

Overview of Java Streams

Terminal Operations

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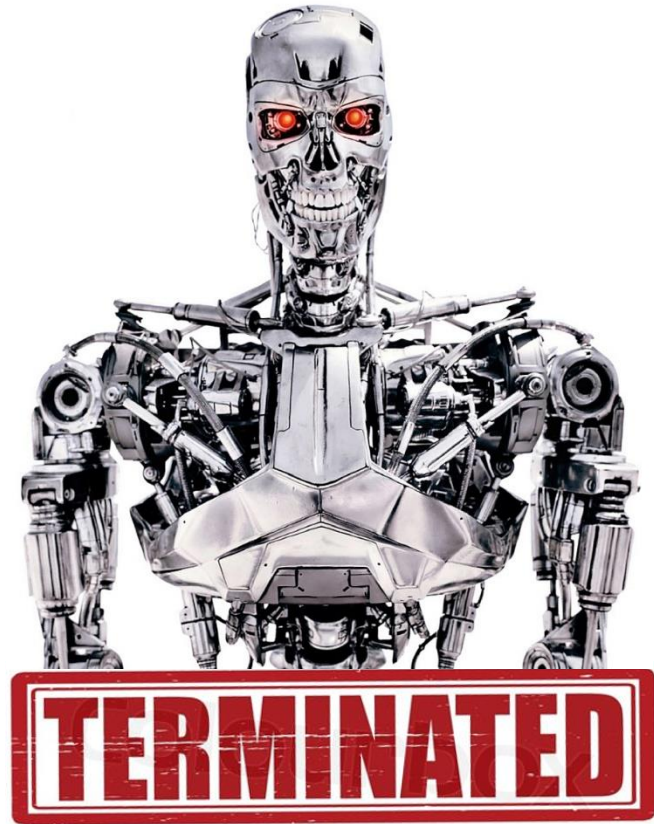
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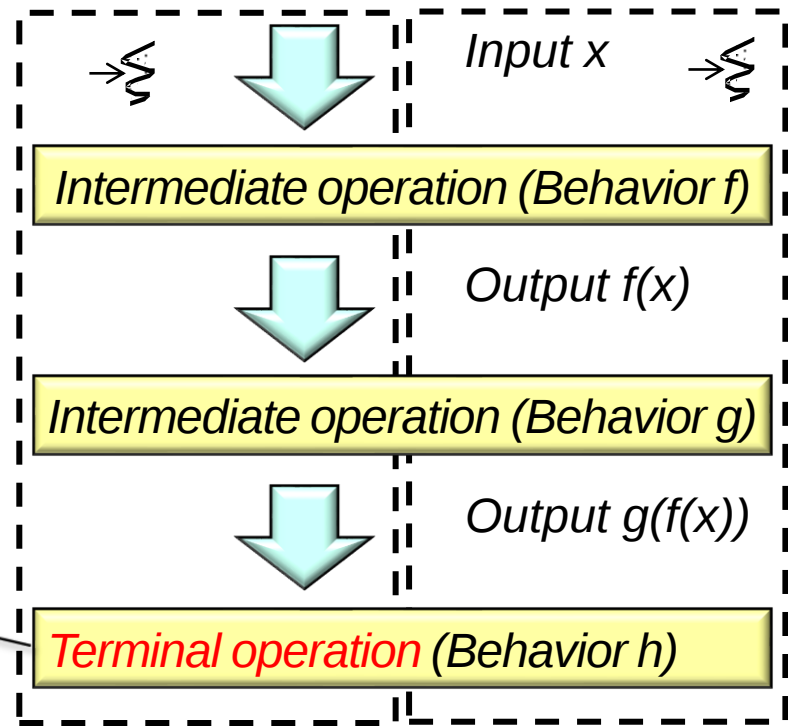
Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Understand the structure & functionality of stream terminal operations



