

Implementing the Java SearchWith ParallelStreams Hook Methods

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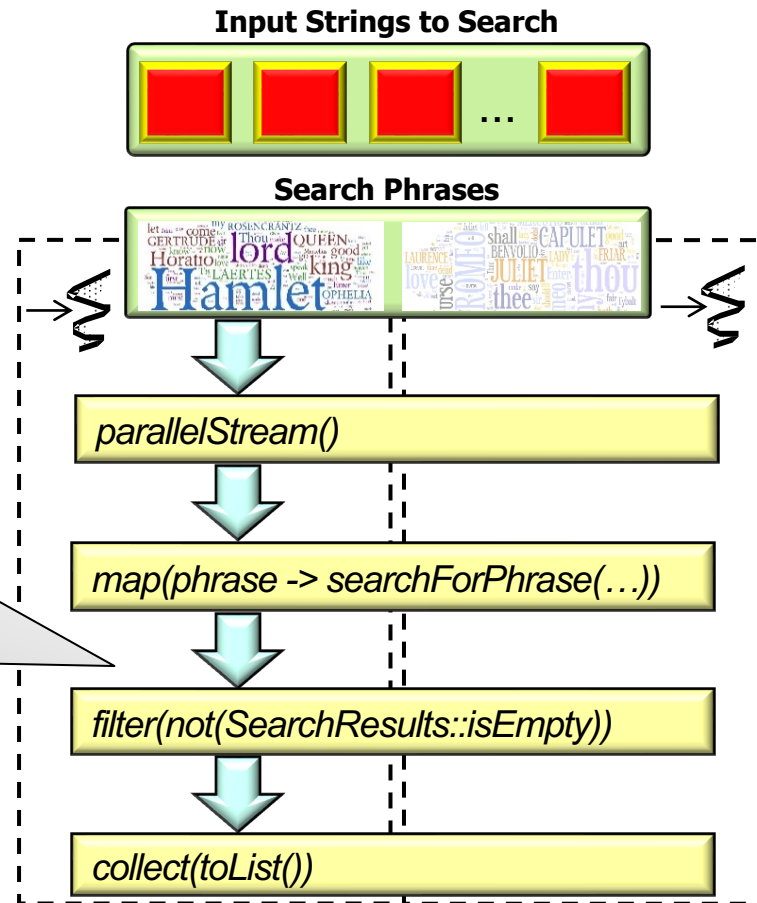
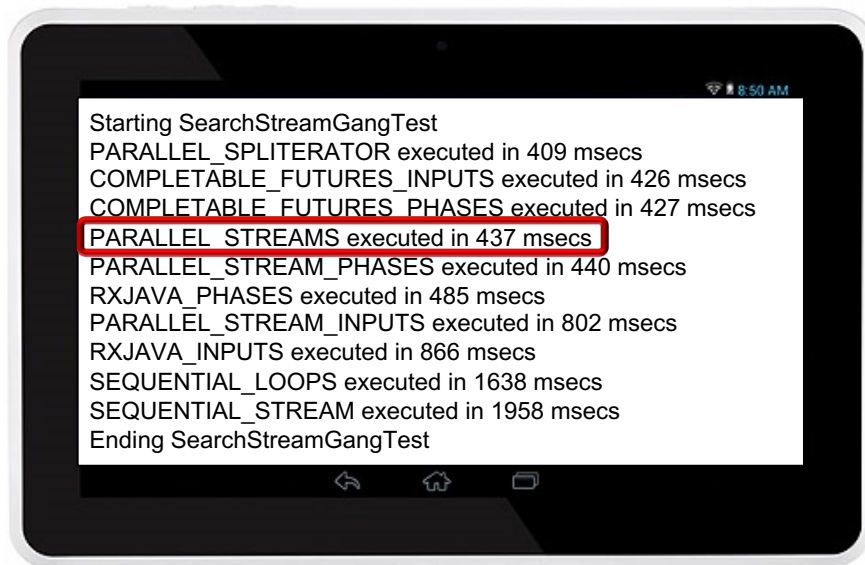
**Institute for Software
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Nashville, Tennessee, USA**



Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Know how the SearchWithParallelStreams case study is implemented with the Java parallel streams framework



