Overview of Spring Boot Software Patterns

Douglas C. Schmidt

<u>d.schmidt@vanderbilt.edu</u>

www.dre.vanderbilt.edu/~schmidt

Professor of Computer Science

Institute for Software Integrated Systems

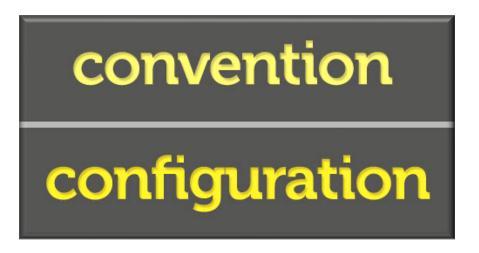
Vanderbilt University Nashville, Tennessee, USA





Learning Objectives in this Lesson

 Recognize Spring Boot's key design approach & pattern



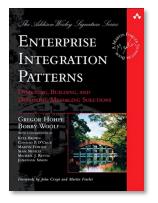
Reasonable Defaults

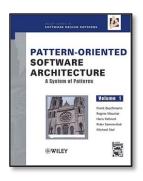
Only Specify the Unconventional Bits

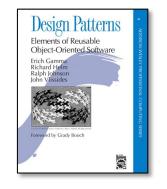
Reduces the Number of Decisions You Have to Make

Learning Objectives in this Lesson

- Recognize Spring Boot's key design approach & pattern
- Be aware of other patterns implemented by Spring Boot









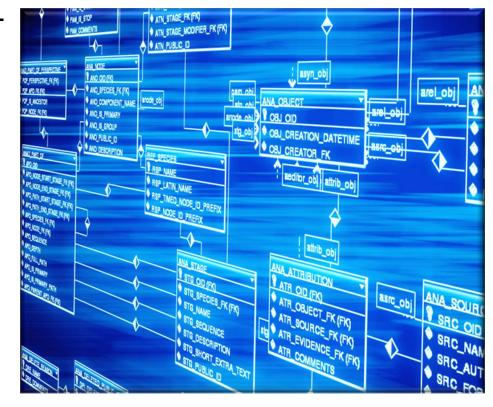




 Spring Boot applies the "Conventionover-configuration" software pattern



- Spring Boot applies the "Conventionover-configuration" software pattern
 - The goal is to create web apps by refining a general reusable "blueprint"



- Spring Boot applies the "Conventionover-configuration" software pattern
 - The goal is to create web apps by refining a general reusable "blueprint"
 - Software frameworks use this pattern to decrease the number of decisions developers using the framework must make, without sacrificing flexibility

Reasonable Defaults Only Specify the Unconventional Bits

Eliminates Distractions

- Spring Boot applies the "Conventionover-configuration" software pattern
 - The goal is to create web apps by refining a general reusable "blueprint"
 - Software frameworks use this pattern to decrease the number of decisions developers using the framework must make, without sacrificing flexibility
 - Also known as "Opinionated" defaults configuration..

What is Spring-Boot's Opinionated Strategy?

Spring-Boot's Opinionated Defaults **Configuration** is more of a strategy to eliminate boilerplate and configurations meant to improve unit testing, development, and integration test procedures. It decides the defaults to use for configuration and the packages to install based on the dependencies requirement.

See www.fusion-reactor.com/blog/technical-blogs/what-is-spring-boot

- Reasonable defaults
 - e.g., if there is a class Sales in the model, the corresponding table in the database is called "sales" by default

Reasonable Defaults

Only Specify the Unconventional Bits

Eliminates Distractions

- Only specify the unconventional bits
 - e.g., if there's a deviate from conventions, it's necessary to write code regarding these divergent names
 - Such as calling a table "product sales" instead of "sales"



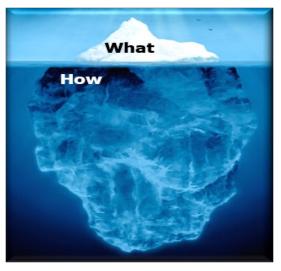
Eliminates distractions



Reasonable Defaults Only Specify the Unconventional Bits

Eliminates Distractions

- Eliminates distractions, e.g.,
 - There's no need to program lowlevel network details directly
 - Instead leverage declarative configuration mechanisms



Reasonable Defaults

Only Specify the Unconventional Bits

Reduces the Number of Decisions You Have to Make

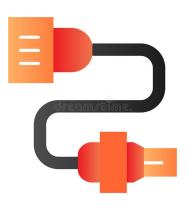
- Eliminates distractions, e.g.,
 - There's no need to program lowlevel network details directly
 - Have the infrastructure manage the event loop(s) via IoC



Reasonable Defaults Only Specify the Unconventional Bits

Eliminates Distractions

- Reduces the # of decisions you have to make
 - e.g., the auto-wiring of fields to their implementations is handled automatically



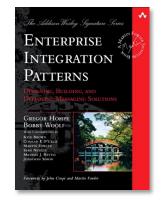


See www.baeldung.com/spring-autowire

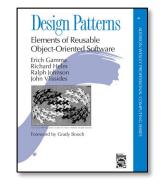
Overview of Spring Boot's Other Patterns

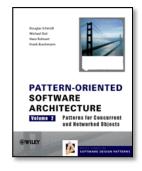
Overview of Spring Boot's Other Patterns

- Spring Boot also implements many other software patterns documented in the literature
 - e.g., Broker, Proxy, Factory Method, Resource Pool, Component Configurator, Model-View-Controller, etc.













End of Overview of Spring Boot Software Patterns