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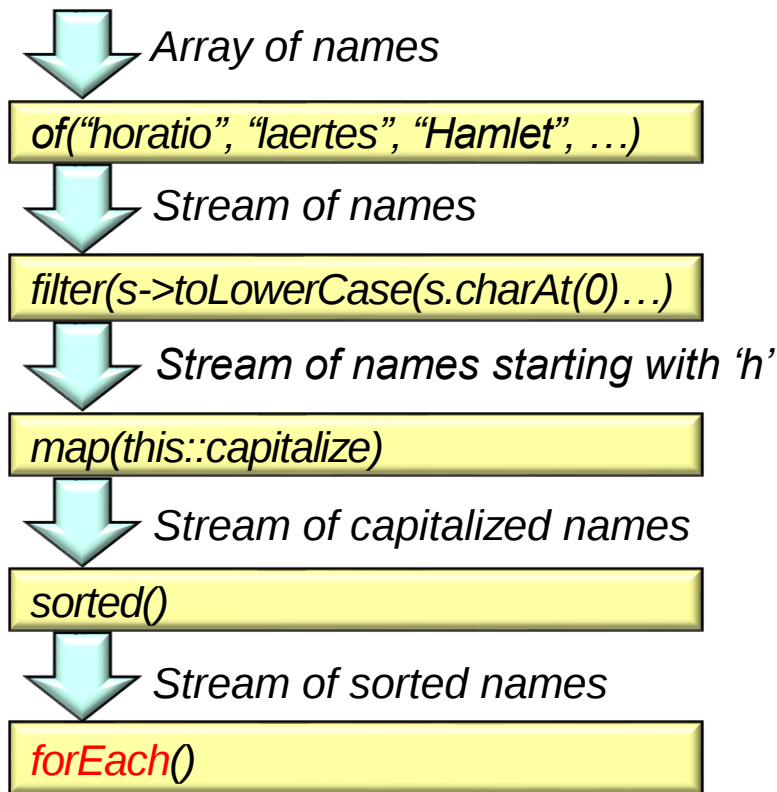


These operations also apply to both sequential & parallel streams

Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

- Understand the structure & functionality of stream terminal operations

We continue to showcase the "Hamlet" program



Overview of Terminal Operations

Overview of Common Stream Terminal Operations

- Every stream finishes with a terminal operation that yields a non-stream result

Stream

```
.of("horatio",  
    "laertes",  
    "Hamlet", ...)  
.filter(s -> toLowerCase  
    (s.charAt(0)) == 'h')  
.map(this::capitalize)  
.sorted()  
.forEach(System.out::println);
```



Input x

Intermediate operation (behavior f)



Output $f(x)$

Intermediate operation (behavior g)



Output $g(f(x))$

Terminal operation (behavior h)

Overview of Common Stream Terminal Operations

- Every stream finishes with a terminal operation that yields a non-stream result, e.g.
 - No value at all
 - e.g., `forEach()` & `forEachOrdered()`

*`forEach()` & `forEachOrdered()`
only have side-effects!*



Overview of Common Stream Terminal Operations

- Every stream finishes with a terminal operation that yields a non-stream result, e.g.

- No value at all

- e.g., `forEach()` & `forEachOrdered()`

Stream

```
.of("horatio",  
    "laertes",  
    "Hamlet", ...)  
.filter(s -> toLowerCase  
           (s.charAt(0)) == 'h')  
.map(this::capitalize)  
.sorted()  
.forEach  
  (System.out::println);
```

Print each character in Hamlet that starts with 'H' or 'h' in consistently capitalized & sorted order.

Overview of Common Stream Terminal Operations

- Every stream finishes with a terminal operation that yields a non-stream result, e.g.
 - No value at all
 - The result of a reduction operation
 - e.g., `collect()` & `reduce()`

