

How to Implement Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors

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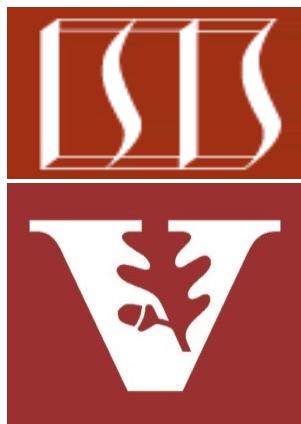
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Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Understand the structure & functionality of non-concurrent collectors for sequential streams
- Know the API for non-concurrent collectors
- Recognize how to apply pre-defined non-concurrent collectors
- Be able to implement custom non-concurrent collectors

```
interface Collector<T, A, R> {
    ...
    static<T, R>
        Collector<T, R, R> of(
            Supplier<R> supplier,
            BiConsumer<R, T>
                accumulator,
            BinaryOperator<R>
                combiner,
            Function<A, R>
                finisher,
            Characteristics...
            chars) {
    ...
}
```

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- Understand the structure & functionality of non-concurrent collectors for sequential streams
- Know the API for non-concurrent collectors
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- Be able to implement custom non-concurrent collectors
 - e.g., we analyze several implementations of non-concurrent collectors from the SimpleSearchStream program



Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 1)

Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 1)

- The SearchResults.toString() method uses Collector.of() to format results

```
public String toString() {  
    ...  
    mList.stream()  
        .collect(Collector.of(() -> new StringJoiner(" | ") ,  
                (j, r) -> j.add(r.toString()) ,  
                StringJoiner::merge,  
                StringJoiner::toString));  
    ...  
}
```



(j, r) -> j.add(r.toString()) ,

*SearchResults's custom
collector formats itself*

StringJoiner::merge,
StringJoiner::toString));
...
}

See [SimpleSearchStream/src/main/java/search/SearchResults.java](#)

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```
public String toString() {  
    ...  
    mList.stream()  
        .collect(Collector.of(() -> new StringJoiner(" | ") ,  
    
```

*Factory method creates a new collector
via the five-param of() method version*

```
(j, r) -> j.add(r.toString()) ,
```

```
StringJoiner::merge,  
StringJoiner::toString)); ...
```



Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 1)

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public String toString() {  
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                    (j, r) -> j.add(r.toString()) ,  
                    StringJoiner::merge,  
                    StringJoiner::toString));  
    ...  
}
```

*This lambda supplier creates
the mutable result container*



```
(j, r) -> j.add(r.toString()) ,  
                    StringJoiner::merge,  
                    StringJoiner::toString));  
    ...  
}
```

See docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/StringJoiner.html

Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 1)

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```
public String toString() {  
    ...  
    mList.stream()  
        .collect(Collector.of(() -> new StringJoiner(" | ") ,  
    
```



(j, r) -> j.add(r.toString()) ,

This lambda BiConsumer adds a new String to the StringJoiner

```
StringJoiner::merge,  
StringJoiner::toString)); ...
```

(j, r) is equivalent to (StringJoiner j, SearchResults.Result r)

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    mList.stream()  
        .collect(Collector.of(() -> new StringJoiner(" | ") ,  
                    (j, r) -> j.add(r.toString()) ) ,  
                    StringJoiner::merge,  
                    StringJoiner::toString));  
    ...  
}
```



```
(j, r) -> j.add(r.toString()) ,  
                    StringJoiner::merge,  
                    StringJoiner::toString));  
    ...  
}
```

Combine two StringJoiners

```
StringJoiner::merge,  
StringJoiner::toString));  
    ...  
}
```

This combiner is only used for parallel streams

Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 1)

- The SearchResults.toString() method uses Collector.of() to format results

```
public String toString() {  
    ...  
    mList.stream()  
        .collect(Collector.of(() -> new StringJoiner(" | ") ,  
    
```

```
(j, r) -> j.add(r.toString()) ,
```

*This finisher converts a
StringJoiner to a String*

```
StringJoiner::merge ,  
StringJoiner::toString)); ...
```



Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 1)

- The SearchResults.toString() method uses Collector.of() to format results

```
public String toString() {  
    ...  
    mList.stream()  
        .collect(Collector.of(() -> new StringJoiner(" | "),  
        (j, r) -> j.add(r.toString())),  
        StringJoiner::merge,  
        StringJoiner::toString));  
    ...  
}
```

Only four params are passed to of() since Characteristics... is an optional parameter!



```
(j, r) -> j.add(r.toString()),  
        StringJoiner::merge,  
        StringJoiner::toString));  
    ...  
}
```

Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 2)

Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 2)

- The WordSearcher.toDownstreamCollector() also uses Collector.of()

```
static Collector<SearchResults, List<SearchResults.Result>,
                  List<SearchResults.Result>>
toDownstreamCollector() {
    return Collector.of
        (ArrayList::new,
         (rl, sr) -> rl.addAll(sr.getResultList()),
         StreamUtils::concat);
}
```

Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 2)

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static Collector<SearchResults, List<SearchResults.Result>,
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{
    return Collector.of
        (ArrayList::new,
         (rl, sr) -> rl.addAll(sr.getResultList()),
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}
```

`toDownstreamCollector()`

This factory method creates a downstream collector that merges results lists together

See [SimpleSearchStream/src/main/java/search/WordSearcher.java](#)

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}
```

*Factory method creates a new collector
via the four-param of() method version*

Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 2)

- The WordSearcher.toDownstreamCollector() also uses Collector.of()

```
static Collector<SearchResults, List<SearchResults.Result>,
                  List<SearchResults.Result>>
toDownstreamCollector() {
    return Collector.of
        (ArrayList::new, ——————Make a mutable results list  
container from an array list
         (rl, sr) -> rl.addAll(sr.getResultList()) ,
          StreamUtils::concat);
}
```

Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 2)

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```
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toDownstreamCollector() {
    return Collector.of
        (ArrayList::new,
         (rl, sr) -> rl.addAll(sr.getResultList()),
         StreamUtils::concat);
}
```

Accumulate all result objects from a SearchResults object into the results list

Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 2)

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```
static Collector<SearchResults, List<SearchResults.Result>,
                  List<SearchResults.Result>>
toDownstreamCollector() {
    return Collector.of
        (ArrayList::new,
         (rl, sr) -> rl.addAll(sr.getResultList()),
         StreamUtils::concat);
}
```

Merge two results lists into one results list (only used for parallel streams)

```
static <T> List<T> concat(List<T> l1, List<T> l2)
{ l1.addAll(l2); return l1; }
```

See [SimpleSearchStream/src/main/java/utils/StreamUtils.java](#)

Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 2)

