

# Overview of Android (Part 1): Hardware & OS Kernel Layers

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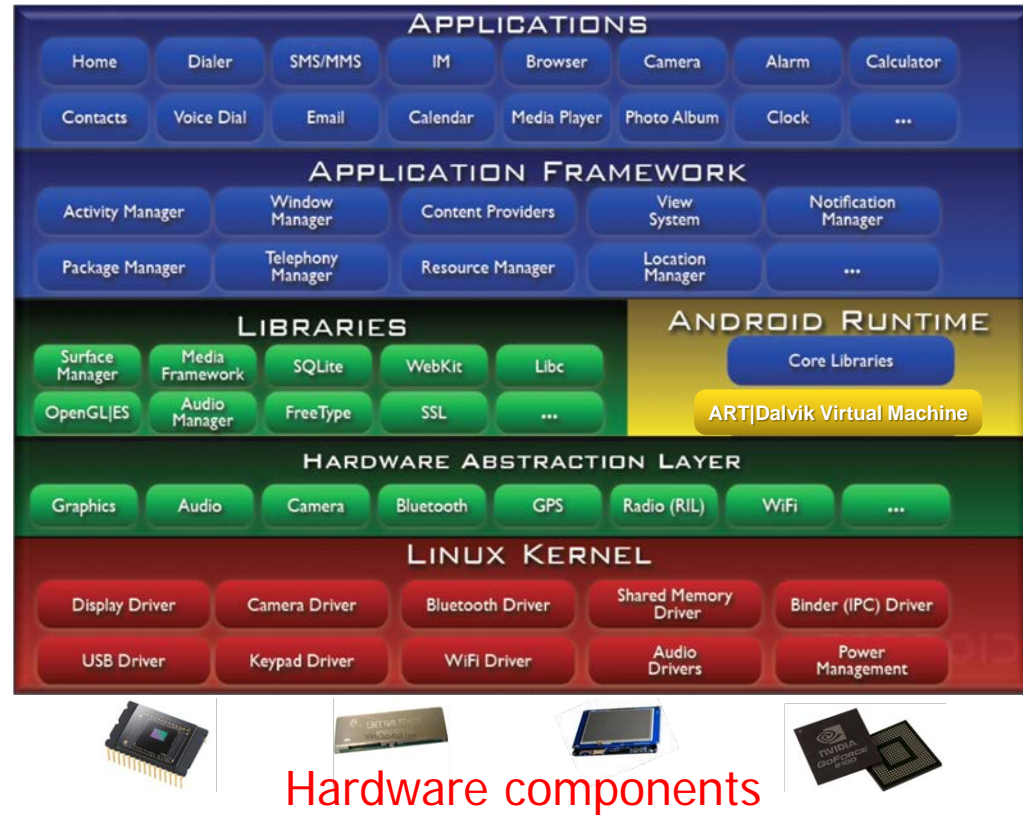
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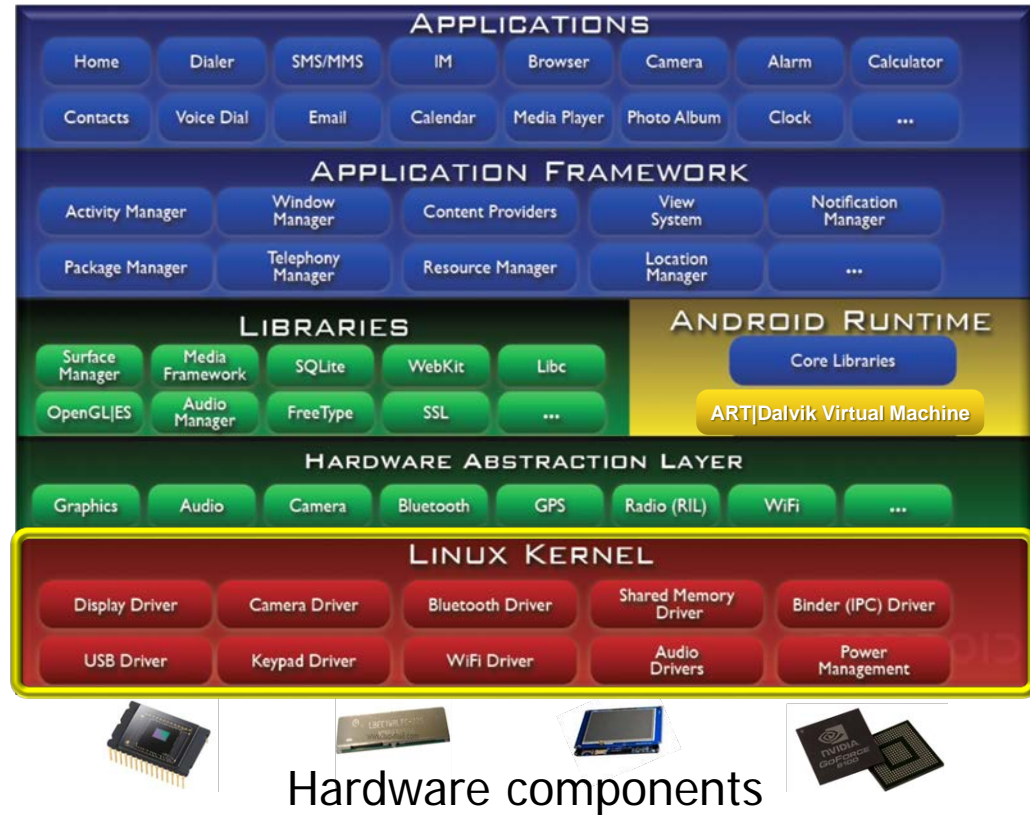
# Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

1. Understand common hardware elements in Android
  - e.g., sensors, transceivers, storage, & processors



# Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

1. Understand common hardware elements in Android
2. Recognize key characteristics of the Android Linux kernel
  - e.g., its purpose & its extensions to GNU Linux



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# Overview of Android Hardware

# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements



Hardware components

See [static.googleusercontent.com/media/source.android.com/en/compatibility/android-cdd.pdf](http://static.googleusercontent.com/media/source.android.com/en/compatibility/android-cdd.pdf)

# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.
  - Sensors



Sensors detect events or changes in the environment



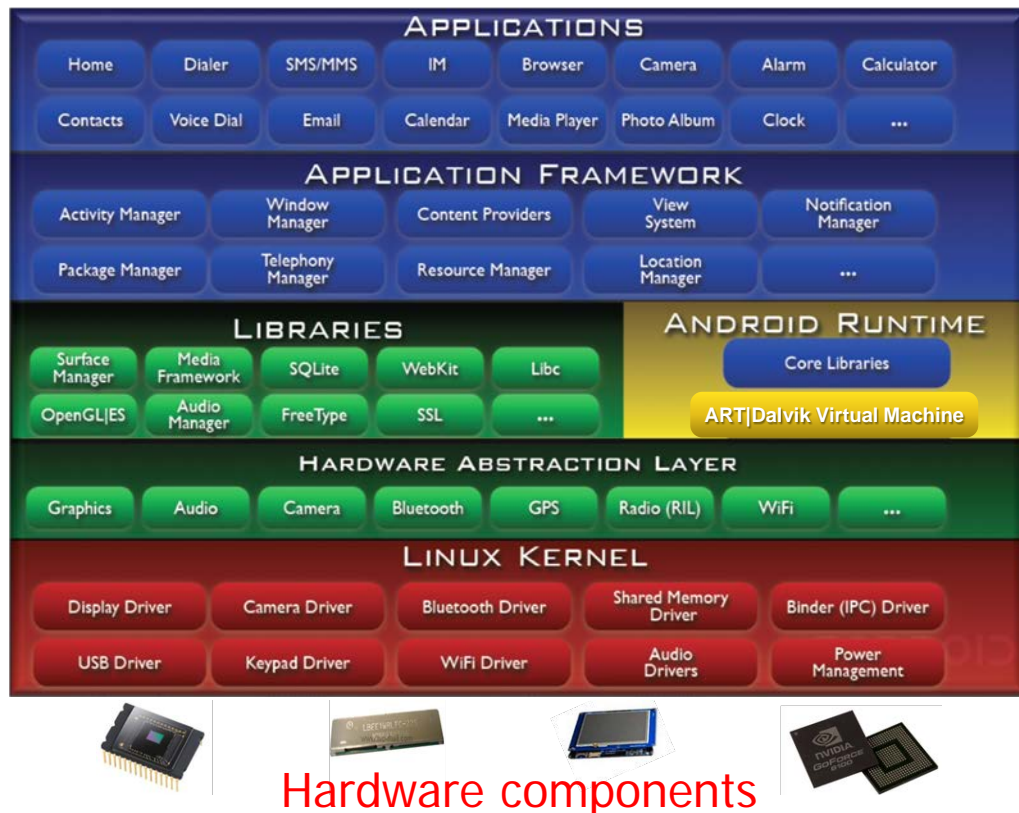
Hardware components

See [developer.android.com/guide/topics/sensors/sensors\\_overview.html](https://developer.android.com/guide/topics/sensors/sensors_overview.html)