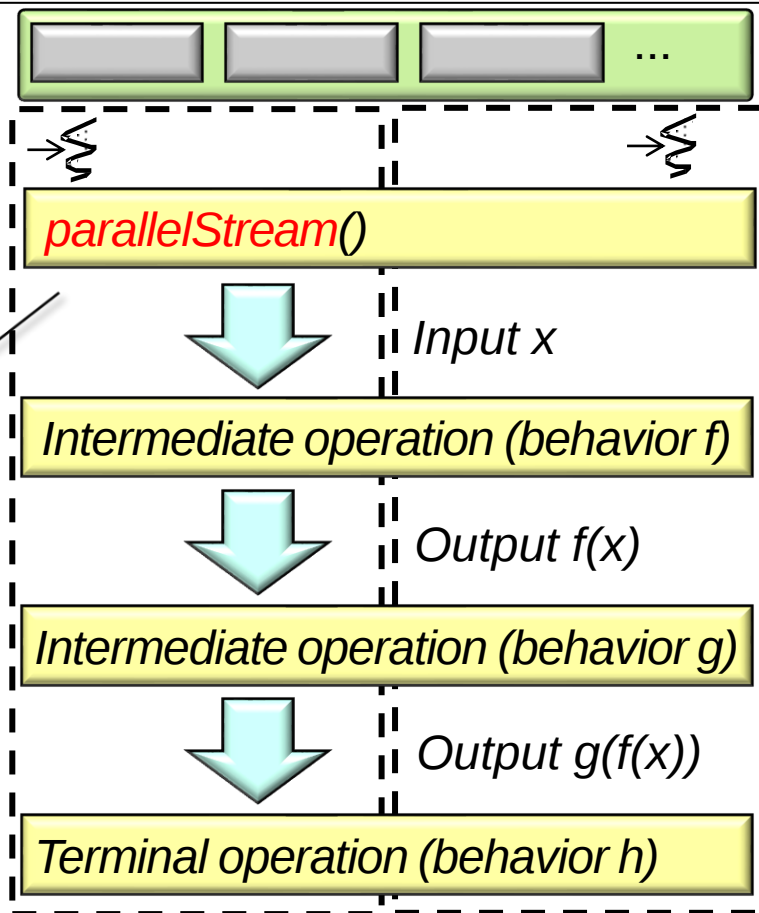


See docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/collections/streams/reduction.html

Overview of Common Stream Terminal Operations

- Every stream finishes with a terminal operation that yields a non-stream result, e.g.
 - No value at all
 - The result of a reduction operation
 - e.g., `collect()` & `reduce()`

`collect()` & `reduce()` terminal operations work seamlessly with parallel streams.



See docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/collections/streams/parallelism.html

Overview of Common Stream Terminal Operations

- Every stream finishes with a terminal operation that yields a non-stream result, e.g.

- No value at all
- The result of a reduction operation
- An Optional or boolean value
 - e.g., `findAny()`, `findFirst()`, `noneMatch()`, etc.

These terminal operations are "short-circuiting"

```
List<String> countries = Arrays  
    .asList("france", "india",  
            "china", "usa");
```

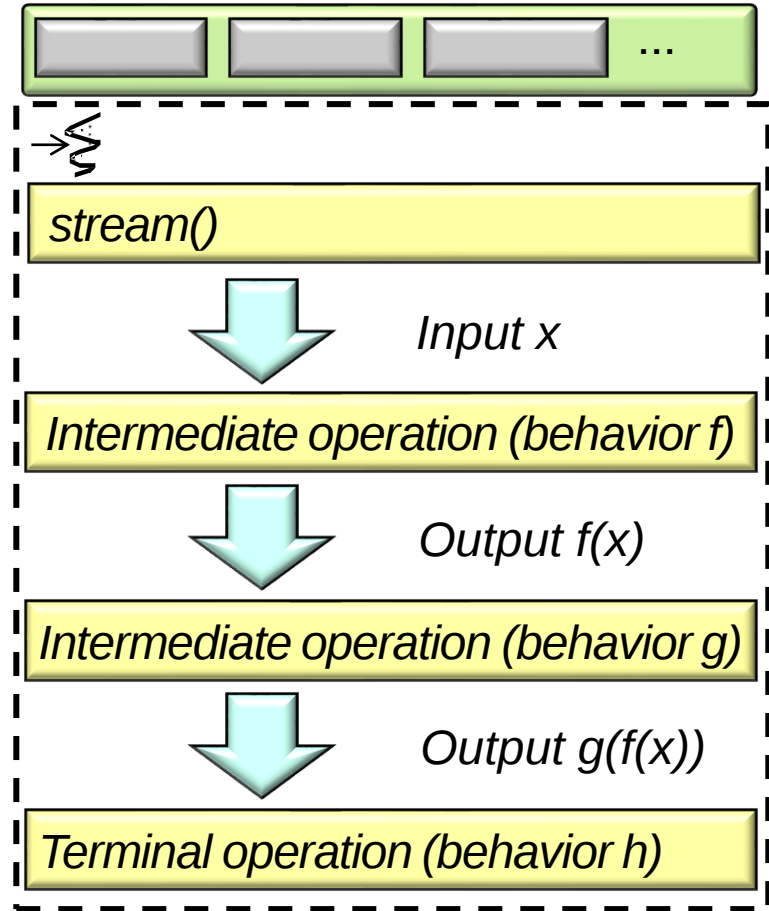
```
print(countries.stream()  
    .filter(country -> country  
        .contains("i"))  
    .findFirst().get());
```

```
print(countries.stream()  
    .filter(country -> country  
        .contains("i"))  
    .findAny().get());
```

```
print(countries.stream()  
    .noneMatch(country -> country  
        .contains("z")));
```

Overview of the collect() Terminal Operation

- A terminal operation also triggers all the ("lazy") intermediate operation processing



End of Overview of Java Streams Terminal Operations