

The FileCount Case Study: Performance & Evaluation

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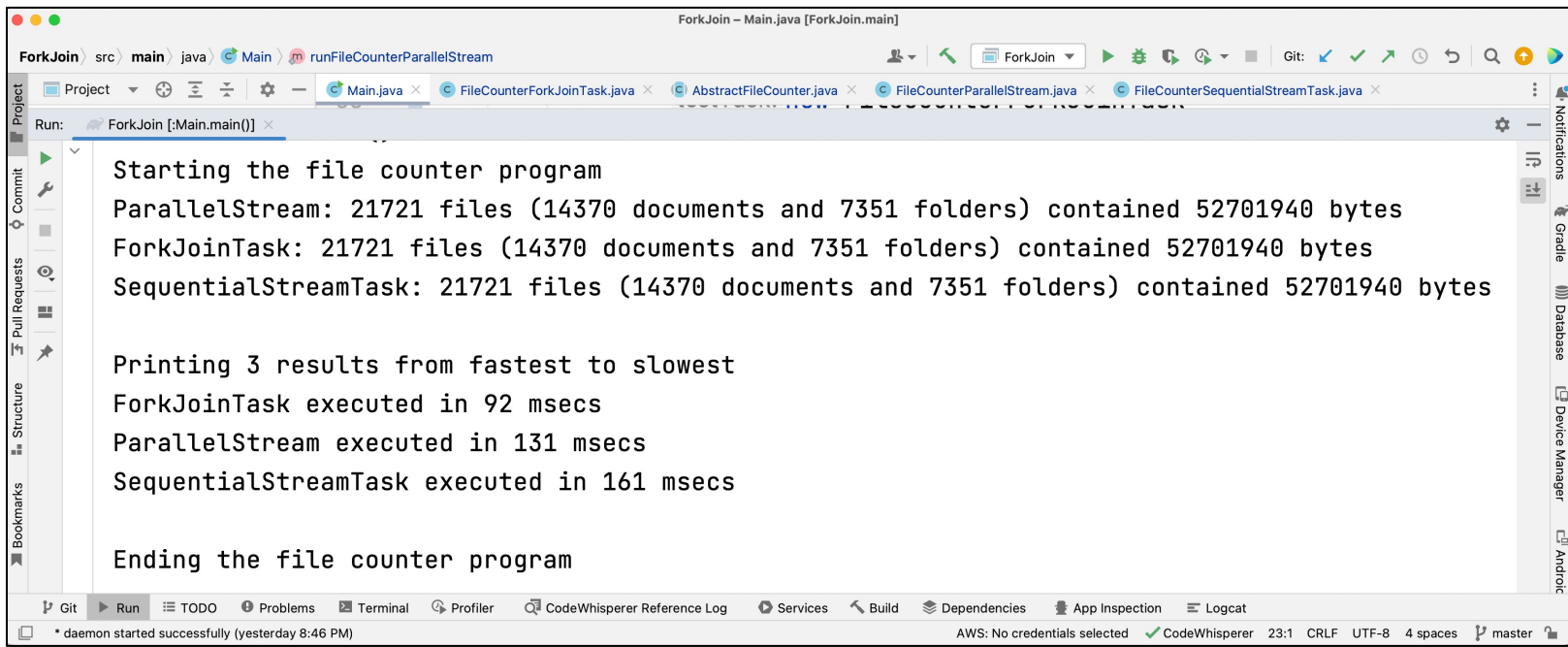
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Nashville, Tennessee, USA**



Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Understand the design of the FileCounter case study
- Walkthrough the program implementation
- Benchmark the performance & evaluate the results



```
Starting the file counter program
ParallelStream: 21721 files (14370 documents and 7351 folders) contained 52701940 bytes
ForkJoinTask: 21721 files (14370 documents and 7351 folders) contained 52701940 bytes
SequentialStreamTask: 21721 files (14370 documents and 7351 folders) contained 52701940 bytes

Printing 3 results from fastest to slowest
ForkJoinTask executed in 92 msecs
ParallelStream executed in 131 msecs
SequentialStreamTask executed in 161 msecs

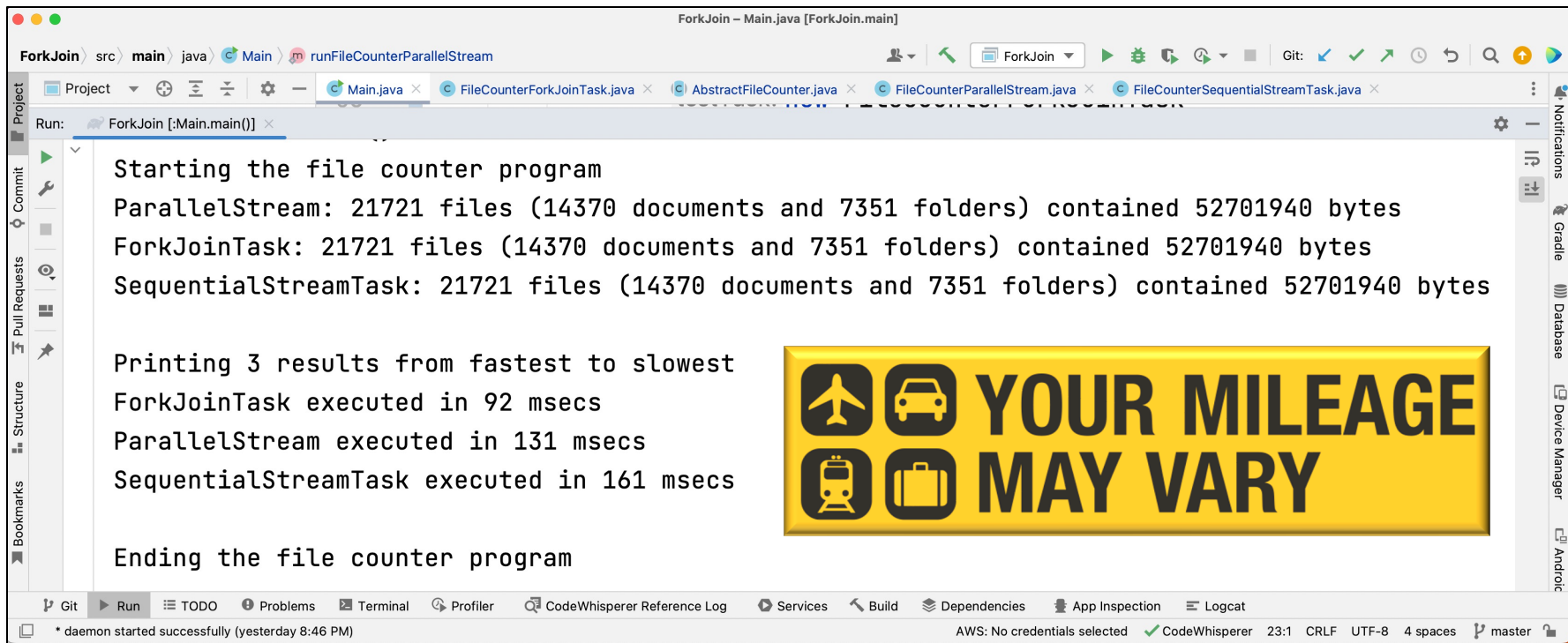
Ending the file counter program
```

See github.com/douglasraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/Folders/ForkJoin

