The History of Concurrency & Parallelism Support in Java

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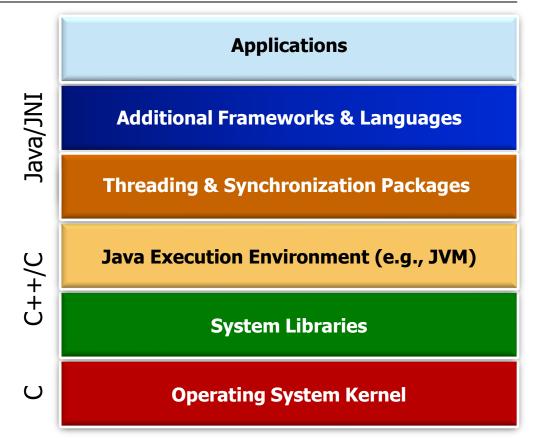
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Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

Learn the history of Java concurrency & parallelism

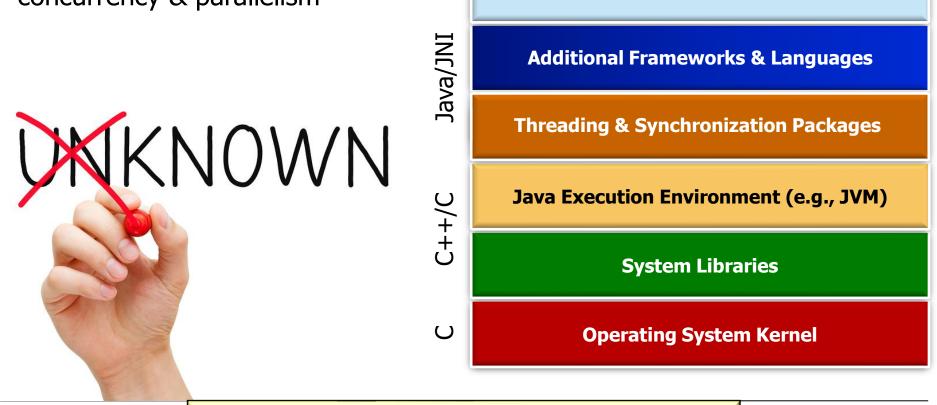




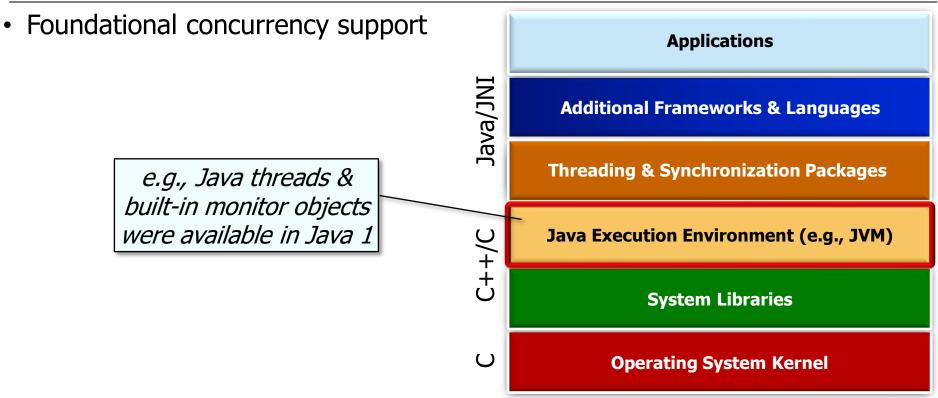
Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

Applications

Learn the history of Java concurrency & parallelism

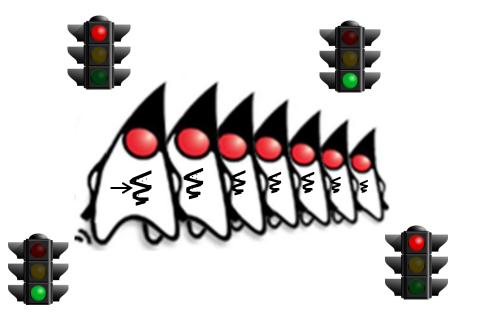


Hopefully, you'll already know some of this!!!



