Java Parallel Streams Internals: Order of Results for Collections

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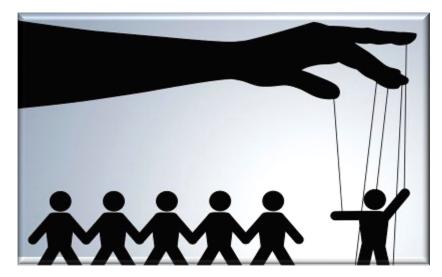
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Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Understand parallel stream internals, e.g.
 - Know what can change & what can't
 - Splitting, combining, & pooling mechanisms
 - Order of processing
 - Order of results
 - Overview
 - Collections that affect results order



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- Understand parallel stream internals, e.g.
 - Know what can change & what can't
 - Splitting, combining, & pooling mechanisms
 - Order of processing
 - Order of results
 - Overview
 - How collections affect results order

Arrays.asList(1, 2, ...);
Integer[] doubledList = list

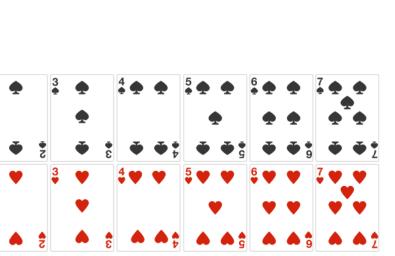
List<Integer> list =

.parallelStream()
.filter(x -> x % 2 == 0)
.map(x -> x * 2)

.toArray(Integer[]::new);

Multiple examples are analyzed in detail

- Encounter order is maintained byOrdered spliterators
 - Ordered collections
 - Static stream factory methods



Integer[] doubledList = list
 .parallelStream()
 .filter(x -> x % 2 == 0)
 .map(x -> x * 2)

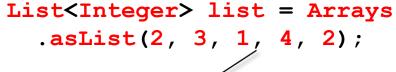
.toArray(Integer[]::new);

List<Integer> list = Arrays

.asList(2, 3, 1, 4, 2);

See www.lambdafaq.org/in-what-order-do-the-elements-of-a-stream-become-available

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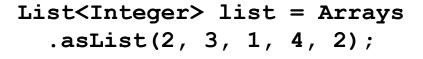


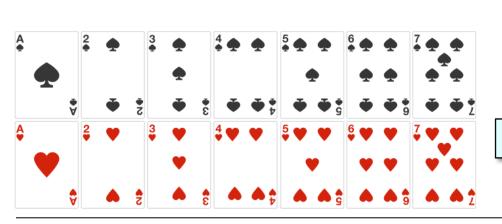
The encounter order is [2, 3, 1, 4, 2] since list is ordered & non-unique

```
Integer[] doubledList = list
   .parallelStream()
   .filter(x -> x % 2 == 0)
   .map(x -> x * 2)
   .toArray(Integer[]::new);
```

Recall that "ordered" isn't the same as "sorted"!

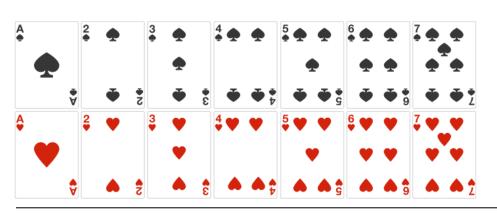
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Integer[] doubledList = list
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(x -> x % 2 == 0)
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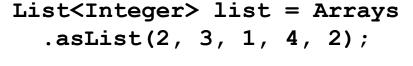
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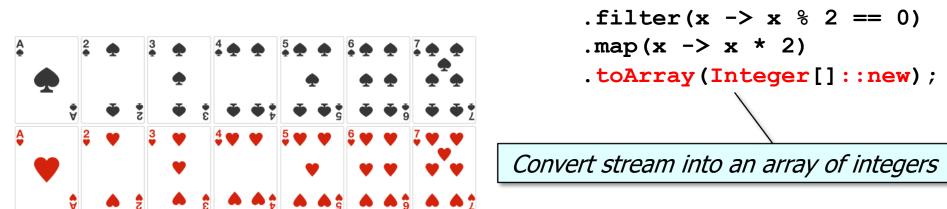


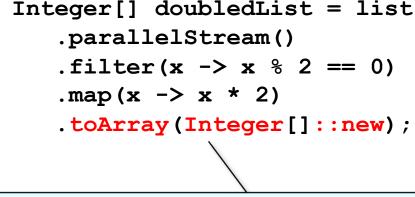
List<Integer> list = Arrays
 .asList(2, 3, 1, 4, 2);

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Integer[] doubledList = list
   .parallelStream()
   .filter(x -> x % 2 == 0)
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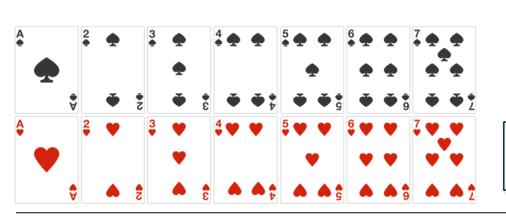






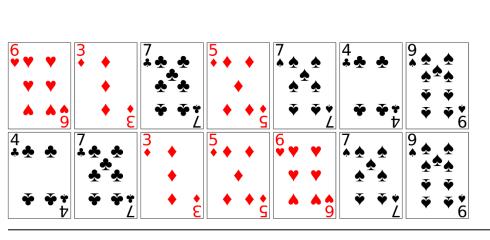
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List<Integer> list = Arrays
  .asList(2, 3, 1, 4, 2);
```



```
Integer[] doubledList = list
    .parallelStream()
    .filter(x -> x % 2 == 0)
    .map(x -> x * 2)
    .toArray(Integer[]::new);
Result must be ordered as [4, 8, 4]
since the list is an ordered collection
```

 Unordered collections don't need to respect encounter order



```
Integer[] doubledSet = set
   .parallelStream()
   .filter(x -> x % 2 == 0)
   .map(x -> x * 2)
   .toArray(Integer[]::new);
```

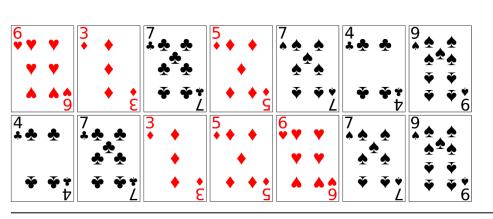
 Unordered collections don't need to respect encounter order

```
Set<Integer> set = new
    HashSet<> (Arrays.asList
       (2, 3, 1, 4, 2));
A HashSet is unordered & unique
  Integer[] doubledSet = set
      .parallelStream()
      .filter(x -> x % 2 == 0)
      .map(x -> x * 2)
      .toArray(Integer[]::new);
```

```
\begin{bmatrix} 6 & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\
```

 Unordered collections don't need to respect encounter order

This code may run faster since encounter order need not be maintained in the end results, which could be [8, 4] or [4, 8]



```
Integer[] doubledSet = set
   .parallelStream()
   .filter(x -> x % 2 == 0)
   .map(x -> x * 2)
   .toArray(Integer[]::new);
```

End of Java Parallel Streams Internals: Order of Results for Collections