Java Stream Internals: Construction

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Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Understand stream internals, e.g.
 - Know what can change & what can't
 - Recognize how a Java stream is constructed



• Recall that intermediate operations are "lazy"





See www.logicbig.com/tutorials/core-java-tutorial/java-util-stream/lazy-evaluation

- Recall that intermediate operations are "lazy"
 - i.e., they don't start to run until a terminal operator is reached





See www.logicbig.com/tutorials/core-java-tutorial/java-util-stream/lazy-evaluation

• A stream pipeline is constructed at runtime via an internal representation



See developer.ibm.com/technologies/java/articles/j-java-streams-3-brian-goetz/#building-a-stream-pipeline

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 - Each pipeline stage is described by a bitmap of *stream flags* internally

	can nays internally	Input x
Stream Flag	Interpretation	
SIZED	Size of stream is known	Stream map(Function<> mapper)
DISTINCT	Elements of stream are distinct	Stream filter(Predicate<> pred)
SORTED	Elements of the stream are sorted in natural order	Output g(f(x)) Stream sorted()
ORDERED	Stream has meaningful encounter order	Output h(g(f(x)))
	•	R collect(Collector<> collector)

. . .

These flags are a subset of the flags that can be defined by a spliterator

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 - Source stage stream flags are derived from spliterator characteristics, e.g.

Collection	Sized	Ordered	Sorted	Distinct
ArrayList	\checkmark	\checkmark		
HashSet	\checkmark			\checkmark
TreeSet	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark



Stream generate() & iterate() methods create streams that are not sized!

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 - map()
 - Clears SORTED & DISTINCT but keeps SIZED



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 - filter()
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 - map()
 - filter()
 - sorted()
 - Keeps SIZED & DISTINCT & adds SORTED



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Set<String> ts =
 new TreeSet<>(...);



List<String> sortedAWords = ts .stream() .filter(s -> s.startsWith("A")) .sorted() .collect(toList()); The streams framework removes redundant operations since the source is already sorted

End of Java Stream Internals: Construction