See en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Java_version_history#JDK_1.0

- Foundational concurrency support
 - Focus on basic multi-threading & synchronization primitives



See docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/concurrency

- Foundational concurrency support
 - Focus on basic multi-threading & synchronization primitives

SimpleBlockingBoundedQueue<Integer>
 simpleQueue = new
 SimpleBlockingBoundedQueue<>();

Allow multiple threads to communicate & interact via a bounded buffer

```
};
```

for (Thread thread : threads)
 thread.start();

```
for (Thread thread : threads)
   thread.join();
```

See github.com/douglascraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/SimpleBlockingQueue

- Foundational concurrency support
 - Focus on basic multi-threading & synchronization primitives

```
t SimpleBlockingBoundedQueue<Integer>
    simpleQueue = new
    SimpleBlockingBoundedQueue<>();
```

```
Thread[] threads = new Thread[] {
   new Thread(new Producer<>
                      (simpleQueue)),
   new Thread(new Consumer<>
                      (simpleQueue))
};
```

Start & join these for (Thread thread : threads) multiple threads threads thread : threads

```
for (Thread thread : threads)
   thread.join();
```

See github.com/douglascraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/SimpleBlockingQueue

- Foundational concurrency support class SimpleBlockingBoundedQueue
 - Focus on basic multi-threading & synchronization primitives

```
<E> {
public E take() ...{
    synchronized(this) {
     while (mList.isEmpty())
     wait();
```

Built-in monitor object mutual exclusion & coordination primitives

```
notifyAll();
```

```
return mList.poll();
```

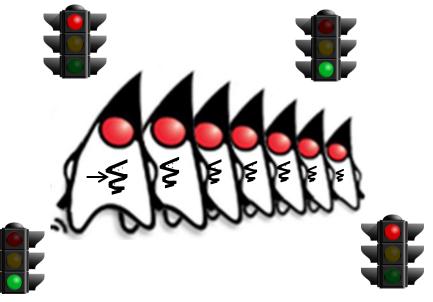
See github.com/douglascraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/SimpleBlockingQueue

}

- Foundational concurrency support
 - Focus on basic multi-threading & synchronization primitives
 - Efficient, but low-level & very limited in capabilities



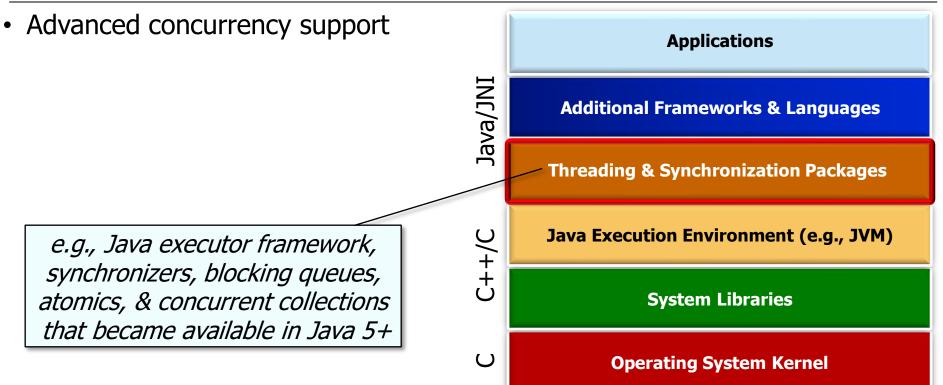
- Foundational concurrency support
 - Focus on basic multi-threading & synchronization primitives
 - Efficient, but low-level & very limited in capabilities
 - Many accidental complexities



CAUTION FLOOR SLIPPERY WHEN WET

Accidental complexities arise from limitations with software techniques, tools, & methods

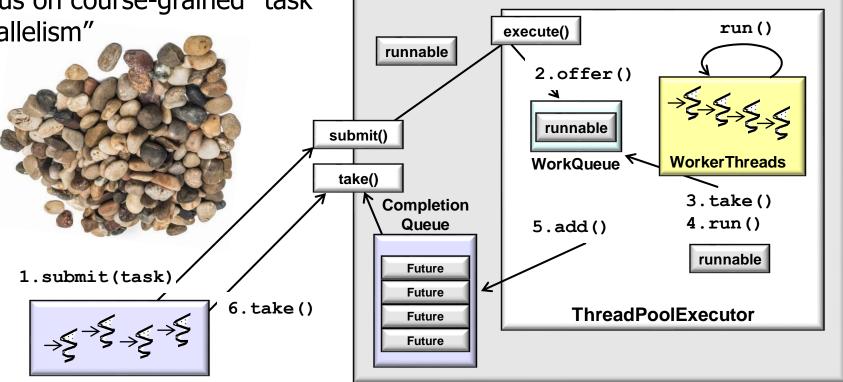
See en.wikipedia.org/wiki/No_Silver_Bullet