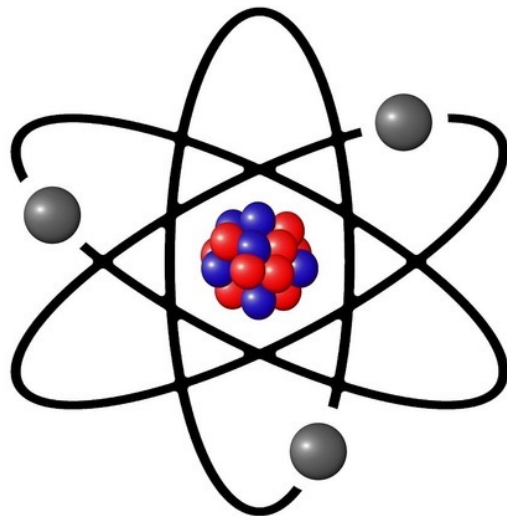
See github.com/douglascraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/SearchStreamGang

Implementing processStream() as a Parallel Stream

Implementing processStream() as a Parallel Stream

- Parallel processStream() has one minuscule change wrt the sequential version

```
protected List<List<SearchResults>> processStream() {  
    List<CharSequence> inputList =  
        getInput();  
  
    return inputList  
        .parallelStream()  
        .map(this::processInput)  
        .collect(toList());  
}
```



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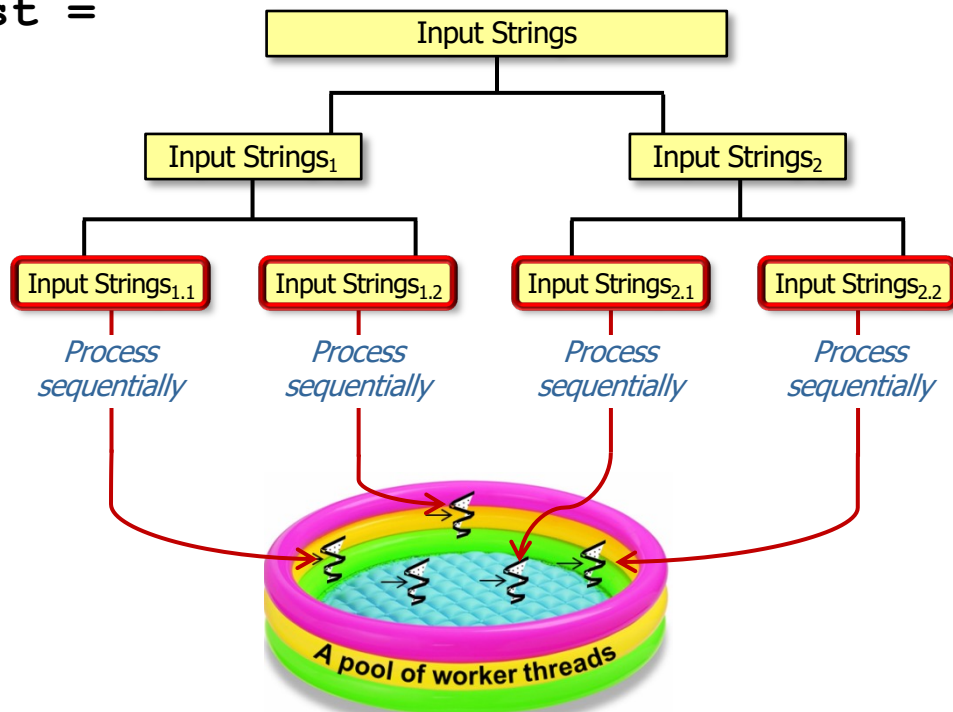
Uses the ArrayList spliterator to create a parallel stream that searches an arraylist of input strings in multiple worker threads

See docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/Spliterator.html

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```



Each input string is processed in parallel using the common fork-join pool

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protected List<List<SearchResults>> processStream() {
```

```
    List<CharSequence> inputList =
```

```
        getInput();
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```
    return inputList
```

```
        .parallelStream()
```

```
        .map(this::processInput)
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        .collect(toList());
```

```
}
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Searches a given input string to locate all occurrences of phrases



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        .collect(toList());  
}
```



Trigger intermediate operation processing & merge partial results into a single list of lists

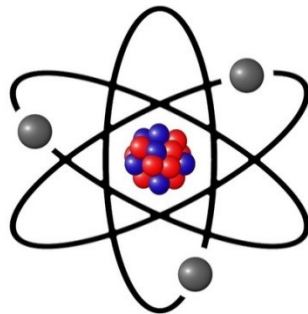
Collectors.toList() returns a non-concurrent collector that obeys encounter order

Implementing processInput() as a Parallel Stream

Implementing processInput() as a Parallel Stream

- Likewise, this processInput() implementation has just one minuscule change

```
List<SearchResults> processInput(CharSequence inputSeq) {  
    String title = getTitle(inputSeq);  
    CharSequence input = inputSeq.subSequence(...);  
  
    List<SearchResults> results = mPhrasesToFind  
        .parallelStream()  
        .map(phrase ->  
            searchForPhrase(phrase, input, title, false))  
        .filter(not(SearchResults::isEmpty))  
  