Benchmarking the FileCounter Case Study

Benchmarking the FileCounter Case Study

- The benchmark results on my 10-core 64GB MacBook Pro are interesting, though your mileage may vary



```
ForkJoin - Main.java [ForkJoin.main]
ForkJoin > src \ main \ java \ Main \ runFileCounterParallelStream
Project
Main.java x FileCounterForkJoinTask.java x AbstractFileCounter.java x FileCounterParallelStream.java x FileCounterSequentialStreamTask.java x
Run: ForkJoin [:Main.main()] x
Starting the file counter program
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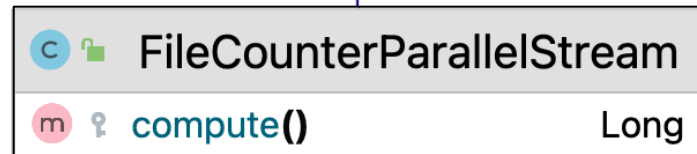
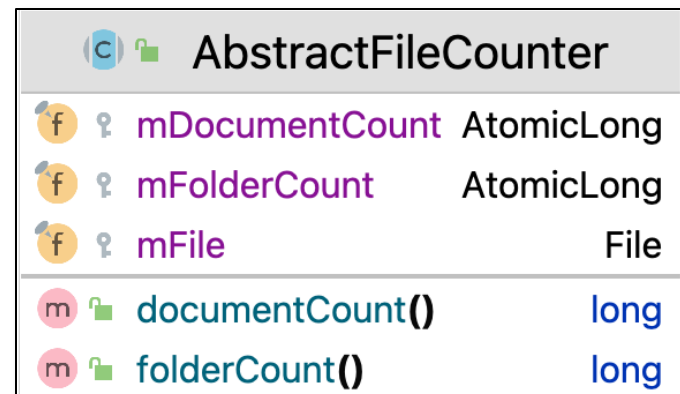
YOUR MILEAGE MAY VARY

See en.wiktionary.org/wiki/your_mileage_may_vary

Evaluating the Various Java Parallel Programming Models

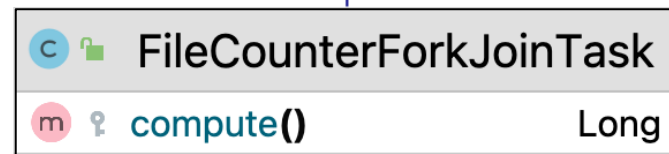
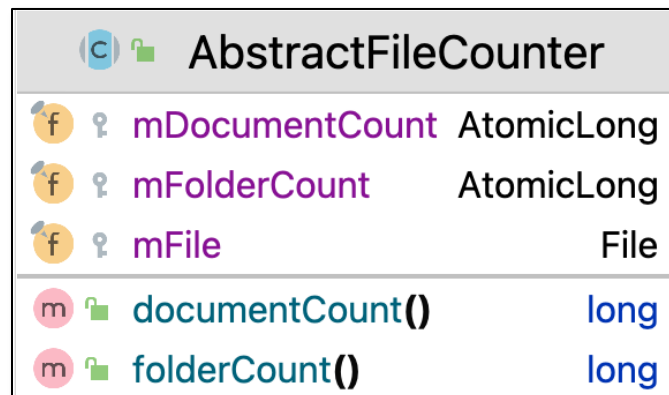
Evaluating the Various Java Parallel Programming Models

- If the goal is to simplify parallel processing without much concern for fine-grained control, the Java Parallel Streams model is a good choice



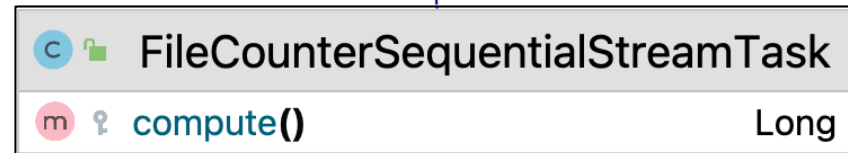
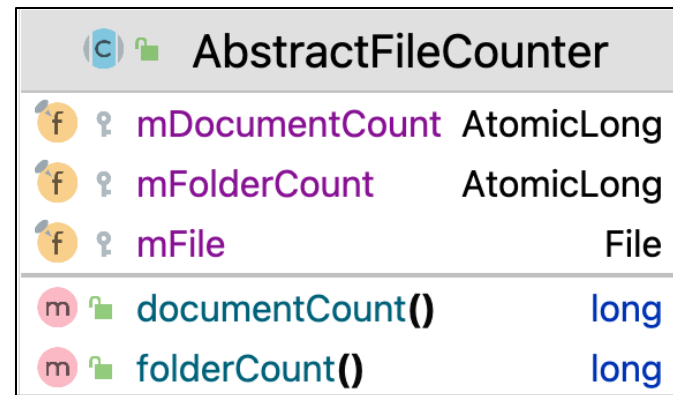
Evaluating the Various Java Parallel Programming Models

- If the goal is to simplify parallel processing without much concern for fine-grained control, the Java Parallel Streams model is a good choice
- For recursive tasks or when there's a need for more control over the parallelism, the Java Fork-Join model is suitable
 - Also doesn't require any modern Java features/JDK/JRE



Evaluating the Various Java Parallel Programming Models

- If the goal is to simplify parallel processing without much concern for fine-grained control, the Java Parallel Streams model is a good choice
- For recursive tasks or when there's a need for more control over the parallelism, the Java Fork-Join model is suitable
- When a blend of simplicity & control is desired, the combining Sequential Streams with Fork-Join is a balanced approach



End of the FileCount Case Study: FileCounterParallelStream