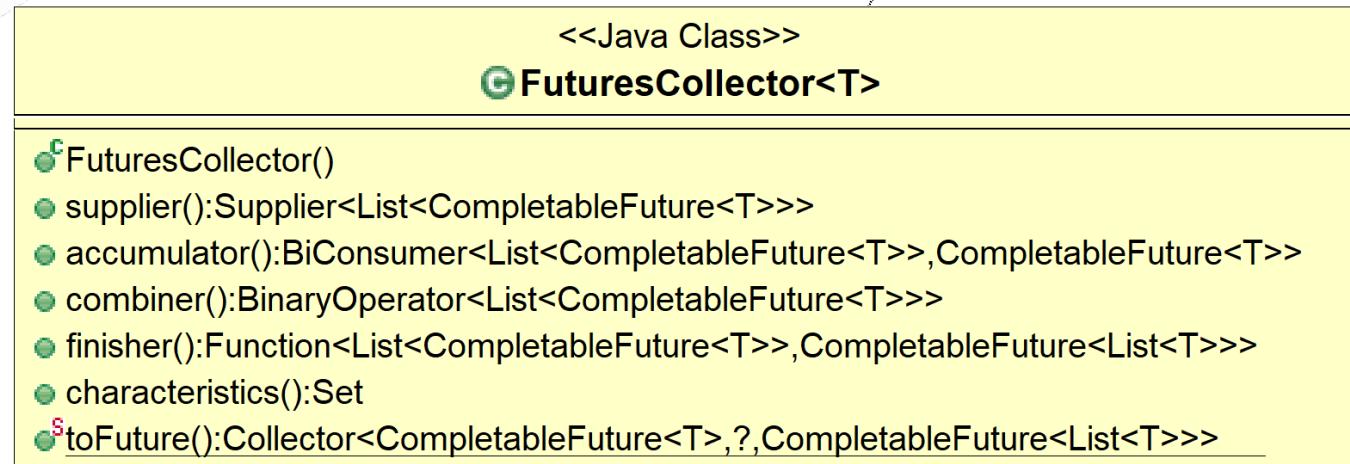
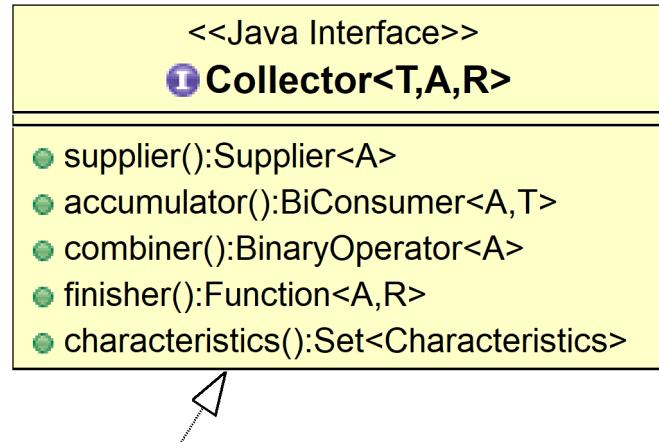
- The WordSearcher.toDownstreamCollector() also uses Collector.of()

```
static Collector<SearchResults, List<SearchResults.Result>,
                  List<SearchResults.Result>>
toDownstreamCollector() {
    return Collector.of(
        ArrayList::new,
        (rl, sr) -> rl.addAll(sr.getResultList()),
        StreamUtils::concat);
}
```

Only three params are passed to of() since Characteristics... is an optional parameter!

Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 2)

- Complex custom collectors should implement the Collector interface instead of using Collector.of()



See [Java8/ex19/src/main/java/utils/FuturesCollector.java](#)

Implementing Custom Non-Concurrent Collectors (Part 2)

- More information on implementing custom collectors is available online

The screenshot shows a video player interface. At the top left is the logo for "jDays GÖTEBORG". Below it is the title "STREAMS IN JAVA 8 (PART 02/02): REDUCE VS COLLEC". Underneath the title is the subtitle "BREV. 1 / DAY 2 / 9 MARCH 2016 / 15:30-16:15" and the name "Angelika Langer, Angelika Langer Training & Consulting". To the right of the title is a video frame showing a woman speaking at a podium. The main content area contains the following Java code:

```
public void accumulate(String nextLine) {  
    if (nextLine != null) {  
        int indexOfLastEntry = result.size()-1;  
        if (indexOfLastEntry < 0) {  
            result.add(indexOfLastEntry+1,nextLine);  
        } else {  
            String current = result.get(indexOfLastEntry);  
            if (current.length() == 0)  
                result.add(indexOfLastEntry+1, nextLine);  
            else {  
                char endChar = current.charAt(current.length()-1);  
                if (endChar == '\\')  
                    result.set(indexOfLastEntry, current.substring  
                        (0, current.length()-1) + nextLine);  
                else  
                    result.add(indexOfLastEntry+1, nextLine);  
            } }  
}
```

At the bottom of the video player, there is a progress bar showing "31:28 / 51:11" and a "J DAYS ORGANIZER" button. On the right side of the video player, there are video control icons (play, pause, volume, etc.) and a "Solid Beans" logo.

See www.youtube.com/watch?v=H7VbRz9aj7c

End of How to
Implement Custom Non-
Concurrent Collectors