Java Parallel Streams Internals: Demo’ing Spliterator Performance

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Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Understand parallel stream internals, e.g.
- Know what can change & what can’t
- Partition a data source into “chunks”
- Know the impact of different Java collections on the performance of different spliterators

Starting spliterator tests for 1000 words..
..printing results
  17 msecs: ArrayList parallel
  19 msecs: LinkedList parallel

Starting spliterator tests for 10000 words..
..printing results
  88 msecs: LinkedList parallel
  90 msecs: ArrayList parallel

Starting spliterator tests for 100000 words..
..printing results
  599 msecs: ArrayList parallel
  701 msecs: LinkedList parallel

Starting spliterator tests for 883311 words..
..printing results
  5718 msecs: ArrayList parallel
  31226 msecs: LinkedList parallel

See github.com/douglascraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/Java8/ex14
Demonstrating Spliterator Performance
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- Spliterators for ArrayList & LinkedList partition data quite differently

See earlier lesson on “Java Parallel Streams Internals: Partitioning’
Demonstrating Spliterator Performance

- Spliterators for ArrayList & LinkedList partition data quite differently

```java
ArrayListSpliterator<E> trySplit() {
    int hi = getFence(), lo = index, mid = (lo + hi) >>> 1;
    // divide range in half unless too small
    return lo >= mid ? null : new ArrayListSpliterator<E>(
        list, lo, index = mid, ...);
}
```

ArrayList’s spliterator splits evenly & efficiently (e.g., doesn’t copy data)

See openjdk/8u40-b25/java/util/ArrayList.java
Demonstrating Spliterator Performance

- Spliterators for ArrayList & LinkedList partition data quite differently

```java
Spliterator<E> trySplit() { ... 
    int n = batch + BATCH_UNIT, j = 0; Object[] a = new Object[n];
    do { a[j++] = p.item; } 
    while ((p = p.next) != null && j < n); ... 
    return Spliterators.spliterator(a, 0, j, Spliterator.ORDERED);
}
```

LinkedLIst’s spliterator does not split evenly & efficiently (e.g., it copies data)

See openjdk/8u40-b25/java/util/LinkedList.java
Demonstrating Spliterator Performance

- This demo program shows the performance difference of parallel spliterator for ArrayList & LinkedList when processing the complete works of Shakespeare.

```java
void timeParallelStreamUppercase(String testName,
                                  List<CharSequence> words) {
  ...  
  List<String> list = new ArrayList<>();

  for (int i = 0; i < sMAX_ITERATIONS; i++)
    list
      .addAll(words
               .parallelStream()
               .map(charSeq ->
                    charSeq.toString().toUpperCase())
               .collect(toList())); ... 
```
This demo program shows the performance difference of parallel spliterators for `ArrayList` & `LinkedList` when processing the complete works of Shakespeare.

```java
void timeParallelStreamUppercase(String testName, List<CharSequence> words) {
    ...
    List<String> list = new ArrayList<>();
    for (int i = 0; i < sMAX_ITERATIONS; i++)
        list.addAll(words.parallelStream()
            .map(charSeq -> charSeq.toString().toUpperCase())
            .collect(toList())); ...
```

Demonstrating Spliterator Performance

The words param is passed an ArrayList & a LinkedList
Demonstrating Spliterator Performance

- This demo program shows the performance difference of parallel spliterators for ArrayList & LinkedList when processing the complete works of Shakespeare.

```java
void timeParallelStreamUppercase(String testName,
                                  List<CharSequence> words) {

    List<String> list = new ArrayList<>();

    for (int i = 0; i < sMAX_ITERATIONS; i++)
        list.addAll(words.parallelStream()
                    .map(charSeq -> charSeq.toString().toUpperCase())
                    .collect(toList())); ...  
```

**Split & uppercase the word list via a parallel spliterator**
Demonstrating Spliterator Performance

- Results show spliterator differences become more significant as input grows

Starting spliterator tests for 1000 words....printing results
  17 msecs: ArrayList parallel
  19 msecs: LinkedList parallel

Starting spliterator tests for 10000 words....printing results
  88 msecs: ArrayList parallel
  90 msecs: LinkedList parallel

Starting spliterator tests for 100000 words....printing results
  599 msecs: ArrayList parallel
  701 msecs: LinkedList parallel

Starting spliterator tests for 883311 words....printing results
  5718 msecs: ArrayList parallel
  31226 msecs: LinkedList parallel

See upcoming lessons on “When [Not] to Use Parallel Streams”
Demonstrating Spliterator Performance

```java
private static void runSpliteratorTests() {
  Arrays
  // Create tests for different sizes of input data.
  .asList(1000, 10000, 100000, 1000000)
  // For each input data size run the following tests.
  .forEach(limit -> {
    // Create a list of strings containing all the
    // words in the complete works of Shakespeare.
    List<CharSequence> arrayWords =
        TestDataFactory.getInput(sSHAKESPEARE_DATA_FILE,
                                 // Split input into "words" by
                                 // ignoring whitespace.
                                 splitter: "\s+",
                                 limit);
    // Create a LinkedList from the ArrayList.
    List<CharSequence> linkedWords =
        new LinkedList<>(arrayWords);
```

See [github.com/douglascraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/Java8/ex14](https://github.com/douglascraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/Java8/ex14)
End of Java Parallel Streams Internals: Demo’ing Spliterator Performance