See en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Java_version_history#J2SE_5.0

- Advanced concurrency support
 - Focus on course-grained "task parallelism"

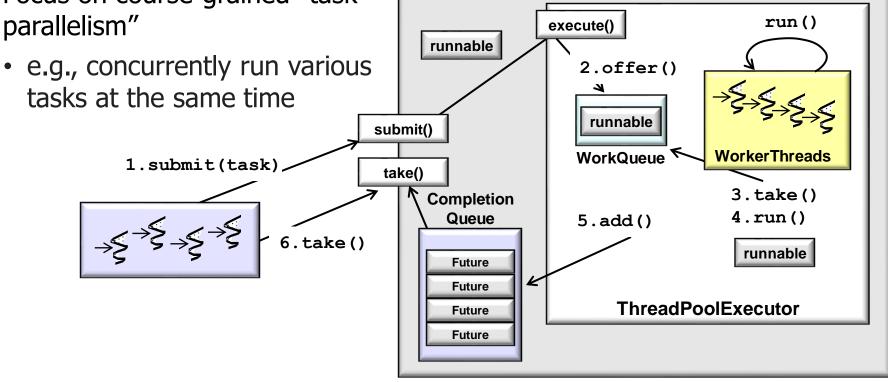
ExecutorCompletionService



See en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Task parallelism

- Advanced concurrency support
 - Focus on course-grained "task parallelism"

ExecutorCompletionService



- Advanced concurrency support
 - Focus on course-grained "task parallelism"
 - e.g., concurrently run various tasks at the same time

ExecutorService executor =
 Executors.newFixedThreadPool
 (numOfBeings,
 mThreadFactory);

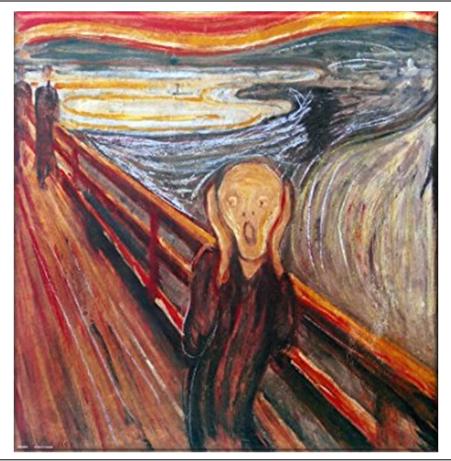
CyclicBarrier entryBarrier =
 new CyclicBarrier(numOfBeings+1);

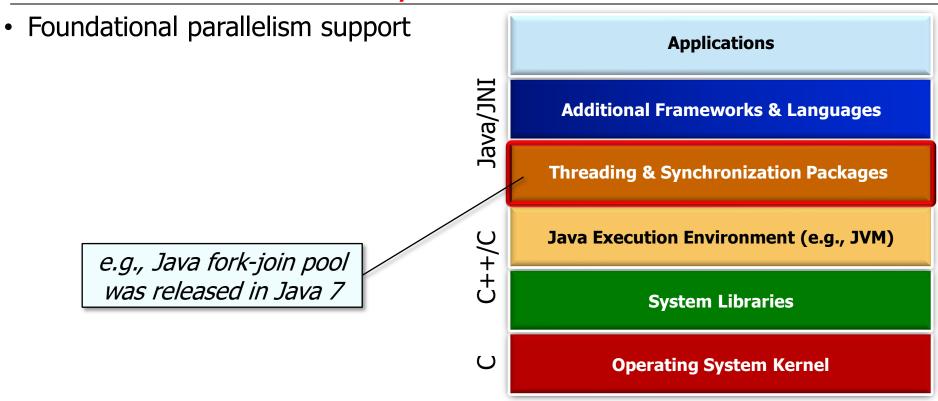
Create a fixed-sized thread pool & also coordinate the starting & stopping of multiple tasks that acquire/release shared resources CountDownLatch exitBarrier =
 new CountDownLatch(numOfBeings);

for (int i=0; i < beingCount; ++i)
executor.execute
(makeBeingRunnable(i,
entryBarrier,
exitBarrier));</pre>

