Introduction to Safe Publication in Java



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Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

 Understand what "safe publication" means in the context of Java objects running in concurrent programs





See <u>flylib.com/books/en/2.558.1/safe_publication.html</u>

- A Java object that's shared across threads must meet several criteria
 - They must be constructed properly



See shipilev.net/blog/2014/safe-public-construction

- A Java object that's shared across threads must meet several criteria
 - They must be constructed properly
 - If the this reference "escapes" during construction the object is *not* properly constructed



```
public class ThisEscape {
  public ThisEscape
  (EventSource source) {
    source
    .registerListener
      (new EventListener() {
        public void
        onEvent(Event event) {
            doSomething(event);
            }
        });
  }
}
```

See vlkan.com/blog/post/2014/02/14/java-safe-publication

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 doSomething(event);
 }
 });
 }
}

Implicitly publishes the enclosing **ThisEscape** object because inner class instances contain a hidden reference to the enclosing object

See <u>vlkan.com/blog/post/2014/02/14/java-safe-publication</u>

- A Java object that's shared across threads must meet several criteria
 - They must be constructed properly
 - They must be "published safely"



See shipilev.net/blog/2014/safe-public-construction

- A Java object that's shared across threads must meet several criteria
 - They must be constructed properly
 - They must be "published safely"
 - Safe publication ensures all values written within a thread *before* the publication are visible to all reader threads that observe the published object



This "object-level" property can be viewed as a generalization of "operation-level" atomic operations discussed in earlier lessons

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 - They must be constructed properly
 - They must be "published safely"
 - Safe publication ensures all values written within a thread *before* the publication are visible to all reader threads that observe the published object
 - Storing a object reference into a public field is insufficient to publish that object safely



```
class A {
  public ArrayList<String>
   mList;
  public void initialize() {
   mList = new ArrayList<>()
```

```
Array.asList(...);
```

```
}
```

}

```
// Thread T1
A a = new A();
a.initialize();
```

// Thread T2
doSomething(a.mList);

This problem only arises in multi-threaded programs on multi-core CPUs

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```
class A {
  public ArrayList<String>
    mList;
  public void initialize()
    mList = new ArrayList<>(
      Array.asList(...);
  }
        Initialize a field in thread T<sub>1</sub>
}
// Thread T1
A a = new A();
a.initialize();
// Thread T2
```

doSomething(a.mList);

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class A {
  public ArrayList<String>
    mList;
  public void initialize()
    mList = new ArrayList<>(
      Array.asList(...);
  }
}
// Thread T1
A a = new A();
a.initialize();
// Thread T2
doSomething(a.mList);
```

mList is not guaranteed to be initialized when thread T_2 gets a reference to object a

End of Introduction to Safe Publication in Java