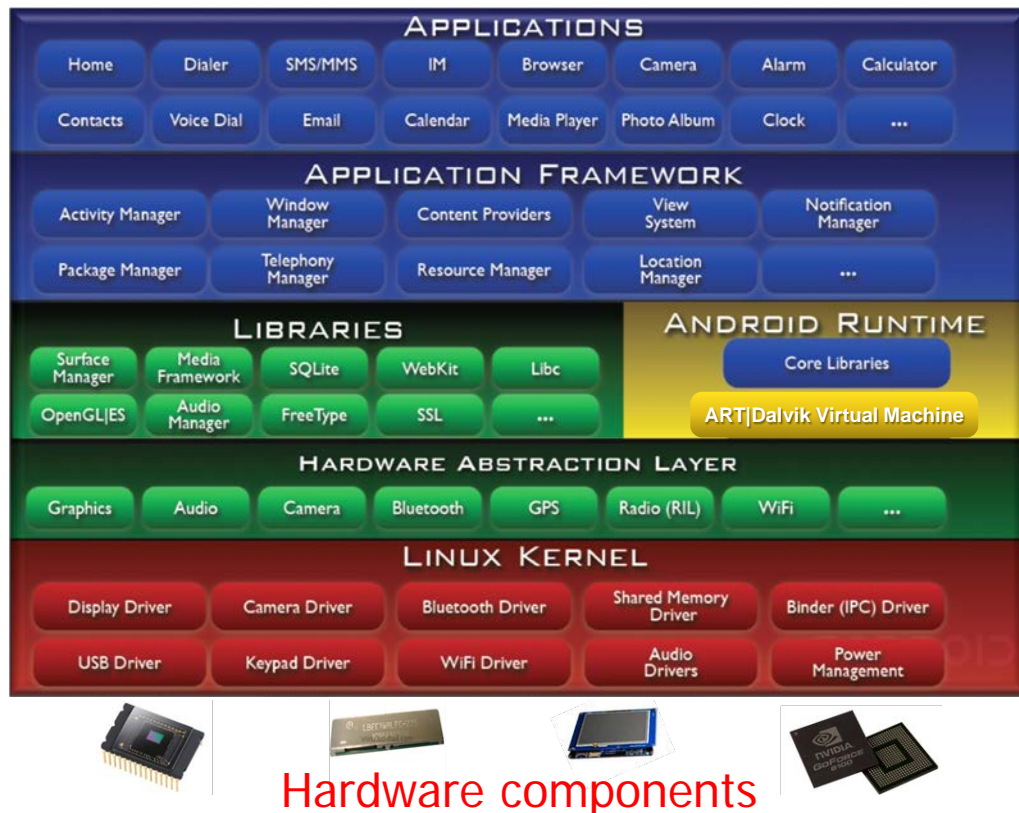
# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.
  - Sensors, e.g.
    - Motion sensors measure acceleration forces & rotation
    - e.g., accelerometers & gyroscopes



# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

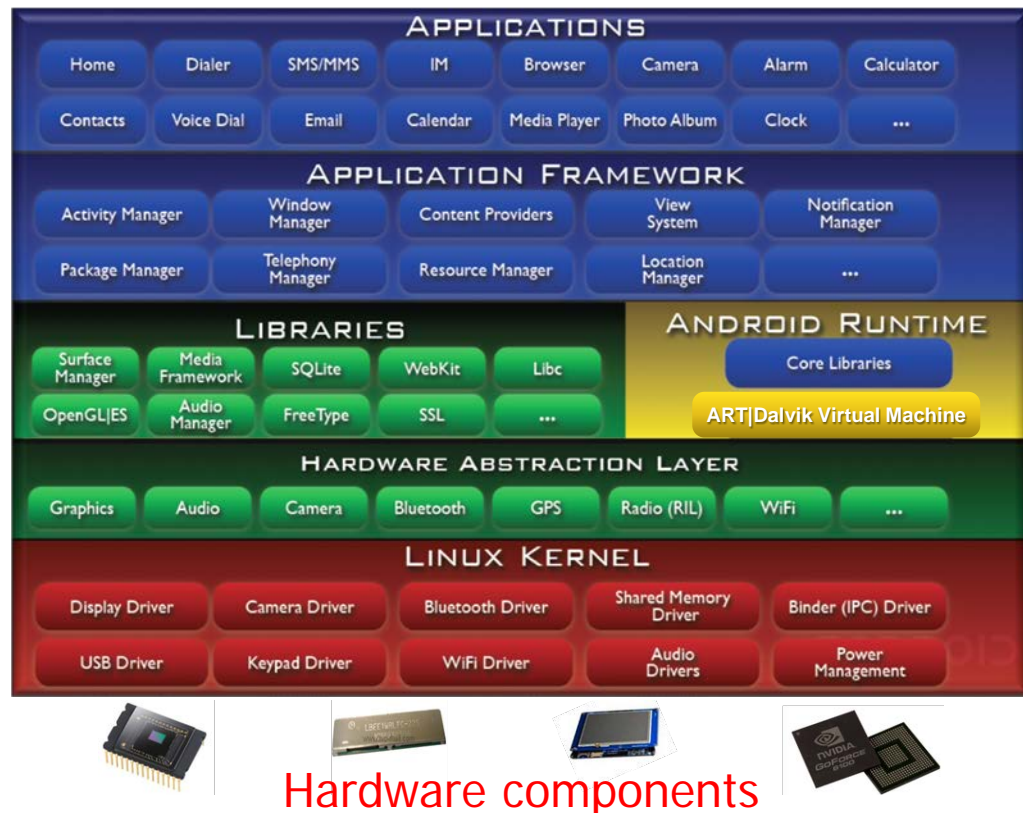
- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.
  - Sensors, e.g.
    - Motion sensors measure acceleration forces & rotation
    - Environment sensors measure temperature, pressure, & humidity
      - e.g., thermometers & barometers





# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.
  - Sensors, e.g.
    - Motion sensors measure acceleration forces & rotation
    - Environment sensors measure temperature, pressure, & humidity
    - Position sensors measure the physical position of a device
      - e.g., magnetometers



# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.
  - Sensors
  - Transceivers



A transceiver is a device comprising both a transmitter & a receiver

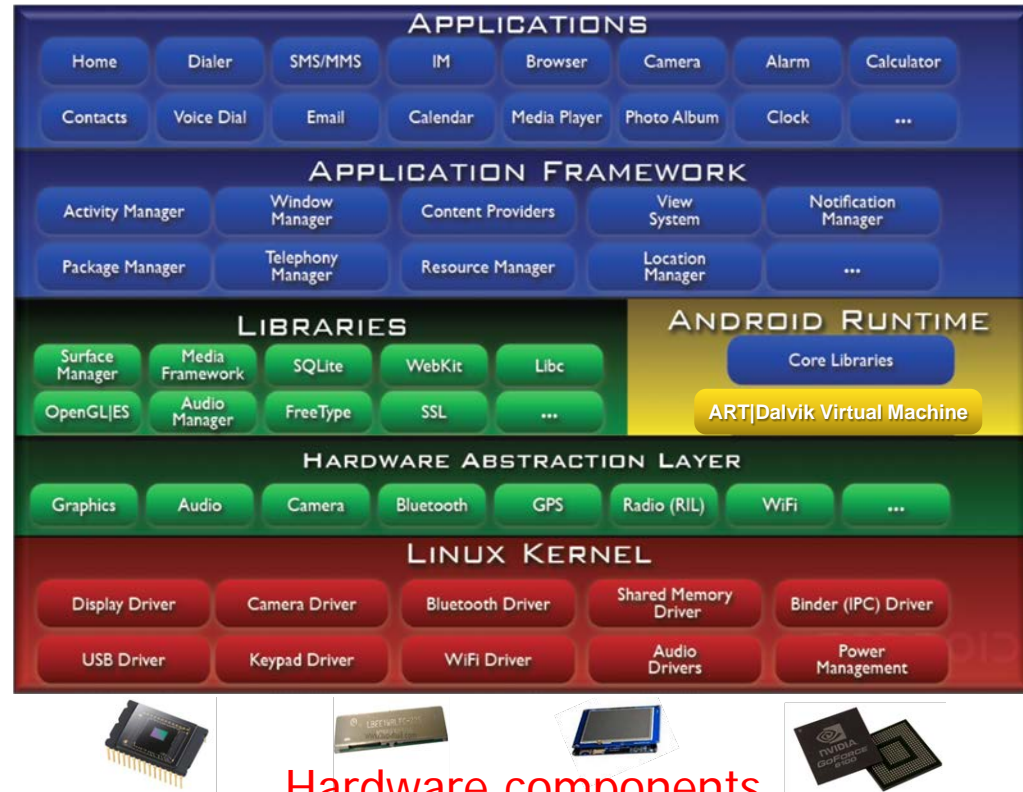


Hardware components

See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transceiver](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transceiver)

# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.
  - Sensors
  - Transceivers, e.g.
    - WiFi
      - Provides a wireless local area network



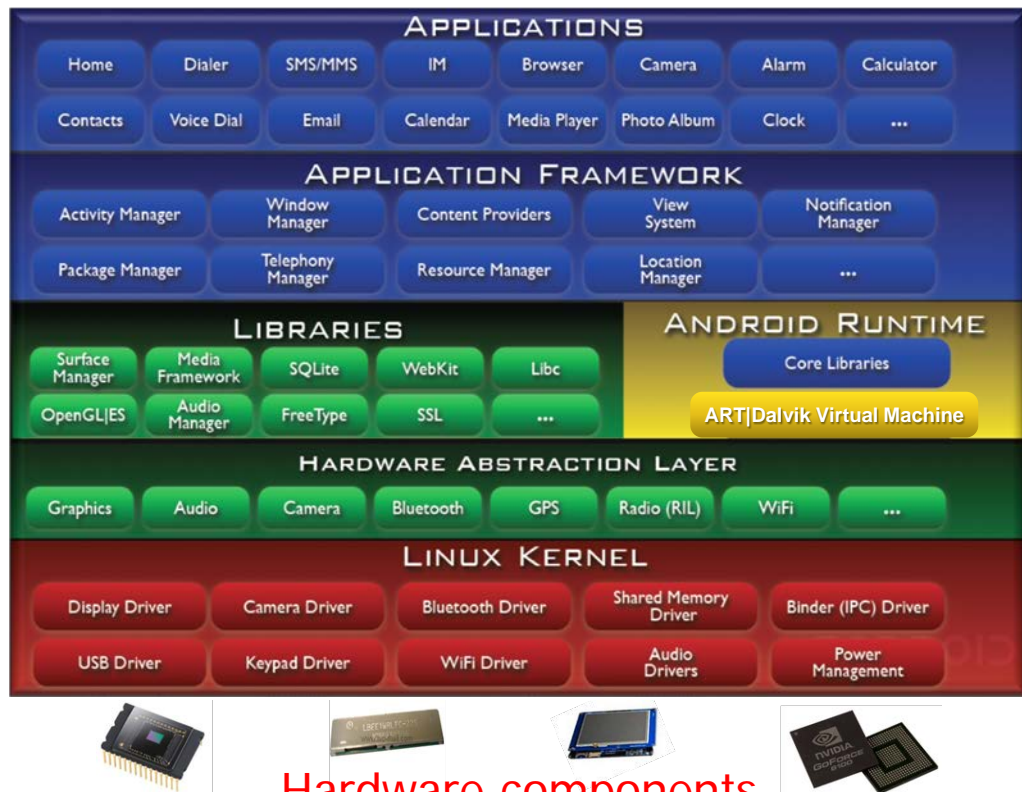
Hardware components

See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wi-Fi](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wi-Fi)

# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.