See github.com/douglascraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/PalantiriManagerApplication

- Advanced concurrency support
 - Focus on course-grained "task parallelism"
 - Feature-rich & optimized, but also tedious & error-prone to program



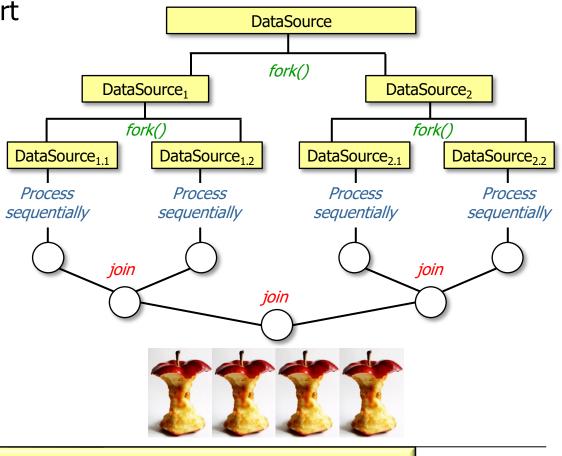


See <u>en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Java_version_history#Java_SE_7</u>

 Foundational parallelism support DataSource • Focus on finer-grained data fork() parallelism DataSource₁ DataSource₂ fork() fork() DataSource_{1.1} DataSource_{1,2} DataSource₂₁ DataSource_{2,2} Process Process Process Process sequentially sequentially sequentially sequentially join join join

See en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Data_parallelism

- Foundational parallelism support
 - Focus on finer-grained data parallelism
 - e.g., runs the same task on different elements of data by using the "splitapply-combine" model



See www.jstatsoft.org/article/view/v040i01/v40i01.pdf

- Foundational parallelism support
 - Focus on finer-grained data parallelism
 - e.g., runs the same task on different elements of data by using the "splitapply-combine" model

Use a common fork-join pool to search input strings to locate phrases that match List<List<SearchResults>>
listOfListOfSearchResults =
ForkJoinPool
.commonPool()
.invoke(new
SearchWithForkJoinTask
(inputList,
mPhrasesToFind, ...));

