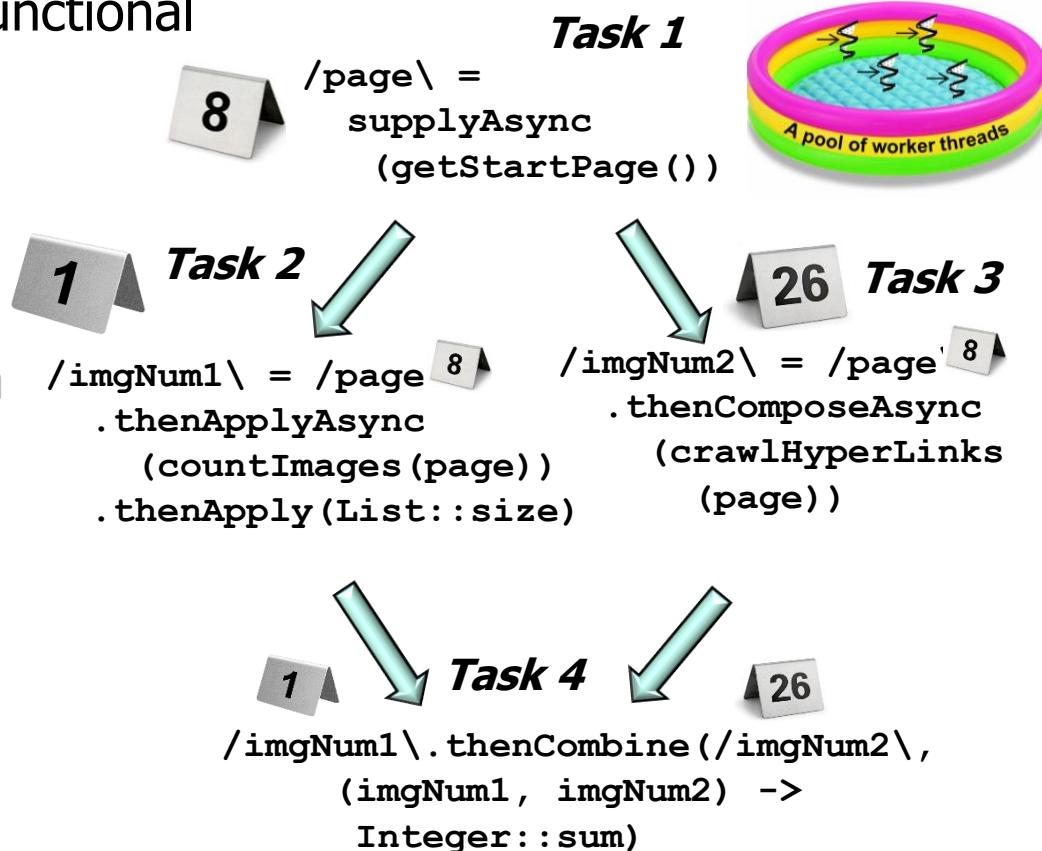
Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

- Java 8 added two new parallel functional programming frameworks

1. Parallel streams

2. Completable futures

- Supports dependent actions that trigger upon completion of async operations
- Async operations can run in parallel in thread pools



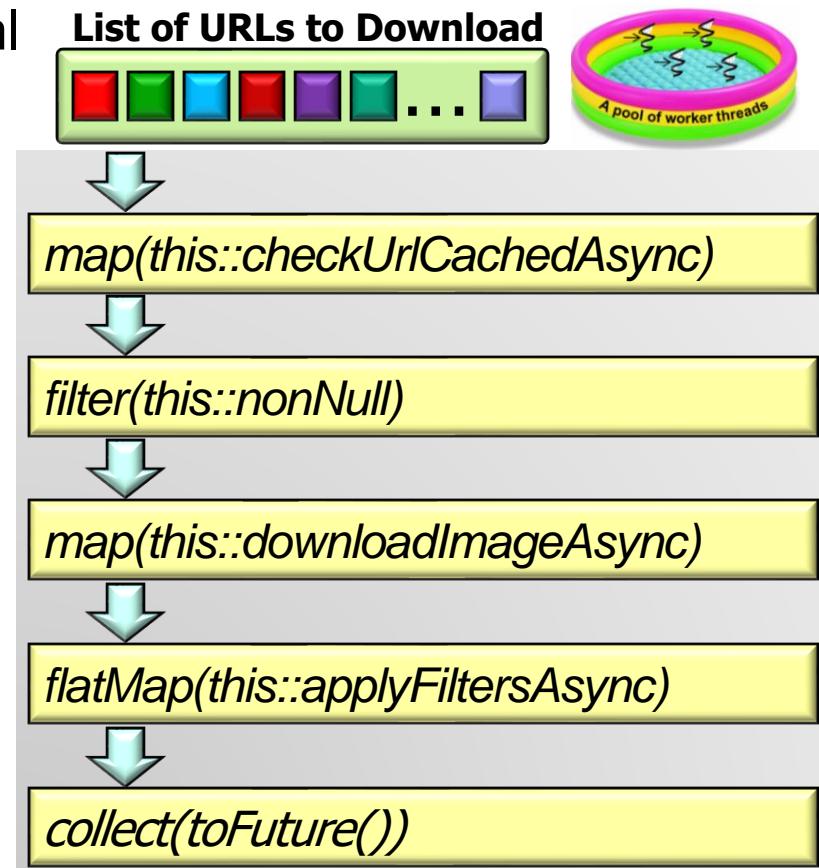
Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