- Sensors
- Transceivers, e.g.
  - WiFi
- Bluetooth
  - Exchange data over short distances in a “personal area network”



Hardware components

See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bluetooth](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bluetooth)



# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.

- Sensors
- Transceivers, e.g.
  - WiFi
  - Bluetooth
- Near-field communication (NFC)
  - Enable 2 electronic devices to communicate by placing them within 2 inches



Hardware components

See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Near\\_field\\_communication](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Near_field_communication)



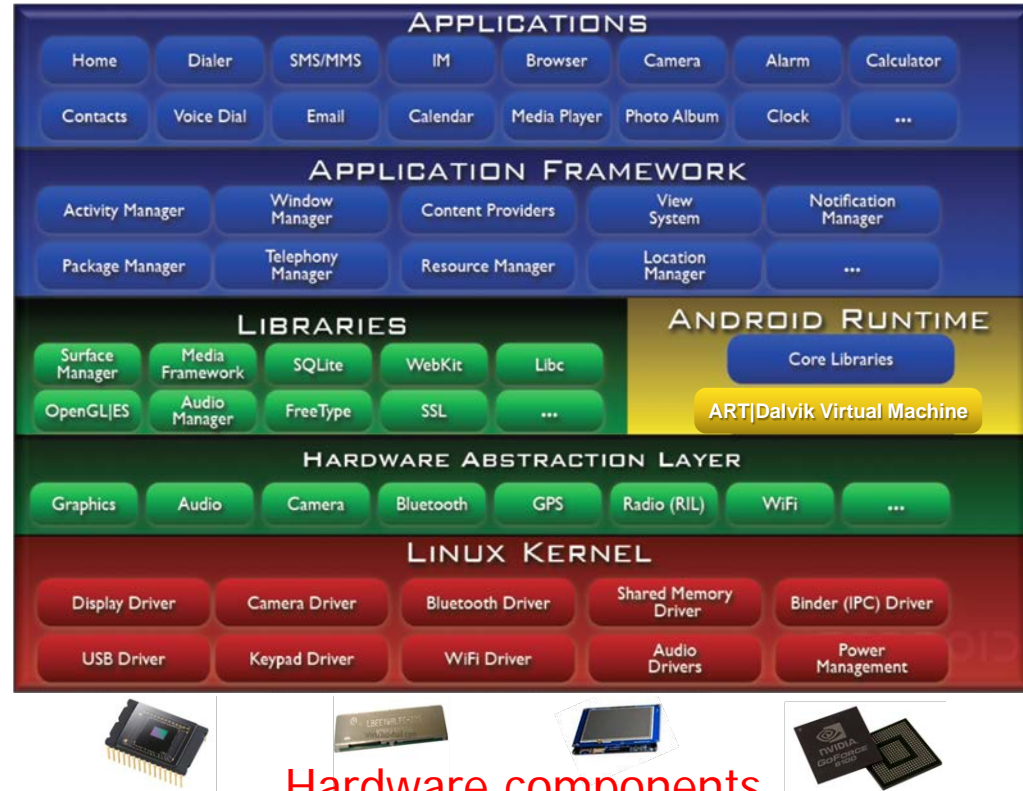
# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.

- Sensors
- Transceivers
- Storage



Storage is used to retain digital data



Hardware components

See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Computer\\_data\\_storage](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Computer_data_storage)

# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.

- Sensors
- Transceivers
- Storage, e.g.
  - Random access memory (RAM)
  - Allows read/write access to data in ~same amount of time irrespective of location

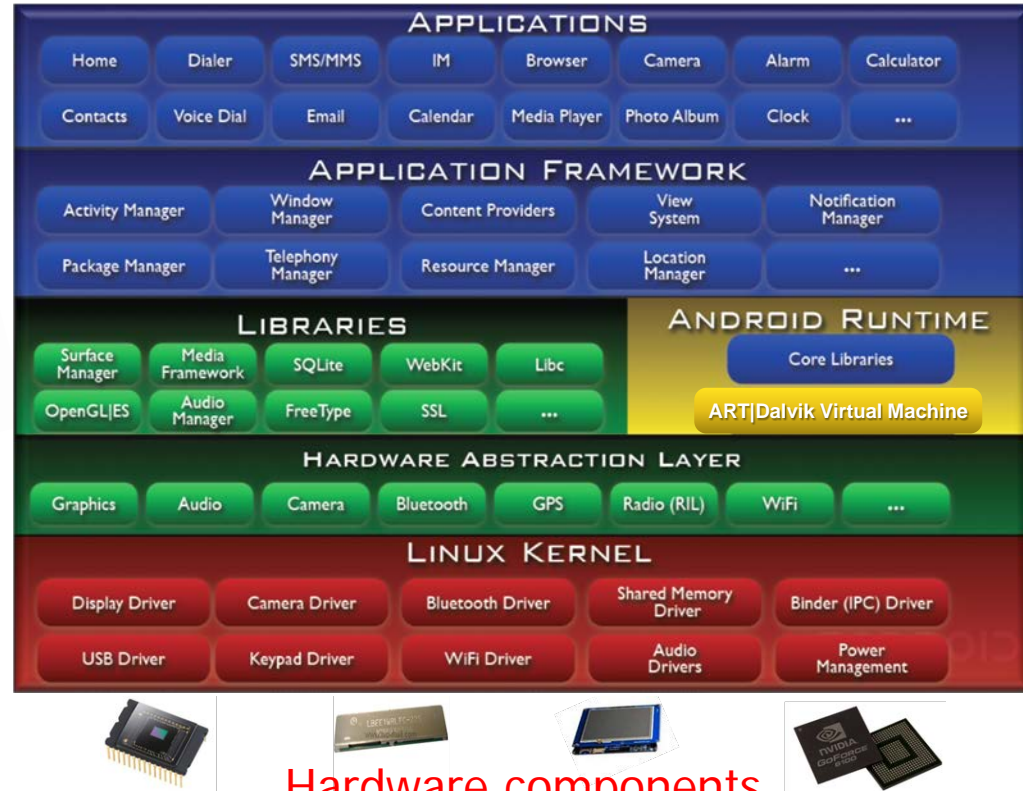


See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Random-access\\_memory](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Random-access_memory)

# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.

- Sensors
- Transceivers
- Storage, e.g.
  - Random access memory (RAM)
  - Flash memory
    - Non-volatile memory that can be electrically erased & reprogrammed

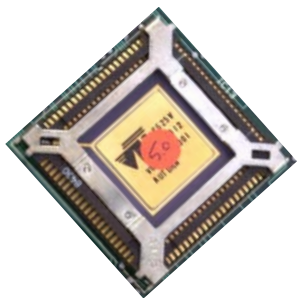


See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Flash\\_memory](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Flash_memory)

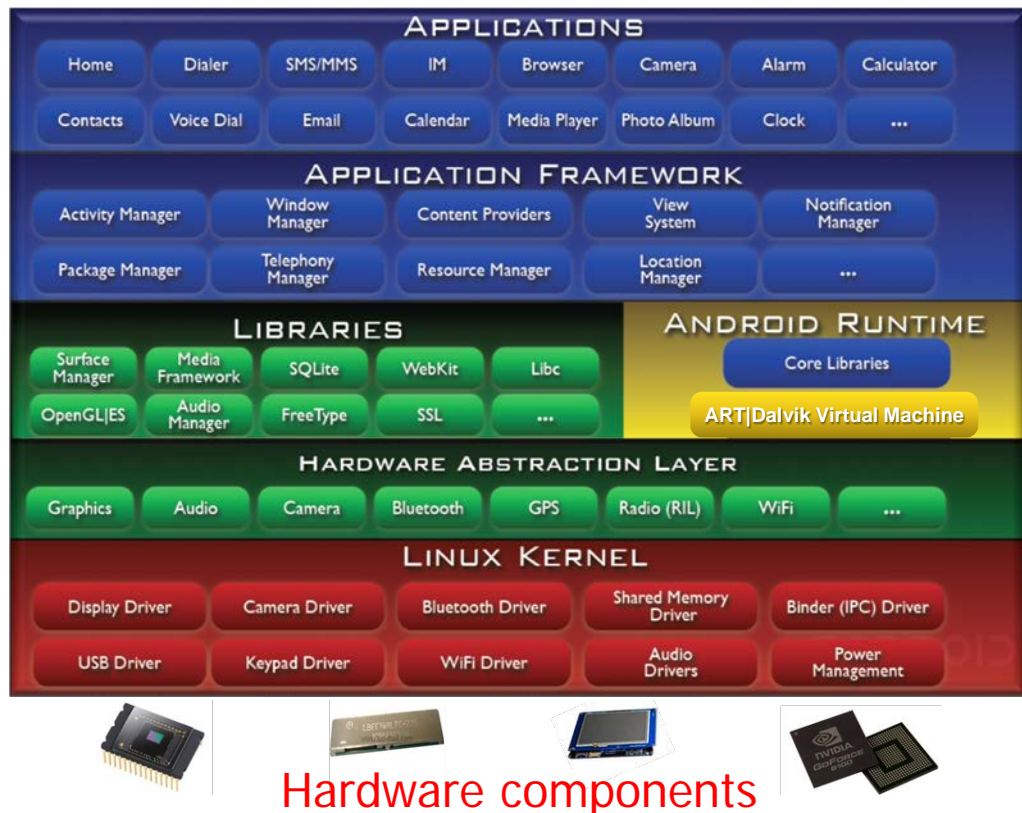
# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.

