Java Stream Internals: Execution

Douglas C. Schmidt

<u>d.schmidt@vanderbilt.edu</u>

www.dre.vanderbilt.edu/~schmidt



Professor of Computer Science

Institute for Software Integrated Systems

Vanderbilt University Nashville, Tennessee, USA

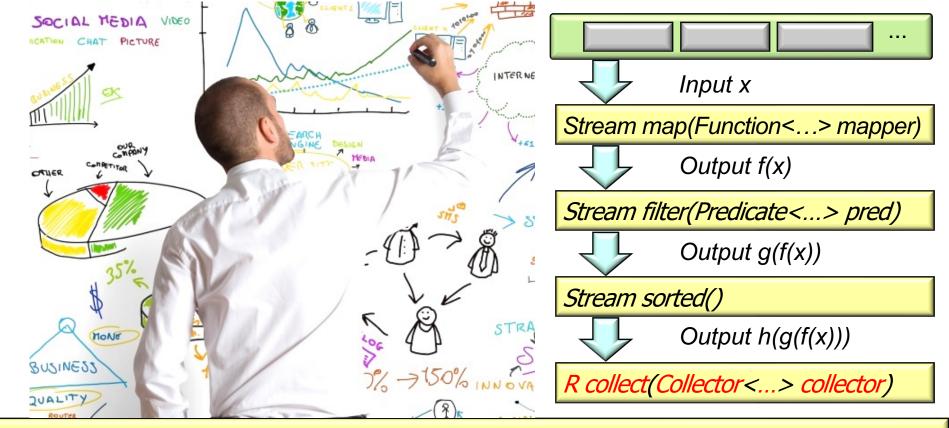


Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Understand stream internals, e.g.
 - Know what can change & what can't
 - Recognize how a Java stream is constructed
 - Be aware of how a Java stream is executed
 - e.g., how stateless & stateful intermediate operations & runto-completion & short-circuiting terminal operations are run

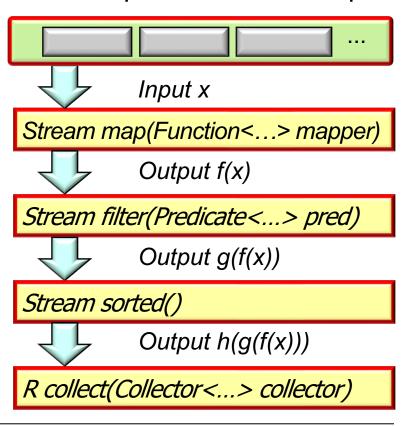


When terminal operation runs the streams framework picks an execution plan



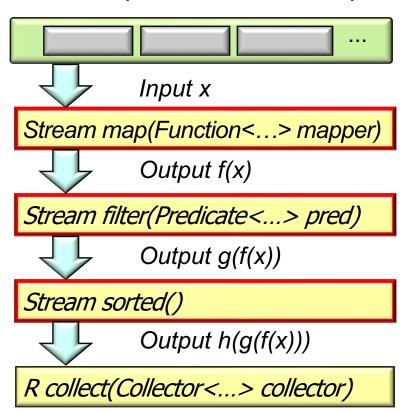
See developer.ibm.com/technologies/java/artides/j-java-streams-3-brian-goetz/#executing-a-stream-pipeline

- When terminal operation runs the streams framework picks an execution plan
 - The plan is based on properties of the source & aggregate operations

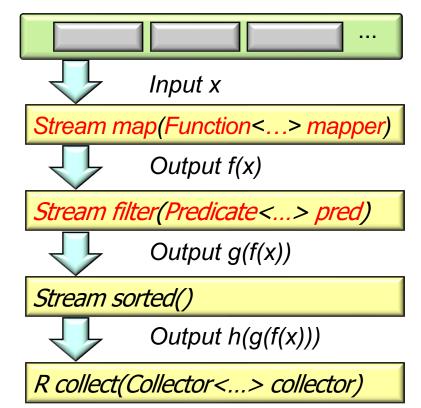


- When terminal operation runs the streams framework picks an execution plan
 - The plan is based on properties of the source & aggregate operations
 - Intermediate operations are divided into two categories