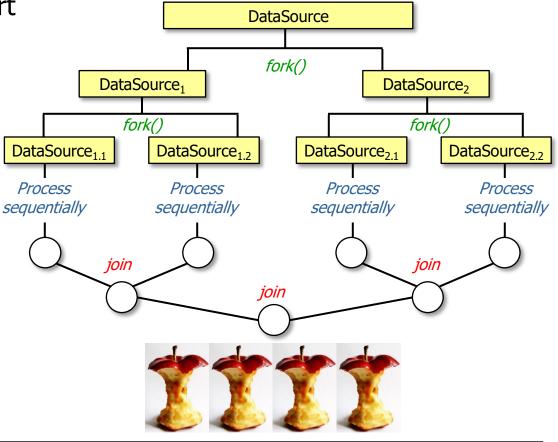
Input Strings to Search

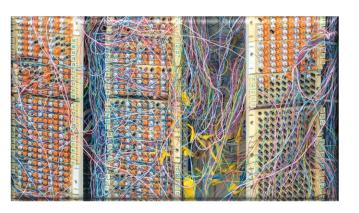


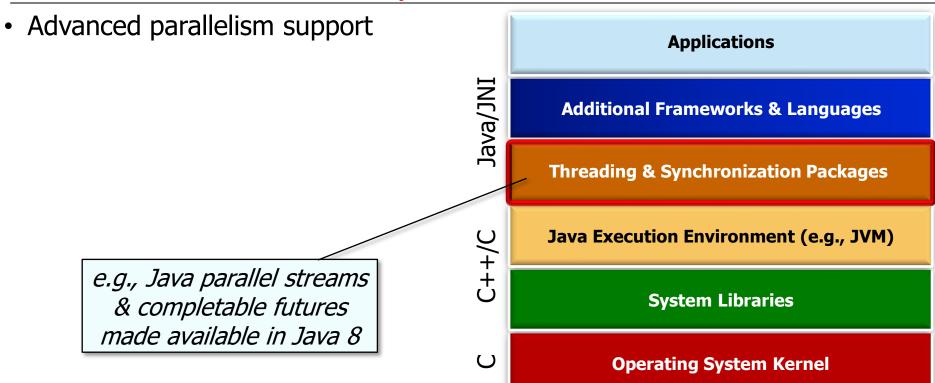


See github.com/douglascraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/SearchForkJoin

- Foundational parallelism support
 - Focus on data parallelism
 - Powerful & scalable, but tedious to program directly



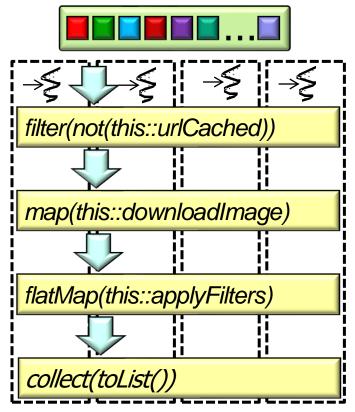




See <u>en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Java_version_history#Java_SE_8</u>

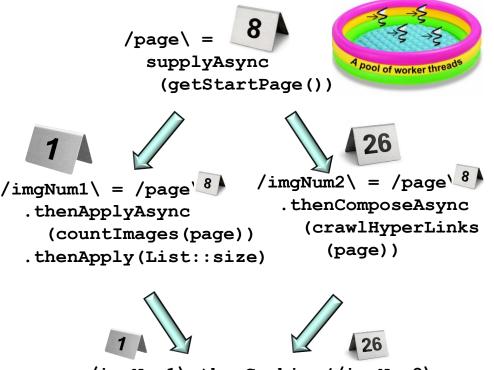
- Advanced parallelism support
 - Focus on fine-grained functional programming for data parallelism

Parallel Streams



See en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Data_parallelism

- Advanced parallelism support
 - Focus on fine-grained functional programming for data parallelism & reactive asynchrony



/imgNum1\.thenCombine(/imgNum2\,
 (imgNum1, imgNum2) ->
 Integer::sum)

See gist.github.com/staltz/868e7e9bc2a7b8c1f754

- Advanced parallelism support
 - Focus on fine-grained functional programming for data parallelism & reactive asynchrony

urls

.parallelStream()

List<Image> images =

- .filter(not(this::urlCached))
- .map(this::downloadImage)
 - .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
 - .collect(toList());

Synchronously download images that aren't already cached from a list of URLs & process/store the images in parallel

See github.com/douglascraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/ImageStreamGang

See github.com/douglascraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/ImageStreamGang

- Advanced parallelism support
 - Focus on fine-grained functional programming for data parallelism & reactive asynchrony

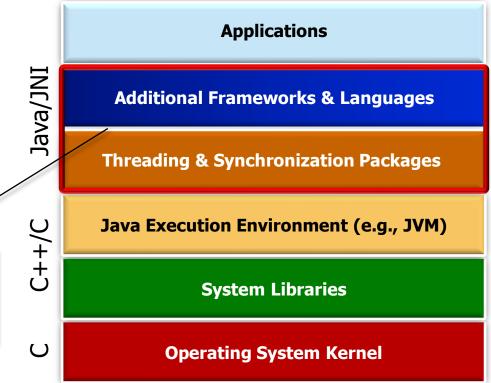
Combines streams & completable futures to asynchronously download images that aren't already cached from a list of URLs & process/store the images in parallel

```
resultsFuture = urls
  .stream()
  .map(this::checkUrlCachedAsync)
  .map(this::downloadImageAsync)
  .flatMap(this::applyFiltersAsync)
  .collect(toFuture())
  .thenApply(stream ->
             log(stream.flatMap
                (Optional::stream),
             urls.size()))
  .join();
```

CompletableFuture<Stream<Image>>

- Advanced parallelism support
 - Focus on fine-grained functional programming for data parallelism & reactive asynchrony
 - Focus on pub/sub reactive streams frameworks

e.g., Java reactive streams made available in Java 9 have enabled the RxJava & Project Reactor frameworks