- Sensors
- Transceivers
- Storage
- Processors



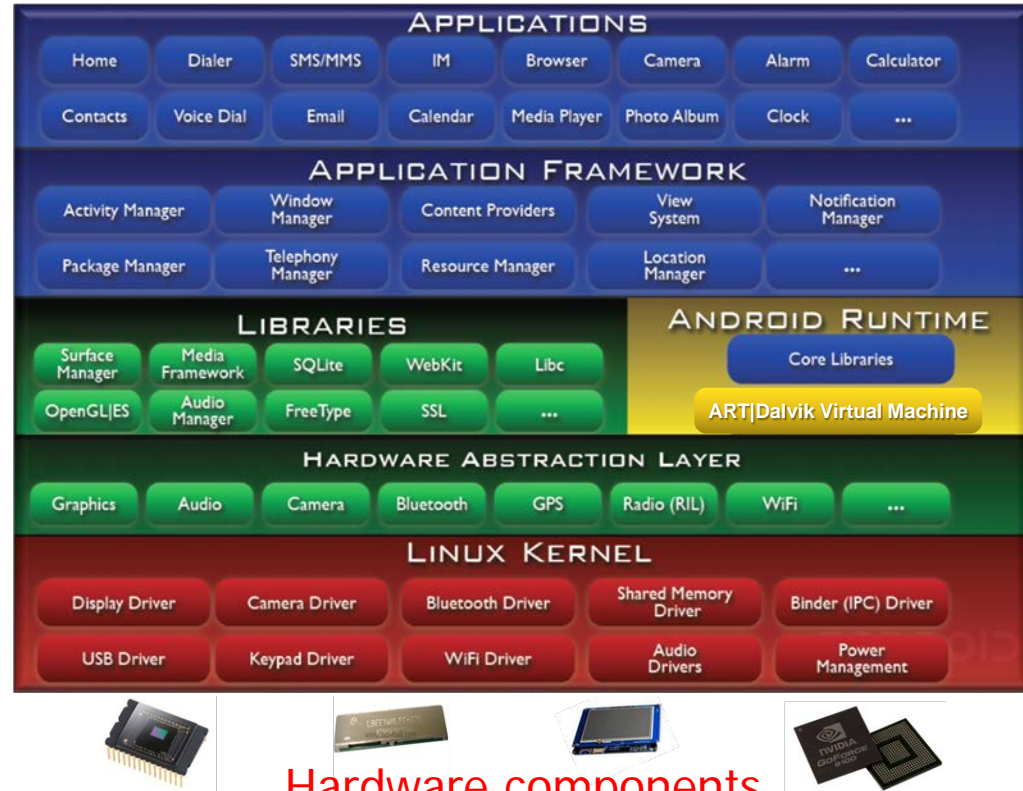
Processors perform instructions of computer programs





# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.
  - Sensors
  - Transceivers
  - Storage
  - Processors, e.g.,
    - Central processing units
      - Performs basic arithmetic, logical, control, & I/O operations



Hardware components

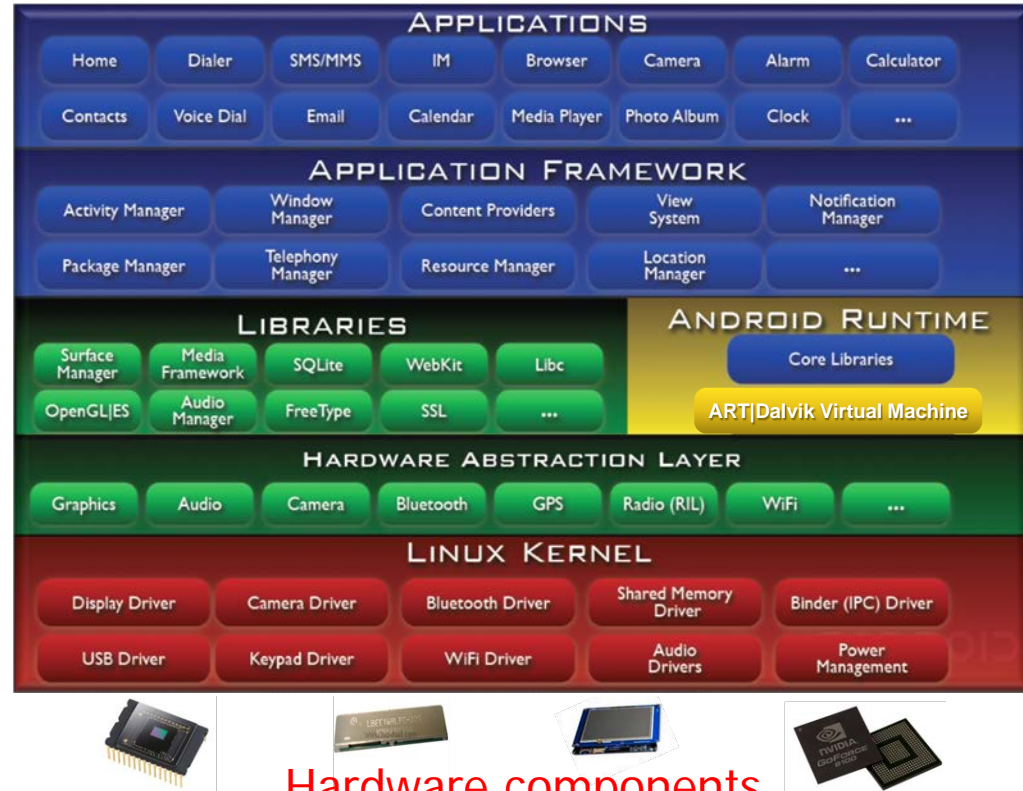
See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Central\\_processing\\_unit](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Central_processing_unit)



# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.

- Sensors
- Transceivers
- Storage
- Processors, e.g.,
  - Central processing units
    - Performs basic arithmetic, logical, control, & I/O operations
  - Increasingly multi-core



Hardware components

# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.
  - Sensors
  - Transceivers
  - Storage
  - Processors, e.g.,
    - Central processing units
    - Graphics processing units
    - More efficient than CPUs for processing of large blocks of data in parallel

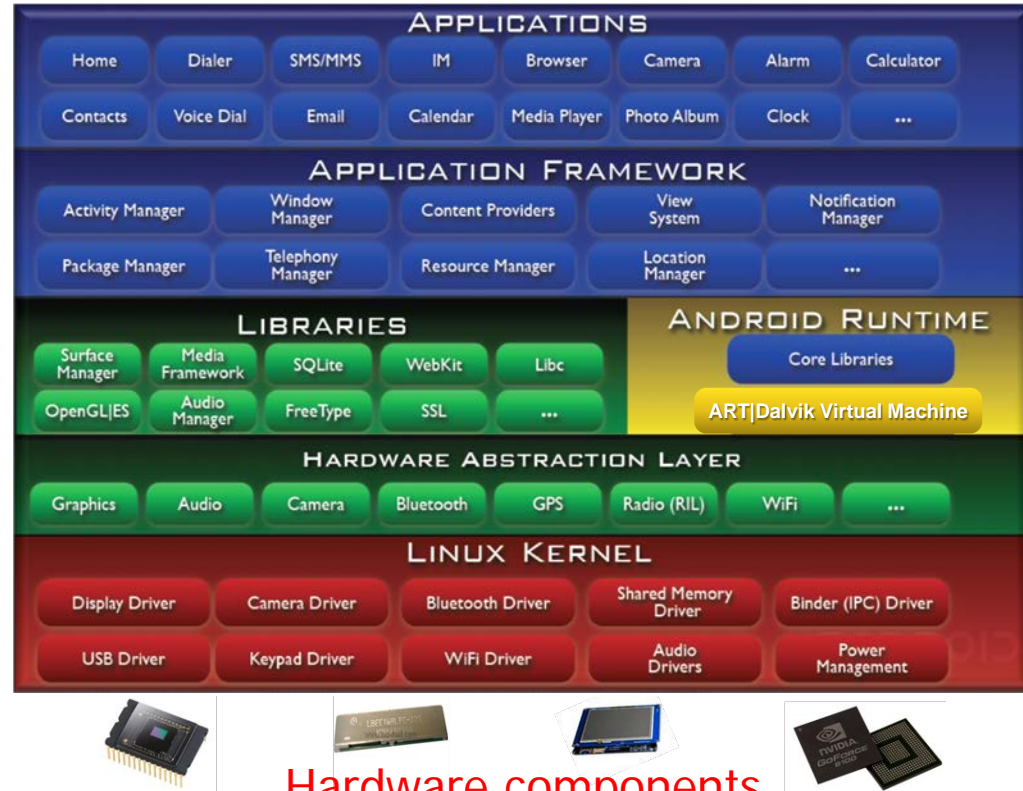


Hardware components

See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Graphics\\_processing\\_unit](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Graphics_processing_unit)

# Overview of Android Layers: Hardware

- Android devices are built upon a range of hardware elements, e.g.
  - Sensors
  - Transceivers
  - Storage
  - Processors, e.g.,
    - Central processing units
    - Graphics processing units
    - Digital signal processors
      - Efficiently measure, filter & compress continuous analog signals



