Java 8 Parallel Stream Internals

(Part 2)

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Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Understand parallel stream internals, e.g.
- Know what can change & what can’t
- Partition a parallel stream data source into “chunks”

Partitioning a Parallel Stream
A “splittable iterator” (spliterator) partitions a Java 8 parallel stream into chunks.

See docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/Spliterator.html
We've shown how a spliterator can traverse elements in a source

```java
List<String> quote = Arrays.asList("This ", "above ", "all- ",
  "to ", "thine ", "own ",
  "self ", "be ", "true", ",\n", ...");

for (Spliterator<String> s = quote.spliterator();
   s.tryAdvance(System.out::println) != false;
)
  continue;
```

See “Overview of Java Streams (Part 3)”
Partitioning a Parallel Stream

- We now outline how a parallel spliterator can *partition* all elements in a source.
We now outline how a parallel spliterator can partition all elements in a source.

The streams framework calls a spliterator’s `trySplit()` method, not a user’s app.

**Partitioning a Parallel Stream**

```
Spliterator<T> trySplit() {
    if (input is below minimum size)
        return null
    else {
        split input in 2 (even-sized) chunks
        return a spliterator for “left chunk”
    }
}
```
We now outline how a parallel spliterator can partition all elements in a source.

```java
Spliterator<T> trySplit() {
    if (input is below minimum size)
        return null
    else {
        split input in 2 (even-sized) chunks
        return a spliterator for "left chunk"
    }
}
```

trySplit() attempts to split the input evenly if it's not below the minimum size.
We now outline how a parallel spliterator can **partition** all elements in a source.

```java
trySplit()
```

A spliterator usually needs no synchronization nor does it need a “join” phase!
Partitioning a Parallel Stream

- We now outline how a parallel spliterator can partition all elements in a source.

```java
Spliterator<T> trySplit() {
    if (input is below minimum size)
        return null
    else {
        split input in 2 (even-sized) chunks
        return a spliterator for "left chunk"
    }
}
```

`trySplit()` is called recursively until all chunks are below the minimize size.
We now outline how a parallel spliterator can partition all elements in a source.

```
trySplit() {
    if (input is below minimum size)
        return null
    else {
        split input in 2 (even-sized) chunks
        return a spliterator for “left chunk”
    }
}
```

trySplit() is finished when a chunk is below the minimize size.
We now outline how a parallel spliterator can *partition* all elements in a source.

```java
Spliterator<T> trySplit() {
    if (input is below minimum size)
        return null
    else {
        split input in 2 (even-sized) chunks
        return a spliterator for "left chunk"
    }
}
```

When null is returned the streams framework processes this chunk sequentially.
Partitioning a Parallel Stream

• Some collections split evenly & efficiently, e.g., ArrayList

```java
ArrayListSpliterator<E> trySplit() {
    int hi = getFence(), lo = index, mid = (lo + hi) >>> 1;
    // divide range in half unless too small
    return lo >= mid ? null : new ArrayListSpliterator<E>(
        list, lo, index = mid, ...);
}
```

```java
boolean tryAdvance(Consumer<? super E> action) {
    ...
    if (index < getFence()) {
        action.accept((E) list.elementData[i]); ... return true;
    } return false;
}
```

See openjdk/8u40-b25/java/util/ArrayList.java
Partitioning a Parallel Stream

- Other collections do *not* split evenly & efficiently, e.g., LinkedList

```java
Spliterator<E> trySplit() { ...
    int n = batch + BATCH_UNIT, j = 0; Object[] a = new Object[n];
    do { a[j++] = p.item; }
    while ((p = p.next) != null && j < n); ...
    return Spliterators.spliterator(a, 0, j, Spliterator.ORDERED);
}

boolean tryAdvance(Consumer<? super E> action) { ...
    Node<E> p;
    if (getEst() > 0 && (p = current) != null) {
        --est; E e = p.item; current = p.next;
        action.accept(e); return true;
    } return false;
}
```

See [openjdk/8u40-b25/java/util/LinkedList.java](openjdk/8u40-b25/java/util/LinkedList.java)
Partitioning a Parallel Stream

- We cover more parallel spliterator implementation details later

See “Java 8 SearchWithParallelStream Example (Part 1)”
End of Java 8 Parallel Stream Internals (Part 2)