        .collect(toList());  
    return results;  
}
```



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            .collect(toList()));  
    return results;  
}
```



Uses ArrayList spliterator to create a parallel stream that searches an input string to locate all phrase occurrences

See docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/Spliterator.html

Implementing processInput() as a Parallel Stream

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    return results;  
}
```

The PhraseMatchSpliterator breaks the input into "chunks" that are processed sequentially

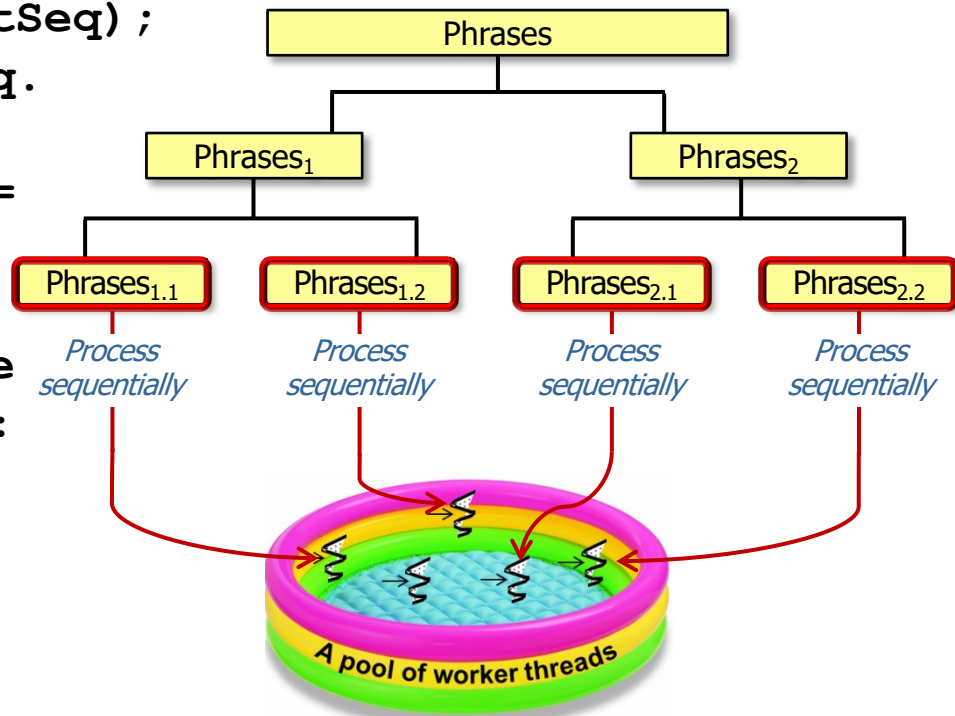
See [SearchStreamGang/src/main/java/livelessons/utils/PhraseMatchSpliterator.java](#)

Implementing processInput() as a Parallel Stream

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```
List<SearchResults> processInput(CharSequence inputSeq) {  
    String title = getTitle(inputSeq);  
    CharSequence input = inputSeq.
```

```
    List<SearchResults> results =  
        .parallelStream()  
        .map(phrase ->  
            searchForPhrase(phrase  
                .filter(not(SearchResults::  
                    .collect(toList());  
    return results;  
}
```



Each phrase (& each input string) is processed in parallel in the common fork-join pool

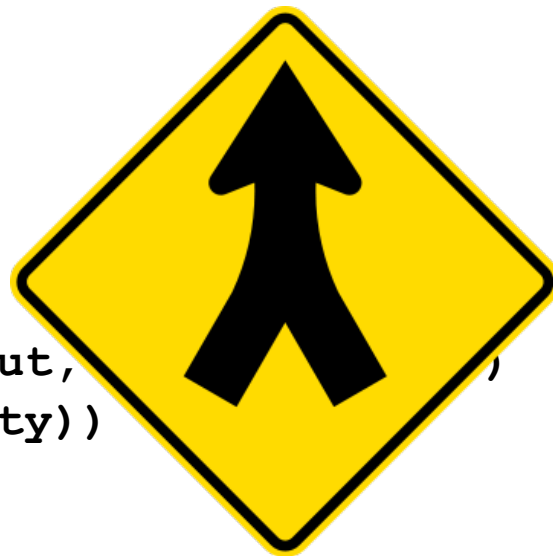
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```
        .collect(toList());  
    return results;  
}
```



*Trigger intermediate operation processing
& merge partial results into a single list*

Collectors.toList() returns a non-concurrent collector that obeys encounter order

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Return the list of search results

End of Implementing the Java SearchWithParallelStreams Hook Methods