Hardware components

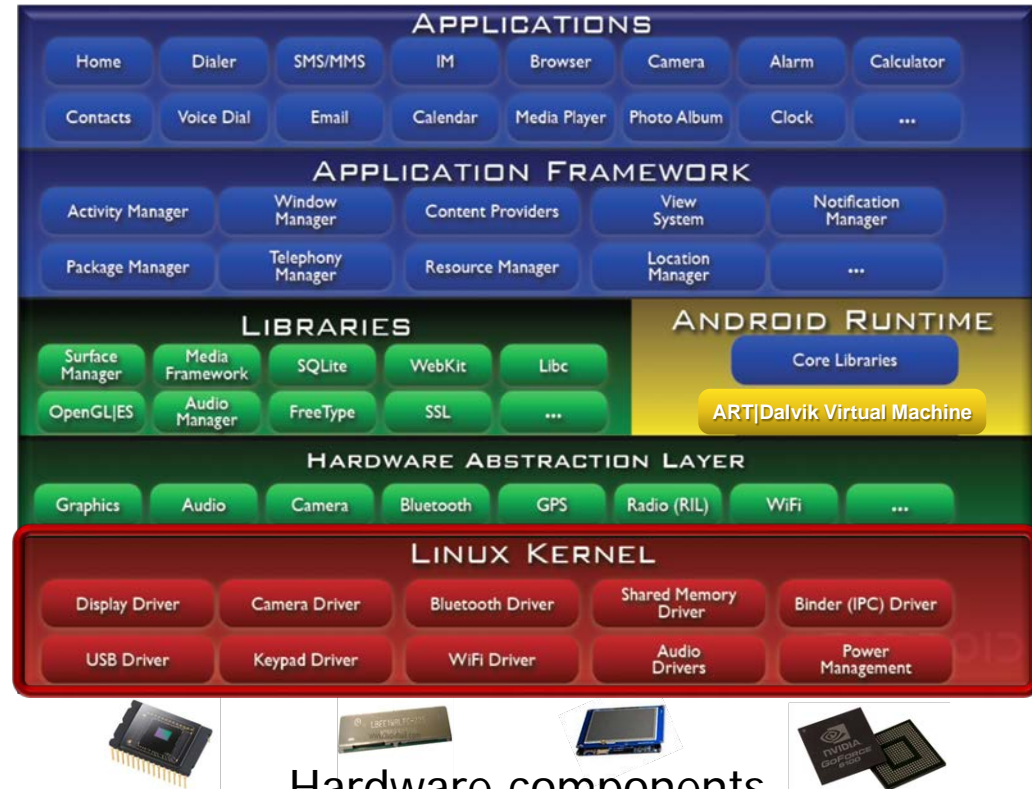
See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Digital\\_signal\\_processor](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Digital_signal_processor)

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# Overview of the Android Linux Kernel

# Overview of Android Layers: Android Linux Kernel

- Android Linux is a variant of the GNU Linux operating system (OS) kernel



Hardware components

See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Linux\\_kernel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Linux_kernel)

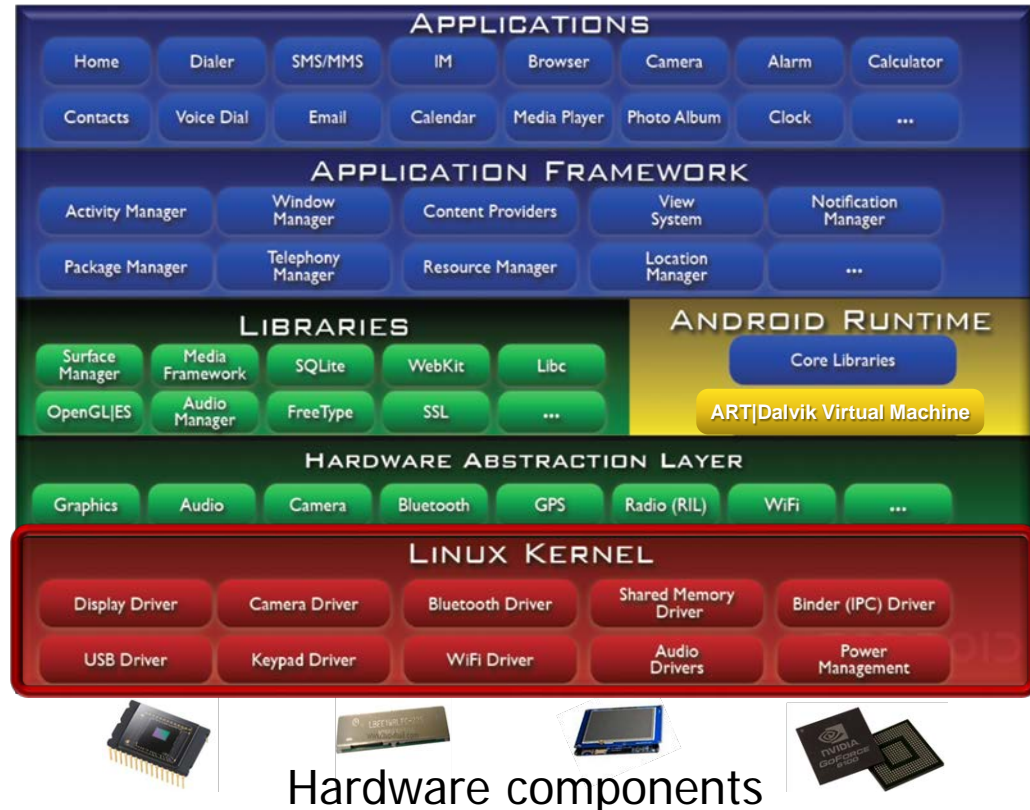


# Overview of Android Layers: Android Linux Kernel

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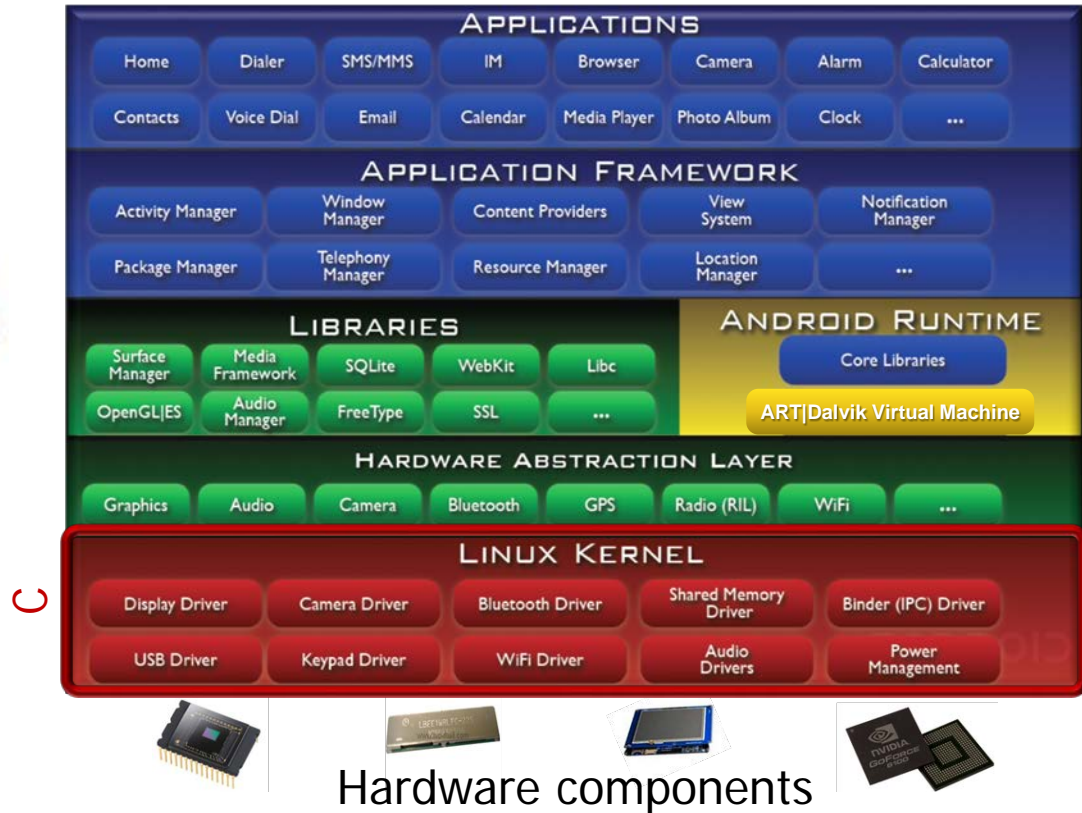
*Android Linux kernel is written in C & ships separately from rest of Android stack*



See [source.android.com/source/building-kernels.html#downloading-sources](https://source.android.com/source/building-kernels.html#downloading-sources)