See en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Java_version_history#Java_SE_9

- Advanced parallelism support
 - Focus on fine-grained functional programming for data parallelism & reactive asynchrony
 - Focus on pub/sub reactive streams frameworks

List<Image> filteredImages = ReactorUtils

- .fromIterableParallel(urls)
- .filter(url -> !urlCached(url))
- .map(this::blockingDownload)
- .flatMap(this::applyFilters)
- .sequential()
- .collectList()
- .block();

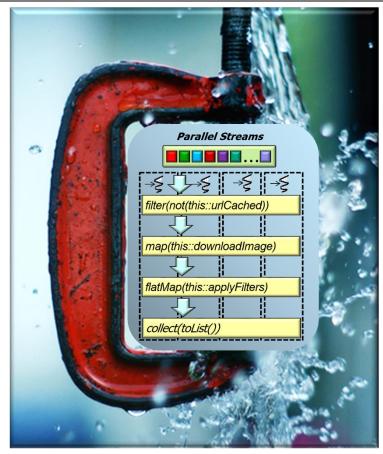
Applies RxJava & Project Reactor reactive streams to asynchronously download images that aren't already cached from a list of URLs & process/store the images in parallel Project Reactor

See github.com/douglascraigschmidt/LiveLessons/tree/master/ImageStreamGang

- Advanced parallelism support
 - Focus on fine-grained functional programming for data parallelism & reactive asynchrony
 - Focus on pub/sub reactive streams frameworks
 - Strikes an effective balance between productivity & performance



- Advanced parallelism support
 - Focus on fine-grained functional programming for data parallelism & reactive asynchrony
 - Focus on pub/sub reactive streams frameworks
 - Strikes an effective balance between productivity & performance
 - However, may be overly prescriptive



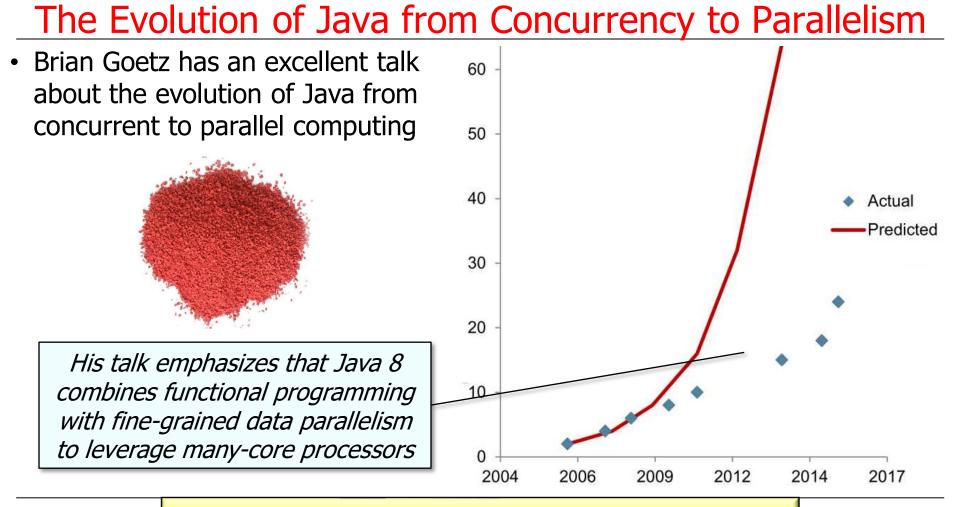
The Evolution of Java from Concurrency to Parallelism

The Evolution of Java from Concurrency to Parallelism

 Brian Goetz has an excellent talk about the evolution of Java from concurrent to parallel computing



See www.youtube.com/watch?v=NsDE7E8sIdQ



See www.infoq.com/presentations/parallel-java-se-8

The Evolution of Java from Concurrency to Parallelism

 Rob Pike also has a good talk that explains the differences between concurrency & parallelism

His talk emphasizes that concurrency is about dealing with lots of things at once, whereas parallelism is about doing lots of things at once

Rob Pike

Concurrency is not Parallelism

See www.youtube.com/watch?v=cN_DpYBzKso

End of the History of Concurrency & Parallelism Support in Java