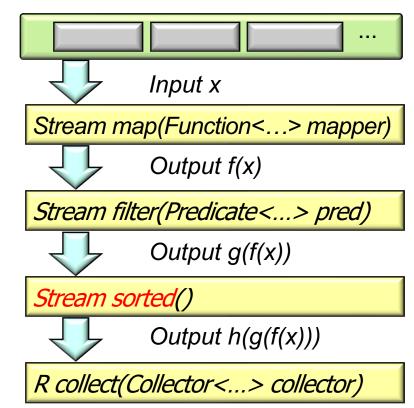


- When terminal operation runs the streams framework picks an execution plan
 - The plan is based on properties of the source & aggregate operations
 - Intermediate operations are divided into two categories:
 - Stateless
 - e.g., filter(), map(), flatMap(), etc.



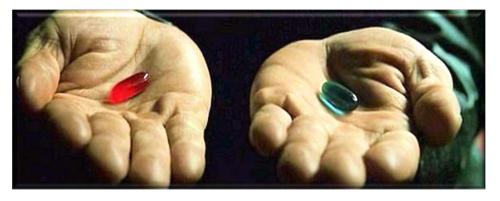
A pipeline with only stateless operations runs in one pass (even if it's parallel)

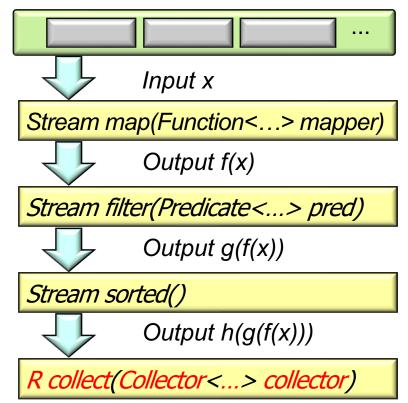
- When terminal operation runs the streams framework picks an execution plan
 - The plan is based on properties of the source & aggregate operations
 - Intermediate operations are divided into two categories:
 - Stateless
 - Stateful
 - e.g., sorted(), limit(), distinct(), dropWhile(), etc.



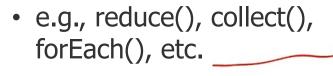
A pipeline with stateful operations is divided into sections & runs in multiple passes

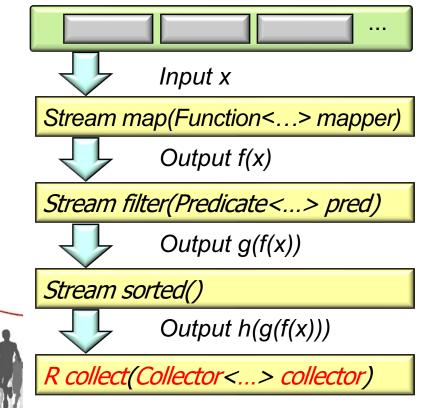
- · When terminal operation runs the streams framework picks an execution plan
 - The plan is based on properties of the source & aggregate operations
 - Intermediate operations are divided into two categories
 - Terminal operations are also divided into two categories





- When terminal operation runs the streams framework picks an execution plan
 - The plan is based on properties of the source & aggregate operations
 - Intermediate operations are divided into two categories
 - Terminal operations are also divided into two categories
 - Run-to-completion

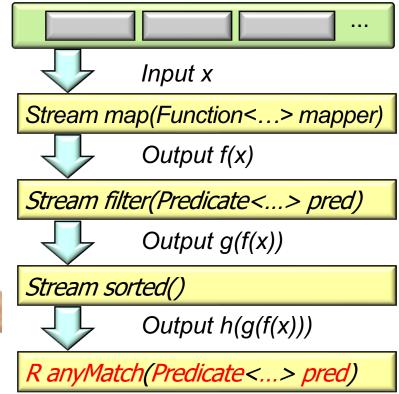




These terminal operation process data in bulk using Spliterator.forEachRemaining()

- · When terminal operation runs the streams framework picks an execution plan
 - The plan is based on properties of the source & aggregate operations
 - Intermediate operations are divided into two categories
 - Terminal operations are also divided into two categories
 - Run-to-completion
 - Short-circuiting
 - e.g., anyMatch(), findFirst(), etc.





These terminal operation process data one element at a time using tryAdvance().

End of Java Stream Internals: Execution