# Overview of Android Layers: Android Linux Kernel

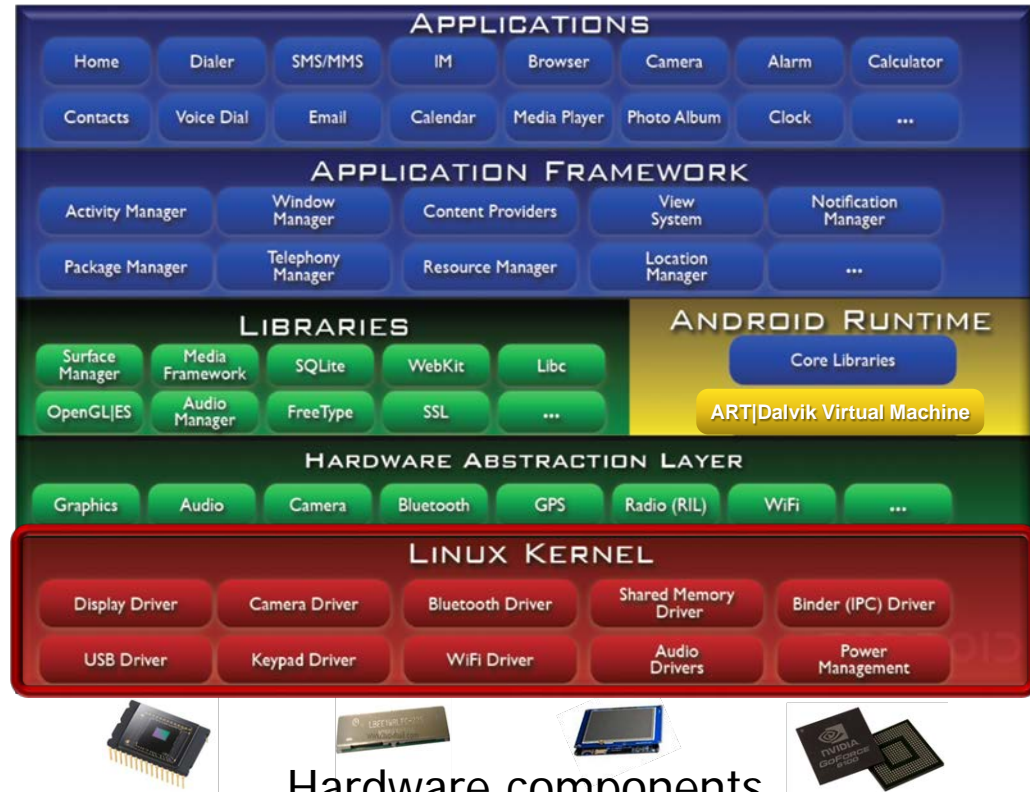
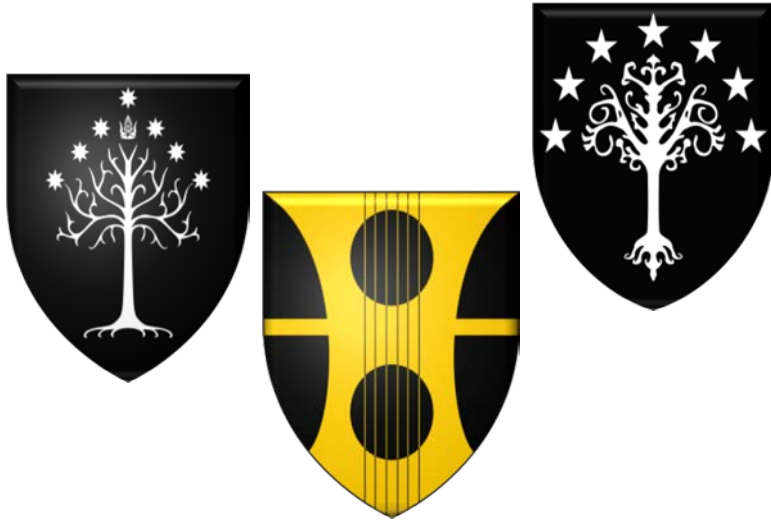
- Android Linux is a variant of the GNU Linux operating system (OS) kernel
  - Optimized to meet the needs of mobile devices & apps



See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Android\\_\(operating\\_system\)#Linux\\_kernel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Android_(operating_system)#Linux_kernel)

# Overview of Android Layers: Android Linux Kernel

- Android Linux is a variant of the GNU Linux operating system (OS) kernel
  - Optimized to meet the needs of mobile devices & apps
  - Shields higher Android layers from hardware diversity

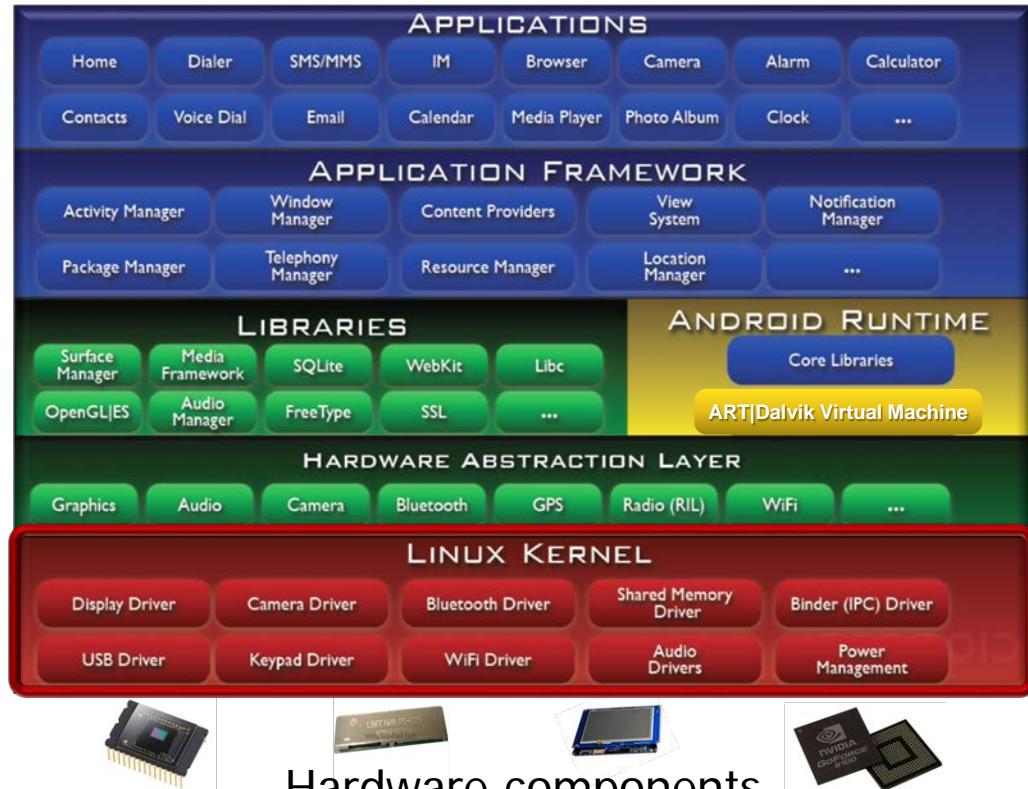
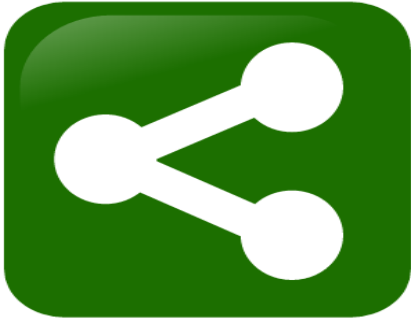


See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\\_of\\_Linux-supported\\_computer\\_architectures](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_Linux-supported_computer_architectures)



# Overview of Android Layers: Android Linux Kernel

- Android Linux is a variant of the GNU Linux operating system (OS) kernel
  - Optimized to meet the needs of mobile devices & apps
  - Shields higher Android layers from hardware diversity
  - Mediates access to—and sharing of—hardware resources

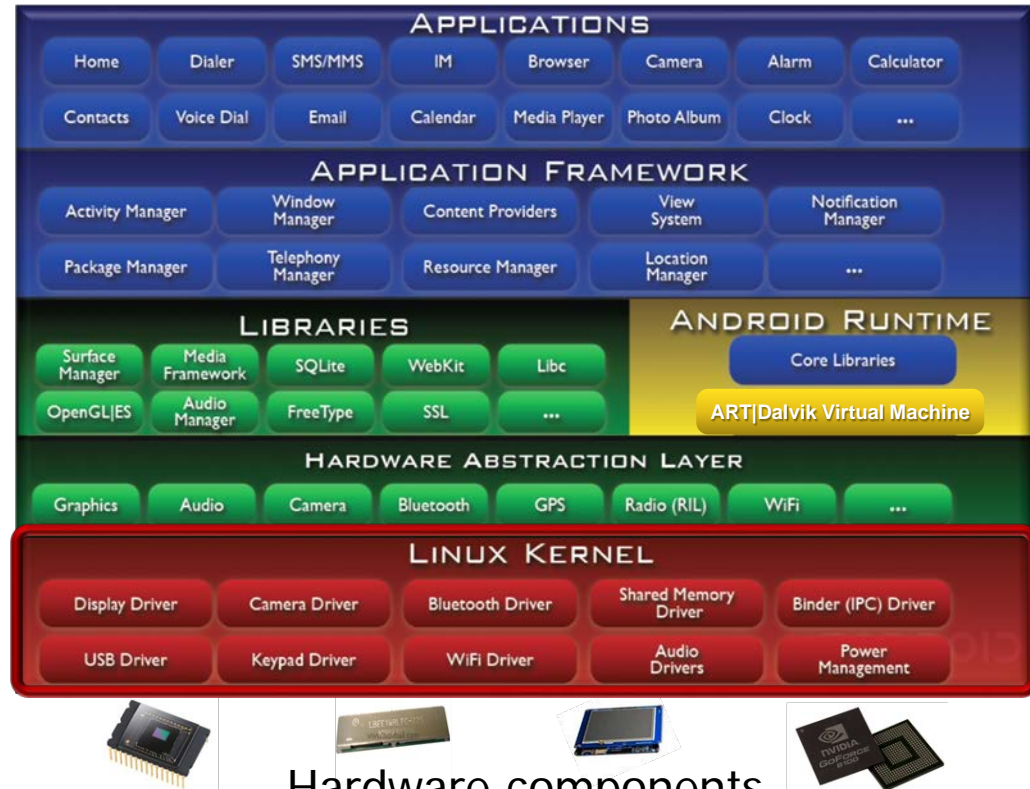
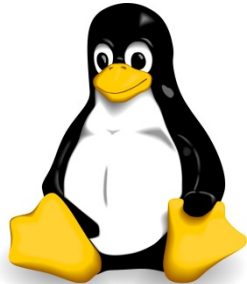


Hardware components

See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kernel\\_\(operating\\_system\)#Functions\\_of\\_the\\_kernel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kernel_(operating_system)#Functions_of_the_kernel)

# Overview of Android Layers: Android Linux Kernel

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  - Shields higher Android layers from hardware diversity
  - Mediates access to—and sharing of—hardware resources
- Extends GNU Linux