- Java 8 added two new parallel functional programming frameworks

1. Parallel streams

2. CompletableFuture

- Supports dependent actions that trigger upon completion of async operations
- Async operations can run in parallel in thread pools



Java completable futures & streams can be combined to good effects!!

Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

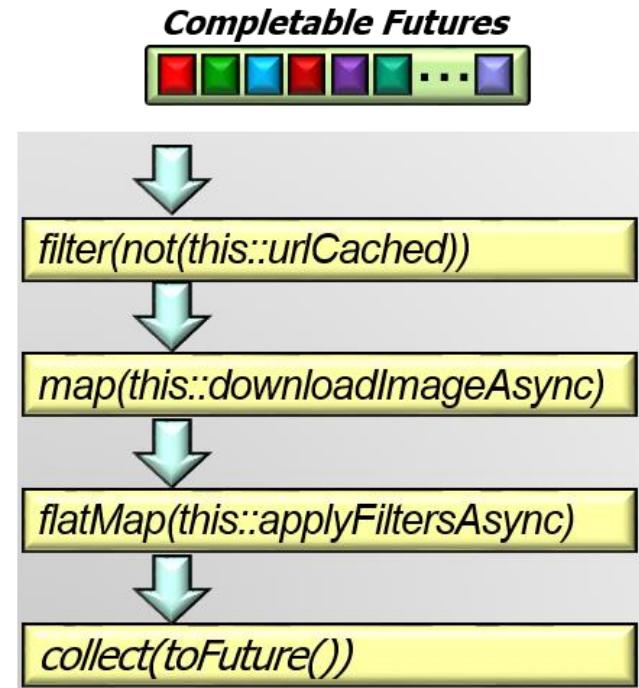
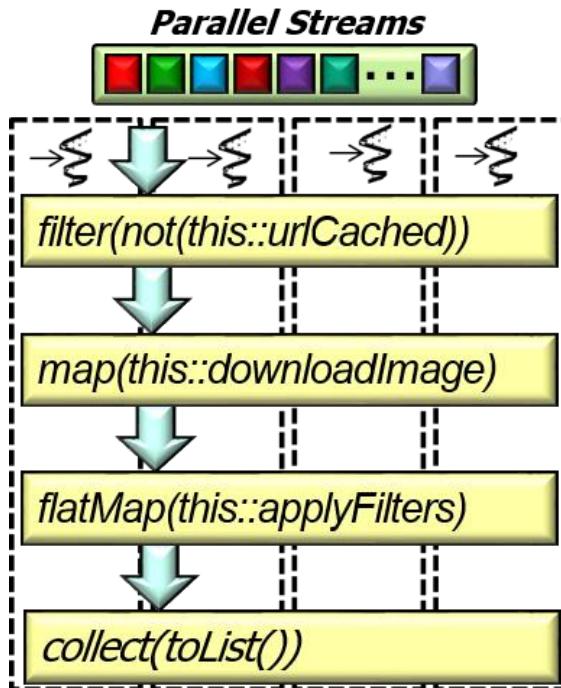
- These Java frameworks often eliminate the use of synchronization or explicit threading when developing parallel apps!



Alleviates many accidental & inherent complexities of parallel programming

Overview of Java Parallelism Frameworks

- Java parallel streams & completable future functional frameworks use the object-oriented fork-join pool framework by default



See www.oracle.com/technetwork/articles/java/fork-join-422606.html

End of Overview of Parallelism in Java