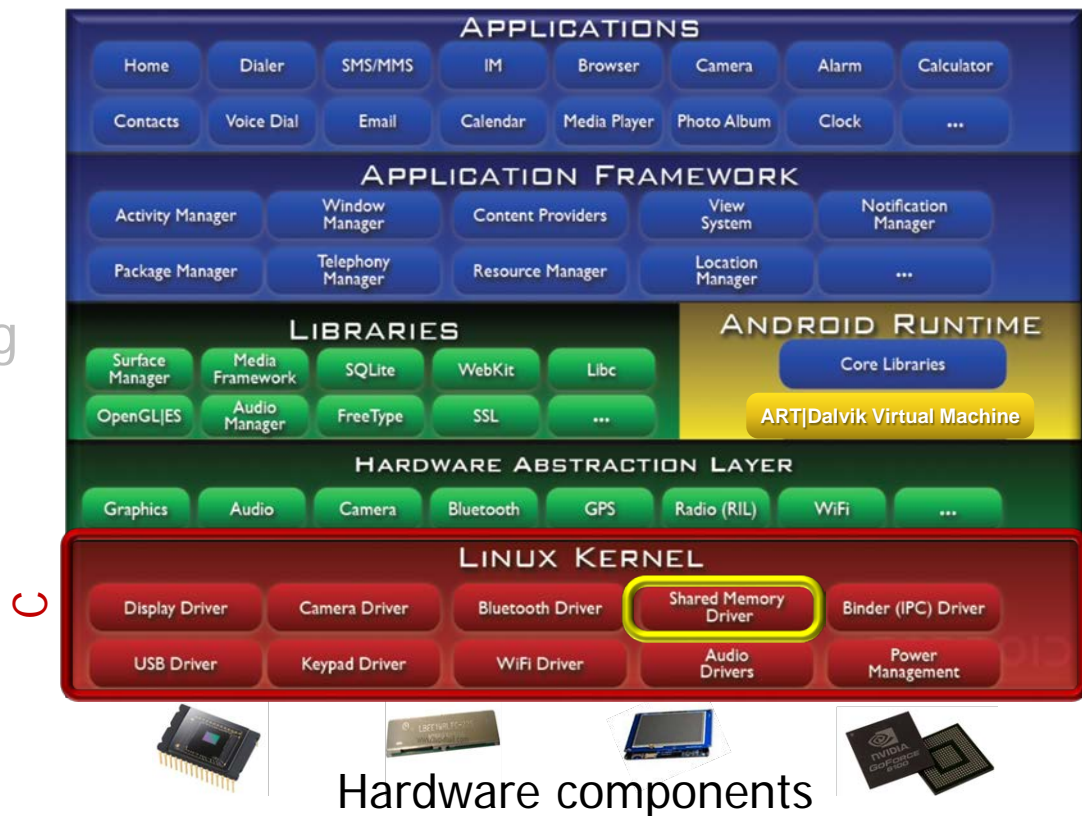


See [elinux.org/Android\\_Kernel\\_Features](http://elinux.org/Android_Kernel_Features)



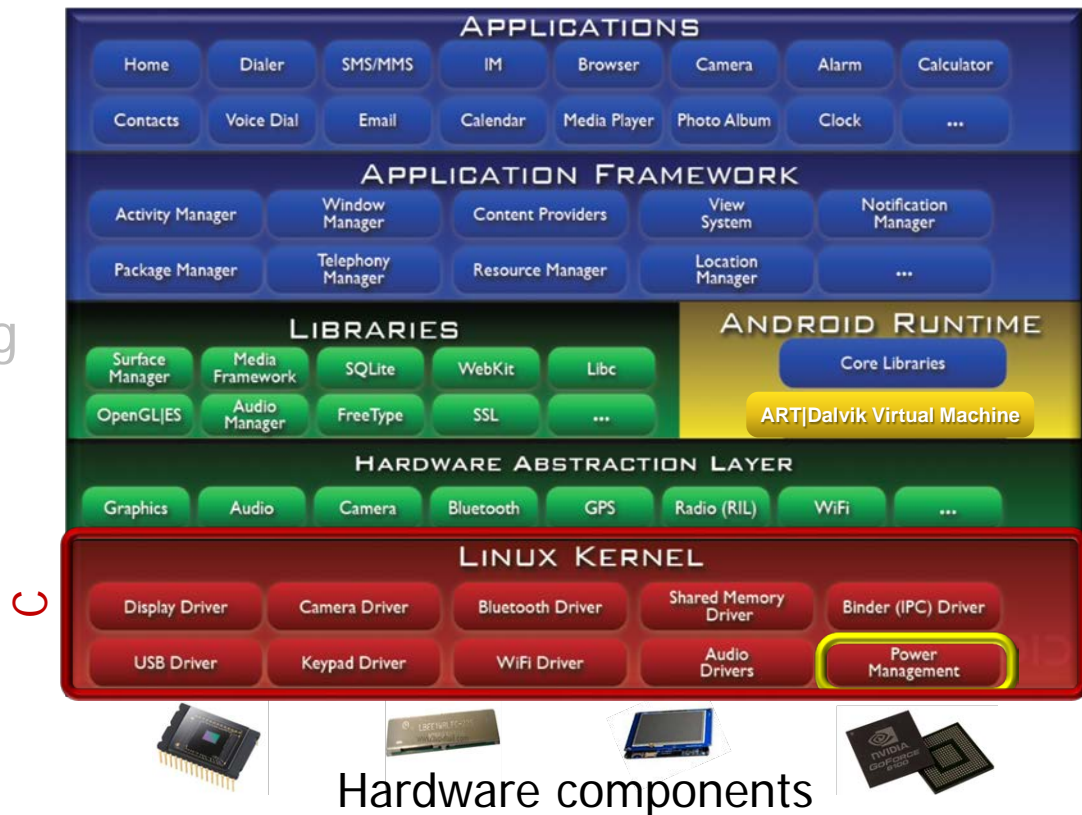
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  - Mediates access to—and sharing of—hardware resources
  - Extends GNU Linux, e.g.
    - conserve memory



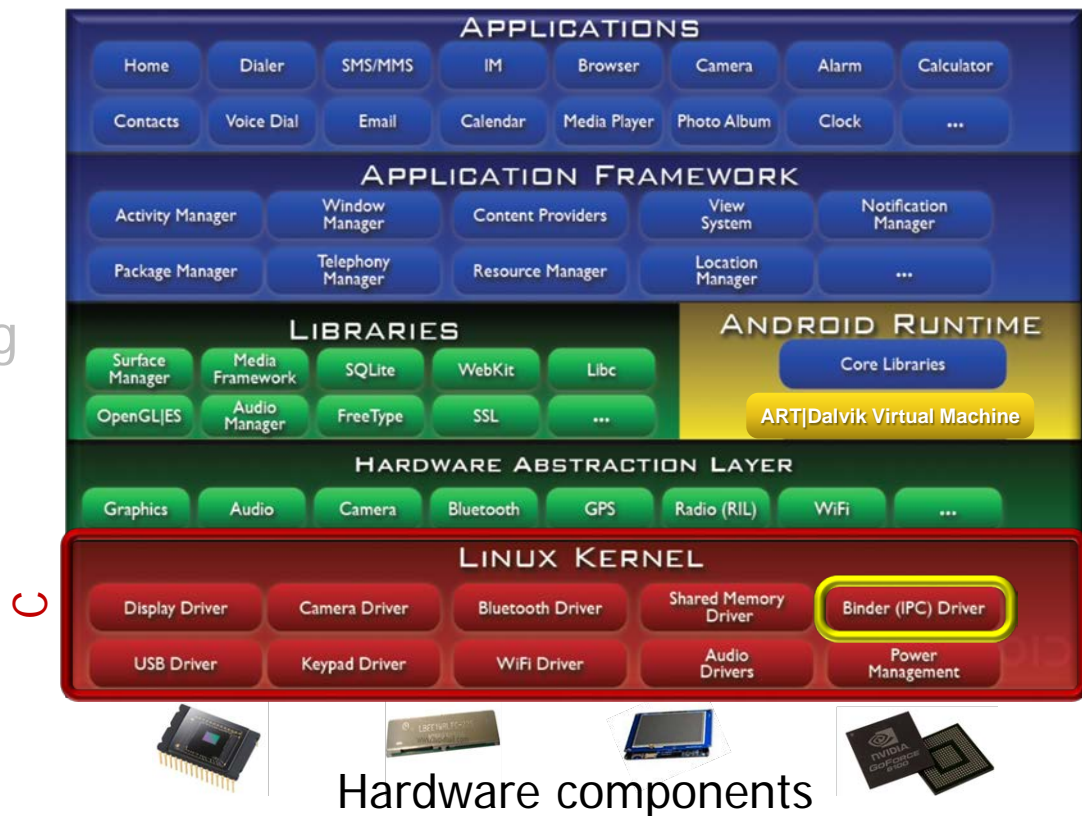
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  - conserve memory
  - manage power



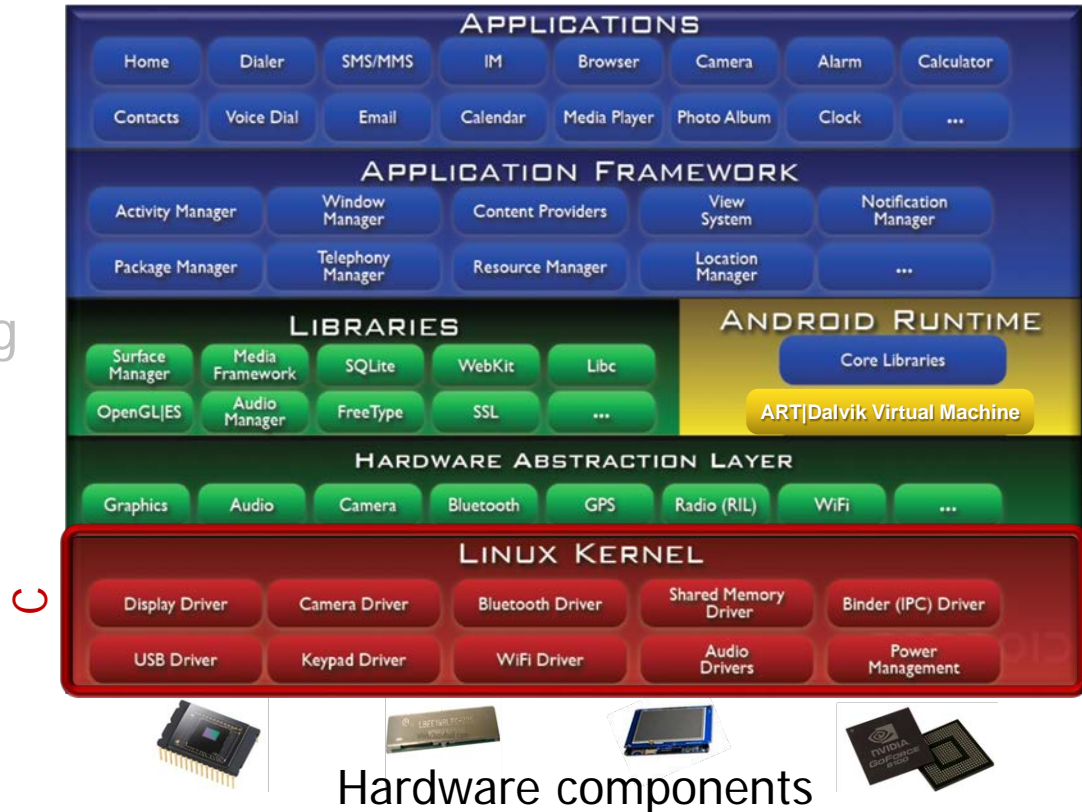
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- Extends GNU Linux, e.g.
  - conserve memory
  - manage power
  - accelerate communication



# Overview of Android Layers: Android Linux Kernel

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- Extends GNU Linux, e.g.
  - conserve memory
  - manage power
  - accelerate communication

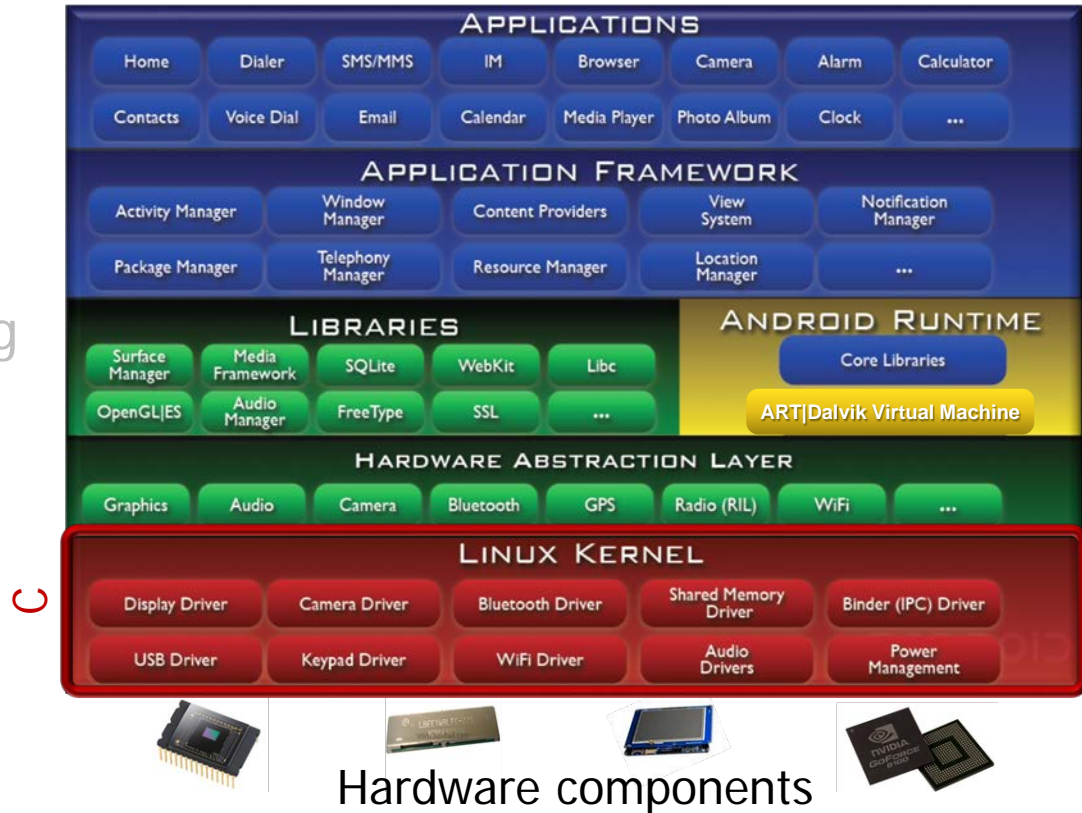


See [elinux.org/Android\\_Mainlining\\_Project](http://elinux.org/Android_Mainlining_Project)



# Overview of Android Layers: Android Linux Kernel

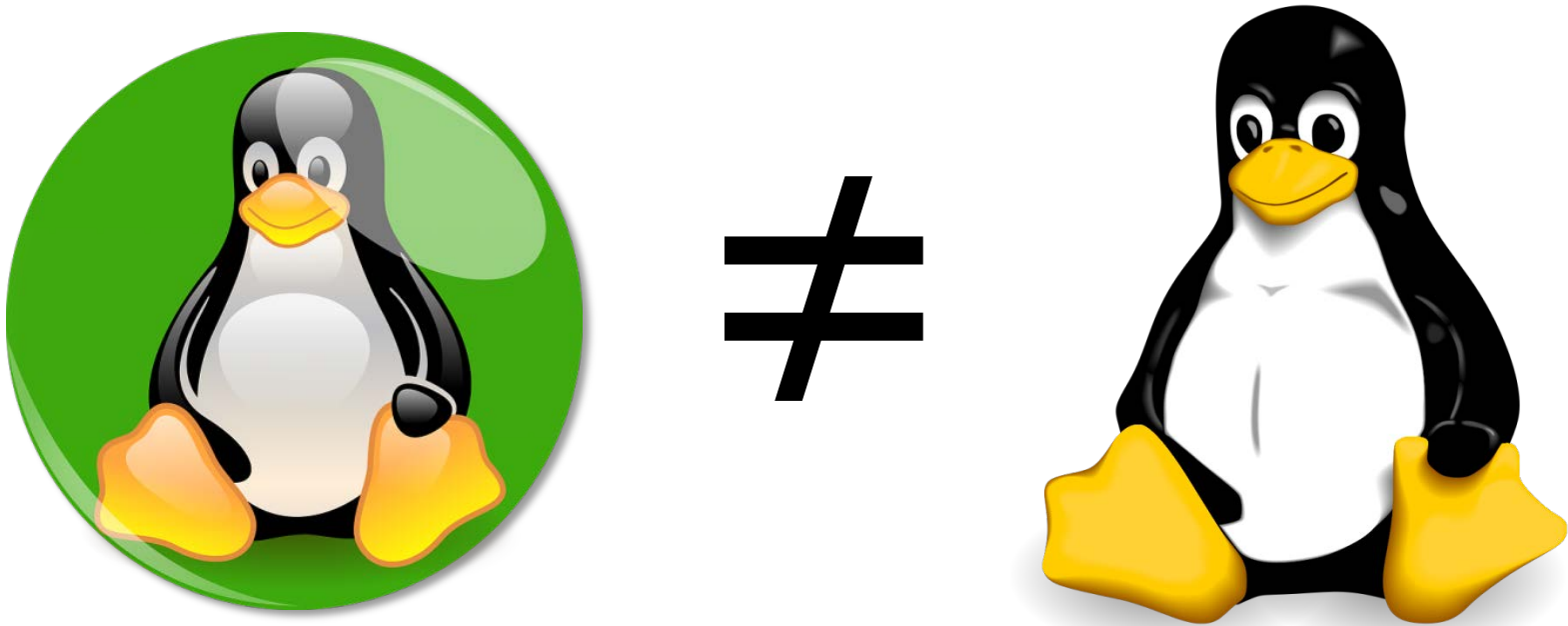
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# Overview of Android Layers: Android Linux Kernel

- The Android Linux kernel is a forked version of the GNU Linux kernel



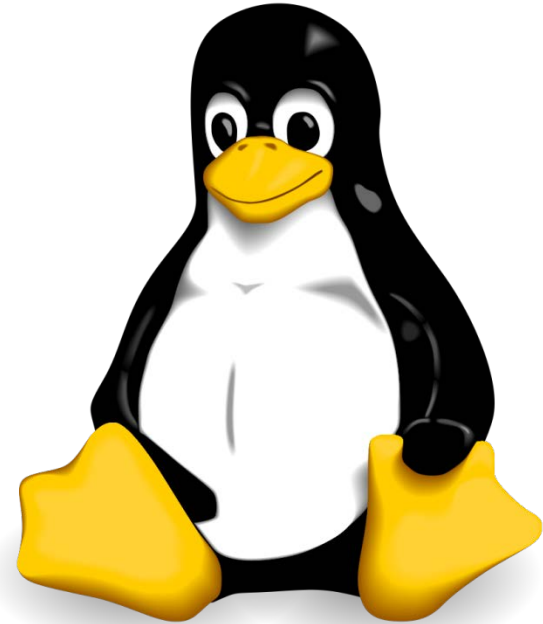
See [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fork\\_\(software\\_development\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fork_(software_development))

# Overview of Android Layers: Android Linux Kernel

- The Android Linux kernel is a forked version of the GNU Linux kernel
  - It therefore isn't entirely compatible with the GNU Linux kernel



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However, Android Linux kernel offers familiar/robust capabilities for mobile apps

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# End of the Overview of Android (Part 1): Hardware & OS Kernel